Assessment and Reporting

Reporting and Transfer



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Reporting and Transfer

Find everything you need for reporting to parents and the transfer of pupil information to other schools.



Reporting and transfer

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Report card options

• Report Card Creator



Report Card Templates



Reporting Resources

Schools and Parents

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FAQs

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For parents

• Education Passport

DES Circular letters

0027/2015

 Primary: Information in relation to Actions under the Literacy and Numeracy Strategy, Standardised Testing, Reporting, Library Support and Other Matters

0045/2014

 Primary: Information in relation to Actions under the Literacy and Numeracy Strategy, Standardised Testing, Reporting and Other Matters

0018/2012

 Primary: Supporting Assessment: Standardised Testing in Primary Schools

0066/2011

 Post-primary: Initial Steps in the Implementation of the National Literacy and Numeracy Strategy

0056/2011

 Primary: Initial Steps in the Implementation of the National Literacy and Numeracy Strategy

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 Post-primary: Implementation of the National Literacy and Numeracy Strategy

Reporting FAQs for primary schools

NCCA resources

- Q: What resources has the NCCA developed for schools to report children's progress to parents?
- A: You can use the Report Card Creator or Report Card Templates to meet the requirement to '...use one of the (NCCA)report card templates for reporting to parents on students' progress and achievement at school' (DES Circular 0056/2011, p. 8).
- Q: Where can schools find these NCCA resources?
- A: The resources are available online within this document and along with additional information and support materials for parents and schools. Click here to go directly to the 6th Class Report Card (standard) for reporting to parents and transferring pupil information to a post-primary school.

Q: Why use the Report Card Creator?

- A: The online Report Card Creator helps primary schools to create a report card for sharing information about the child's learning with parents. Many schools use the Creator to develop customised report cards. These schools tell us that they use the Creator because it helps them to
 - develop report cards from a wide range of reporting formats and options.

Some schools

- developed two or more report cards to meet the needs of different classes.
- think about and decide on their unique reporting needs and preferences.
 This included using rating scales or narrative boxes or both; editing the language in the report card to make it easier for parents to understand; adding other areas in the report card e.g. Learning support/resource teaching.
- change from printing blank report cards to be filled in by hand to completing them on computer.

NCCA continues to develop the Report Card Creator in response to feedback from schools to ensure that it meets their reporting needs and preferences.



- Q: What are the advantages of using the Report Card Creator compared to the Report Card Templates?
- A: The Report Card Creator provides schools with an extensive range of options when customising report cards that reflect local preferences and needs. In comparison the Templates are largely fixed and offer little in the way of supporting schools to customise a report card. For example, the inclusion of teacher comment boxes for English, Gaeilge and Mathematics is optional in report cards developed by schools using the Creator. In comparison, the Templates include teacher comment boxes for these subjects.

The Templates are not being updated in line with the on-going development of the Creator as it is our intention to phase them out over time. That said, it should be noted that the Templates continue to satisfy the reporting requirements identified in DES Circular 0056/2011.

- Q: Where can schools get support when using the Report Card Creator?
- A: Support is provided by user guides and video tutorials on the help page of the Report Card Creator.
- Q: Has the NCCA developed any other resources on reporting for schools and parents?
- A: Yes. You will find information sheets, sample report cards and videos of schools sharing their reporting stories within this document.

Reporting to parents

Q: What does the term NCCA report card template mean?

- A: The DES has advised that the term *NCCA report card template* used in Circular 0056/2011 and Circular 0045/2014 refers to
 - templates customised by schools using the NCCA Report Card Creator
 - the nine stand-alone NCCA templates from which schools may choose
 - templates included in commercial report card booklets provided that they allow for the...
 - (i) inclusion of standardised test results for children in 2nd, 4th and 6th classes
 - (ii) reporting on children's progress in the following four areas:
 - the child as a learner
 - the child's personal and social development
 - the child's progress with learning in curriculum areas or subjects
 - next steps in the child's learning, including ways for parents to help.











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Q: Does this mean that schools may use commercial report card booklets?

A: Yes. However, before making a decision to do so, schools should reflect on the following:

- The templates generated using the NCCA Report Card Creator are regularly updated in keeping with on-going curriculum and assessment developments. The fixed nature of the commercial report card booklets does not permit the carbon-copy report card templates to be modified to reflect these on-going developments.
- The DES has advised that there is no need for schools to use any commercially
 produced materials as several options are available free-of-charge on the NCCA
 website. The DES strongly advises schools to examine the options available on the
 NCCA website. Using the NCCA options avoids additional expense for parents such
 as might be involved in the purchase of commercially-produced materials.
- Q: We already have a report card booklet that includes a report card template for 6th Class. Can we continue to use these?
- A: No. From 2014/2015, the DES Circular 0045/2014 requires all schools to use the Education Passport materials including this standard NCCA 6th Class Report Card. The 6th Class Report Card templates available in commercial booklets should not be used.

Q: How can schools share children's completed report cards with their parents?

A: Schools may post or email children's report cards to their parents. If a school opts to send report cards by email, it should ensure that:

- parents have agreed in writing to receiving report cards by email. It may be useful to seek this consent at the start of the year when requesting parental consent for other school practices e.g. use of child's photograph in school publications.
- the email addresses for all parents are correct
- the completed report cards are sent asflattened PDFs. A flattened PDF
 cannotnormally be modified or edited. Please refer to User guide 2, Section 4, p.
 8-12 for information about saving report cards.

Schools should record their agreed practice for sharing children's completed report cards with parents as part of their Assessment Policy. Schools are required to ensure that the ways they gather, store and share information comply with all data protection legislation.







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- Q: What do schools need to know about data protection when storing completed pupil report cards on computer?
- A: A school's Assessment Policy should provide information on where and for how long the completed report cards are stored, and who will have access to them. Computers should be password protected and allow for the back-up of data. The legislative requirements of schools in relation to assessment policy are outlined in Appendix C of the guidelines for schools on Assessment in the Primary School Curriculum and are also available in an online browsable version at this link.
- Q: How can schools disseminate the information on standardised tests toparents?
- A: The DES advises that schools can post or email the explanatory note to parents to meet the requirement to '...provide parents with copies of the NCCA explanatory leaflets when issuing written reports' (Circular 0056/2011, p. 8).
- Q: What scores should be used to report the child's standardised test results?
- A: Schools can use either the STen or standard score when reporting the child's standardised test results (Circular 0056/2011). Percentile scores should not be used as they may be confused with percentages. For example, a percentile score of 66 may be misunderstood to mean a score of 66%. The guidelines for schools on Assessment in the Primary School Curriculum advises that STen scores, which band a range of percentile scores together, may be more easily communicated and interpreted (NCCA, 2007. p62). Schools might also prefer to use STen scores to bring consistency to the reporting of standardised test results as this is the form submitted to the DES and recommended for transfer to post-primary schools.
- Q: Should class-based scores or age-based scores in standardised tests be reported to the parents?
- A: The DES has advised that class-based scores in standardised tests should be shared with parents in the child's report card. As schools are required to submit class-based scores to the DES, it is important that schools report the same information to parents. However, in some circumstances, particularly if the child is older/younger than the average class age, there may be a significant difference between the class-based score and the age-based score. In such situations, schools might find it helpful to also share the age-based score verbally with the parent.





Education Passport: FAQs for primary schools

Process and schedule

Everything you need to know about the transfer of pupil information from primary to post-primary school.

- Q: What is the purpose of sharing information about children in 6th class with post-primary schools?
- A: Sharing information about children's learning supports their transition from primary post-primary school. This information transfer
 - provides a rounded picture of children's progress and achievement at primary school
 - ensures continuity and progression in learning
 - alerts post-primary schools if additional support is needed to support learning.
- Q: What should primary schools use when sharing information about children's learning with the post-primary schools?
- A: From 2014/2015, schools should use the *Education Passport* materials developed by the National Council for Curriculum and Assessment (NCCA).
- Q: Tell me more about the Education Passport materials.

A: The Education Passport materials available in this document and include a

- 6th Class Report Card (standard version)
- My Profile sheet for children
- My Child's Profile sheet for parent(s)/guardian(s)

For further information and support for the transition of children in need of additional support, please refer to the <u>NEPS Student Transfer Form</u> and the NCSE Transition Booklet which can be accessed at https://www.sess.ie/resources/transition-primary-post-primary



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Q: Will the transfer materials replace arrangements in use at local level to support the gathering of pupil information?

A: No. Many post-primary schools have developed their own local practice to help them gather information from children's parent(s)/guardians(s)/guardians and primary schools. These may include meetings with parent(s)/guardians(s) and primary school principals, visits to the primary schools and the completion of forms created by the post-primary school by parent(s)/guardian(s). The *Education Passport* materials will complement this practice, and have the potential, over time, to replace at least some of the local arrangements.

Q: Is the primary school responsible for initiating the transfer of pupil information?

A: No. Post-primary schools have responsibility for initiating the pupil information transfer. They should send a written request for the children's report cards to the relevant primary schools. They may do so using the *Information Request* form. The *Information Request* form identifies the 6th class pupil(s) in the relevant primary school for whom enrolment in the post-primary school had been confirmed by his/her parent(s)/guardian(s).

Q: When should primary schools expect to receive the Information Request forms?

A: Primary schools should receive the *Information Request* forms any time after the children's enrolment has been confirmed in the post-primary schools. This may vary from one post-primary school to another.

Q: In the Information Request form, what is purpose of the column titled 'Number'?

A: The 'Number' column has two functions:

- to support an at-a-glance counting of the students listed
- to provide a means of distinguishing between two students who may share the same name The column is not linked to PPS numbers. The inclusion of PPS numbers as unique student identifiers is not permitted.

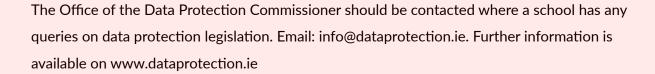
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- Q; What if the same child is included on more than one of the *Information Request* forms received from different post-primary schools?
- A: Primary schools may receive requests to forward information for the same child to one or more post-primary schools. This will happen where a parent/guardian has confirmed enrolment in more than one post-primary school. In such instances, the primary school forwards the information to all requesting schools. It does so in good faith having received written notice from the post-primary school that his/her enrolment is confirmed. Information received by a post-primary school for a child who subsequently fails to register by the end of the first week of October will be disposed of by that school in an appropriate and confidential manner.
- Q: From whom should a post-primary school seek information about a child who has registered there by the first week of October, but was not included in the *Information Request* form sent to the primary school earlier in the year?
- A: Post-primary should seek access to the 6th Class Report Card, My Profile sheet and My Child's Profile from the child's parent(s)/ guardian(s). This approach recognises the administrative burden additional requests would place on the primary school.
- Q: What action should primary schools take in response to the *Information Request* form?
- A: Primary schools should forward the child's *Education Passport* to the parent(s)/guardians(s) by the end of the second week of June. This allows sufficient time for the parent to contact the teacher in the event of any follow-up queries. Next a copy of the *Education Passport* should be sent to the relevant post-primary school by the end of June at the latest.
- Q: How may schools share children's report cards and profiles with post-primary schools?
- A: Schools may post or email the child's *6th Class Report Card* to post-primary schools. Before a school sends any information by email, it should ensure that:
 - the correct email addresses for the relevant post-primary school principals are used.
 - the completed items are sent as flattened PDFs. A flattened PDF cannot normally be modified or edited. Please refer to User Guide 2 – Downloading and saving a report card, Section 4, pp. 8-12 for information about saving report cards as flattened PDFs.

My Profile and the My Child's Profile can only be forwarded by email if filled on computer in the first instance by the child and parent.

Schools should record their agreed practice for sharing children's completed report cards with post-primary schools as part of their Assessment Policy. Schools are required to ensure that the ways they gather, store and share information comply with all data protection legislation.

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Q: Is written parental consent required before a child's information can be transferred?

A: No. Legislative arrangements have been made to provide for sharing information on progress, including the results of standardised tests, where students transfer from one school to another (Circular 0056/2011).

Parent(s)/guardians(s) should receive a copy of all information shared with the post-primary school.

Q: How does the post-primary schools acknowledge receipt of the pupil information?

A: The post-primary school principal or designated person should acknowledge receipt of the pupil information in writing. They may do so by using the *Information Receipt* form and sending it to the relevant primary school. This form also identifies pupils who have registered in the post-primary school by the end of the first week of October.

- Q: Why does the *Information Receipt* form include information about the registration of children in the post-primary school by the end of the first week of October?
- A: This information will support schools in meeting the requirements set out in the Education (Welfare) Act, 2000, Part III, Section 20. In accordance with Section 20 (3) of the Act, the post-primary school should inform the primary school of a child's registration. In turn, the primary school, on receipt of this notification, should 'remove' the name of the child concerned from the register in accordance with Section 20 (4) of the same Act. This should be done in line with the guidelines identified in DES Circular 28/13.





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Education Passport Materials

Find out more about the Education Passport materials.

1. 6th Class Report Card

Q: Why is a standard 6th Class Report Card included as part of the Education Passport materials?

A: Since 2011 primary schools used children's 6th Class Report Cards to share pupil information with post-primary schools. At times, the information and format of these report cards varied from one primary school to another. The standard report card ensures greater consistency across primary schools in the information shared with post-primary schools. The 6th Class ReportCard included information that makes it more fit for purpose when serving the dual role of reporting to parent(s)/guardians(s) and sharing information with your child's new post-primary school.

Q: May primary schools continue to use their own report cards for reporting to parent(s)/guardians(s) and transferring pupil information to post-primary schools?

A: No. From 2014/2015, schools should use the standard 6th Class Report Card.

Q: How is the standard version 6th Class Report Card different from the current NCCA report cards?

A: The standard report card builds on the current NCCA report cards. It retains the four reporting areas

- Your child as a learner; Your child's social and personal development; Your child's learning during the year, and Next steps to support your child's learning. Feedback from parent(s)/guardians(s), primary schools and post-primary schools identified modifications necessary to make it more fit for purpose when serving the dual role of reporting to parent(s)/guardians(s) and transferring information to post-primary schools. The significant modifications include...
- the addition of the child's date of birth, home language(s) and the name(s) of parent(s)/guardian(s)
- a new rating scale and descriptors under Your child's learning during the year
- a new column added to the rating scales to support reporting on children in receipt of additional support
- information about an exemption from the learning of Irish, where relevant
- space to include standardised test scores from 2ndclass and 4th class in addition to 6th class. This
 information provides the post-primary school with a trend in the children's test performance rather
 than a single test score.
- enlarged narrative comment boxes at the end of the report card. This change recognises the value placed by parent(s)/guardians(s) on the teacher comment while ensuring that the report card presents information in a glance-card format for post-primary schools.
- descriptors for attendance and punctuality to support consistency in the information received by post-primary schools.

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- Q: What format should be used when sharing the standardised test score in the *6th Class Report Card*?
- A: Standardised test scores should be shared as STen scores only in the 6th Class Report Card. This promotes consistency in the information received by a post-primary school from its feeder primary schools. STen scores are also the format submitted annually by primary schools to the DES.
- Q: Should class-based scores or age-based scores in standardised tests be used?
- A: The DES has advised that class-based scores in standardised tests should be shared with parent(s)/guardians(s) in the child's report card and when transferring information to post-primary schools. As schools are required to submit class-based scores to the DES, it is important that schools share the same information to parent(s)/guardians(s) and post-primary schools. However, in some circumstances, particularly if the child is older/younger than the average class age, there may be a significant difference between the class-based score and the age-based score. In such situations, schools might find it helpful to also share the age-based score verbally with the parent.
- Q: How does the 6th Class Report Card include information about a child's additional needs? A: The report card includes a 'P' for 'Plan' column to enable a teacher to share information about progress made by a child with additional needs. The 'P' signals to the post-primary school that the child had a plan to support his/her learning in 6th class. The teacher shares information about the child's progress based on the expectations identified in the plan. This approach provides clarity to the post-primary school while also enabling the teacher to use the report card to celebrate the progress made by the child in relation to the goals identified in the plan.
- Q: Why not use the term additional learning needs with the acronym 'ADL' in the place of 'P' for plan?
- A: The term *additional learning* needs is too broad. Many children are identified by the class teacher as having additional learning needs. In turn the class teacher uses a range of differentiates strategies in response to these needs. Using the term *plan* or 'P' is specific to children who have identified additional needs and, in turn, have been allocated supports by the school under GAM/ EAL and/or supports from the NCSE. These are children at stage 2 and stage 3 of the *Staged Approach to Assessment*, *Identification and Programme Planning* (DES Circular 02/05, Appendix 3).

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- Q: How will the post-primary school find out more about a child with additional needs other than to the information shared in the report card?
- A: Post-primary schools will invite you to share information about your child's additional needs.

 This information can be shared using the NEPS Student Transfer Form, available on the NEPS website.
- Q: Where can I find the standard 6th Class Report Card?
- A: You have two options:
 - a) Download a template from the Report Card Creator option if you want to customise the front cover of the report card by including your school's details.
 OR
 - b) Use the template in this document

In the case of both options, the report card may be completed on computer or can be handwritten.

Q: Where can schools get support when using the Report Card Creator?

A: Support is provided by user guides on the Help page of the Report Card Creator.

Technical queries should be directed to support@aladdin.ie

- Q: Where can I find support when completing the 6th Class Report Card?
- A: Click here for Completing the report card: Guide for primary schools. The guide provides an outline of each section of the report card and also includes helpful suggestions on how narrative comment box might be completed.







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2. My Profile and My Child's Profile

- Q: Tell me more about the *My Profile* sheet and *My Child's Profile* as part of the *Education Passport* materials.
- A: My Profile enables children to share some information about themselves with their new postprimary schools such as interests, strengths, challenges. It is designed to complement the end-of-year report card. Children complete the My Profile in school. Support material to help children to reflect on and share information with confidence accompanies the My Profile.

My Child's Profile provides parent(s)/ guardian(s) with the option of sharing some information about the child's learning with the post-primary school. It complements other ways parent(s)/ guardian(s) may use to share information with the new post-primary school. The primary school should send My Child's Profile to the parent with a copy of the child's Profile. Once complete, the parent should return My Child's Profile to the school within five days of receiving it. The primary school will then send the completed My Child's Profile and the child's Profile and 6th Class Report Card to the post-primary school.

- Q: Do parent(s)/guardians(s) have to complete My Child's Profile?
- A: No. Some parent(s)/guardians(s)/ may prefer not to complete *My Child's Profile*. Parent(s)/ guardians(s)/ guardians may feel that they have already shared all relevant information about their child with the post-primary school or may prefer to share the information in another way. If so, they may decide not to return *My Child's Profile* to the primary school. The primary school will then send the child's *My Profile* sheet and the *6th Class Report Card* to the post-primary school.
- Q: When should a school send the *My Profile* and *My Child's Profile* to the parent and post-primary school?
- A: Primary schools have discretion to decide when to forward the child's completed *My Profile* and the *My Child's Profile* template to the parent. Schools may send both items before or at the same time as sending the report card.

In each case, schools can decide to forward the *Profile* and *My Child's Profile* as a single back-to back photocopy or as two separate items.

The 6th Class Report Card, My Profile and My Child's Profile (if it is returned to the primary school by the child's parent within 5 days of receiving it) should be sent to the post-primary school by the end of June.

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- Q: May a parent request that the school does not send the child's *My Profile* sheet to the post-primary school?
- A: Yes. It is a parent's responsibility to inform the school in a timely manner that she/he does not wish the child's *My Profile* sheet to be forwarded to the post-primary school. Children's *My Profile* sheets should be sent to the relevent post-primary schools except where a parental request not to do so is received.
- Q: How can I share feedback on the Education Passport materials?
- A: We'd like to hear about your experience with the transfer materials and your suggestions on how they or the process can be improved.

We welcome feedback from teachers, parents, children or second-level schools. Share your views on the layout, design and scope of the transfer materials; the naming of the individual items; the overall title of the transfer materials; and the process of using the transfer materials. Please email your thoughts to transfer@ncca.ie

Education Passport: FAQs for post-primary schools

Process and schedule

Everything you need to know about the when and the how of pupil information transfer to post-primary school.

Q: What is the purpose of the information transfer for children in 6th class?

A: Sharing information about children's learning is a key way of supporting their transition from primary post-primary school. This information transfer

- provides a rounded picture of children's progress and achievement at primary school
- ensures continuity and progression for learners
- alerts post-primary schools if additional support is needed to support learning.
- Q: How should primary schools share information about children's learning with post-primary schools?
- A: Schools should use the *Education Passport* materials developed by the National Council for Curriculum and Assessment (NCCA).

Q: Tell me more about the Education Passport materials.

A: The Education Passport materials are available in this document and include a

- 6th Class Report Card (standard version)
- My Profile sheet for children
- My Child's Profile sheet for parent(s)/guardian(s)

For further information and support for the transition of children in need of additional support, please refer to the <u>NEPS Student Transfer Form</u> and the <u>NCSE Transition Booklet</u> which can be accessed at https://www.sess.ie/resources/transition-primary-post-primary.

- Q: Will the transfer materials will replace arrangements in use at local level to support the gathering of pupil information?
- A: No. Many post-primary schools have developed their own local practice to help them gather information from children's parent(s)/guardians(s)/guardians and primary schools. These may include meetings with parent(s)/guardians(s) and primary school principals, visits to the primary schools and the completion of forms created by the post-primary school by parent(s)/guardian(s). The Education Passport materials will complement this practice, and have the potential, over time, to replace at least some of the local arrangements.



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- Q: Who is responsible for initiating the transfer of pupil information using these materials?
- A: Post-primary school principals or designated persons have responsibility for initiating the pupil information transfer. They should send a written request for the children's report cards to the relevant primary schools. They may do so using the *Information Request* form. The *Information Request* identifies the 6th class pupil(s) for whom enrolment in the post-primary school had been confirmed by parent(s)/guardians.
- Q: When should post-primary schools forward the *Information Request* forms to primary schools?
- A: Post-primary schools should forward the *Information Request* forms to the relevant post-primary schools after the children's enrolment has been confirmed.

Q: In the Information Request form, what is purpose of the column titled 'Number'?

A: The 'Number' column has two functions:

- To support an at-a-glance counting of the students listed
- To provide a means of distinguishing between two students who may share the same name

The column is not linked to PPS numbers. The inclusion of PPS numbers as unique student identifiers is not permitted.

- Q: What information should post-primary schools expect to receive from the relevant primary schools?
- Q: Primary schools should forward children's end-of-year 6th Class Report Cards. This report card is the standard 6th Class Report Card available as part of the Education Passport materials.
- A: Post-primary schools should also receive children's My Profile sheets and their parents' My Child's Profile sheets from primary schools. The My Profile sheets and the My Child's Profile sheets are also part of the Education Passport materials.
- Q: When will primary schools forward this information?
- A: Primary schools will forward the 6th Class Report Cards by the end of June. My Profile and My Child's Profile sheets will accompany the report cards.

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Q: How may primary schools share children's 6th Class Report Cards with post-primary schools?

A: Primary schools may post or email the child's report card, Profile, and, where available, the parent's *My Child's Profile* to post-primary schools. In the event of using email, primary schools will first ensure that:

- the correct email addresses for the post-primary school principals are used.
- the completed items are sent as flattened PDFs. A flattened PDF cannot normally be modified or edited.

Primary and post-primary schools should record their practice for managing the transfer of pupil information. Schools are required to ensure that the ways they gather, store and share information comply with all data protection legislation.

The Office of the Data Protection Commissioner should be contacted where a school has any queries on data protection legislation. Email: <u>info@dataprotection.ie</u>. Further information is available on <u>www.dataprotection.ie</u>

Q: Is written parental consent required before a child's information can be transferred?

A: No. Legislative arrangements have been made to provide for sharing information on progress, including the results of standardised tests, where students transfer from one school to another (Circular 0056/2011).

Parents receive a copy of all information shared with the post-primary school.

Q: How should the post-primary school acknowledge receipt of the 6th Class Report Card and other related items?

A: The post-primary school principal or designated person should acknowledge receipt of the pupil information in writing. They may do so by using the *Information Receipt* form and sending it to the relevant primary school. This form also identifies pupils who have registered in the post-primary school by the end of the first week of October.





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- Q: Why does the *Information Receipt* form include the need to identify children who have registered by the end of the first week of October?
- A: The inclusion of information about a child's registration will support primary and post-primary schools in meeting their requirements set out in the Education (Welfare) Act, 2000, Part III, Section 20. In accordance with Section 20 (3) of the Act, the post-primary school should inform the primary school of a child's registration. In turn, the primary school, on receipt of this notification, should 'remove' the name of the child concerned from the register in accordance with Section 20 (4) of the same Act. 'Removing' the name of the child from the primary school register should only be done in line with the guidelines identified in DES Circular 28/13.
- Q: What should a post-primary school do with information received from a primary school for a pupil who subsequently fails to register by the end of the first week of October?
- A: The primary school transfers pupil information in good faith having received written notice from the post-primary school that his/her enrolment is confirmed. The post-primary school is responsible for processing the information it receives about all pupils in a confidential manner. Pupil information received by a post-primary school for a child who subsequently fails to register by the end of the first week of October should be destroyed in an appropriate manner.
- Q: From whom should a post-primary school seek information about a child who has registered by the first week of October but was not included in the *Information Request* form sent to his/her primary school earlier in the year?
- A: Post-primary should seek access to the 6th Class Report Card, My Profile sheet and My Child's Profile from the child's parent(s)/ guardian(s). This approach recognises the administrative burden additional requests would place on the primary school

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Education Passport materials

Find out more about the Education Passport materials.

1. 6th Class Report Card (standard)

Q: Why is a standard 6th Class Report Card included as part of the Education Passport materials?

A: Since 2011 primary schools used children's 6th Class Report Cards to share pupil information with post-primary schools. At times, the information and format of these report cards varied from one primary school to another. The standard report card ensures greater consistency across primary schools in the information shared with post-primary schools. The 6th Class Report Card included information that makes it more fit for purpose when serving the dual role of reporting to parent(s)/guardians(s) and sharing information with your child's new post-primary school.

Q: May primary schools continue to use their own report cards for reporting to parent(s)/guardians(s) and transferring pupil information to post-primary schools?

A: No. Schools should use the standard 6th Class Report Card.

Q: How is the standard version 6th Class Report Card different from the current NCCA report cards?

A: The standard report card builds on the current NCCA report cards. It retains the four reporting areas

- Your child as a learner; Your child's social and personal development; Your child's learning during the year, and Next steps to support your child's learning. Feedback from parents, primary schools and post-primary schools identified modifications necessary to make it more fit for purpose when serving the dual role of reporting to parents and transferring information to post-primary schools. The significant modifications include...
- the addition of the child's date of birth, home language(s) and the names of parent(s)/guardians
- a new rating scale and descriptors under Your child's learning during the year
- a new column added to the rating scales to support reporting on children in receipt of additional support
- information about an exemption from the learning of Irish, where relevant
- space to include standardised test scores from 2nd class and 4th class in addition to 6th class. This information provides the post-primary school with a trend in the children's test performance rather than a single test score.
- enlarged narrative comment boxes at the end of the report card. This change recognises the
 value placed by parents on the teacher comment while ensuring that the report card presents
 information in a glance-card format for post-primary schools.
- descriptors for attendance and punctuality to support consistency in the information received by post-primary schools.

Assessment and Reporting > Assessment Guidelines for Schools > Reporting and Transfer

- Q: What format is used when sharing the standardised test score in the standard *6th Class Report Card*?
- A: Primary schools should include the standardised test scores as STen scores only in the standard 6th Class Report Card. This promotes consistency in the information received by a post-primary school from its feeder primary schools.
- Q: Are class-based scores or age-based scores in standardised tests shared in the report card?
- A: The DES has advised primary schools that class-based scores in standardised tests should be shared with parent(s)/guardians(s) in the child's report card and when transferring information to post-primary schools. As schools are required to submit class-based scores to the DES, it is important that schools share the same information to parent(s)/guardians(s) and post-primary schools. However, in some circumstances, particularly if the child is older/younger than the average class age, there may be a significant difference between the class-based score and the age-based score. In such situations, primary schools might also share the age-based score *verbally* with the parent.
- Q: How does the 6th Class Report Card include information about a child's additional needs?
- A: The report card includes a 'P' for 'Plan' column to enable a teacher to share information about progress made by a child with additional needs. The 'P' signals to the post-primary school that the child had a plan to support his/her learning in 6th class. The child is at stage 2 or stage 3 of the *Staged Approach to Assessment*, *Identification and Programme Planning* (DES Circular 02/05, Appendix 3). The teacher shares information about the child's progress based on the expectations identified the plan. This approach provides clarity to the post-primary school while also enabling the teacher to use the report card to celebrate the progress made by the child in relation to the goals identified in the plan.
- Q: How will the post-primary school find out more about a child with additional needs other than to the information shared in the report card?
- A: Post-primary schools will invite you to share information about your child's additional needs.

 This information can be shared using the NEPS Student Transfer Form, available on the NEPS website.

Assessment and Reporting > Assessment Guidelines for Schools > Reporting and Transfer



Q: Where can post-primary schools find out more about the 6th Class Report Card?

A: Click here to go to *Understanding the 6th Class Report Card*: Guide for post-primary schools.

The guide explains each section of the report card and also includes helpful information on interpreting the standardised test scores.

2. My Profile and My Child's Profile

Q: I understand that primary schools use the *My Profile* sheet and *My Child's Profile* as part of the *Education Passport* materials. Tell me more about these items.

A: My Profile enables children to share some information about themselves with their new post-primary schools e.g. interests, strengths, challenges, and is designed to complement the end-of-year report card. Children complete the Profile in school.

My Child's Profile provides a child's parent with the option of sharing some information about the child's learning with the post-primary school. It complements other ways parents may use to share information with the new post-primary school. The primary school will send the completed My Child's Profile together with the child's Profile and 6th Class Report Card to the post-primary school.

Q: Do parent(s)/guardians(s) s have to complete My Child's Profile?

A: No. Some parent(s)/guardians(s) may prefer not to complete *My Child's Profile*. Parents may feel that they have already shared all relevant information about their child with the post-primary school or may prefer to share the information in another way. If so, they may decide not to return *My Child's Profile* to the primary school. The primary school will then send the child's *My Profile* sheet and the *6th Class Report Card* to the post-primary school.

Q: How can I share feedback on the Education Passport materials?

A: We'd like to hear about your experience with the transfer materials and your suggestions on how they or the process can be improved. We welcome feedback from teachers, parents, children or second-level schools. Share your views on the layout, design and scope of the transfer materials; the naming of the individual items; the overall title of the transfer materials; and the process of using the transfer materials. Please email your thoughts to transfer@ncca.ie

Education Passport: FAQs for parents

General Information

Everything you need to know about the transfer of pupil information from primary to post-primary school.

- Q: Why will the primary school share information about my child's learning in 6th class to the post-primary school?
- A: Sharing information about your child's learning is an important way of supporting his/her move from primary to post-primary school. This information will help to...
 - provide a rounded picture of your child's progress and achievement at primary school
 - ensure continuity and progression in your child's learning
 - alert post-primary schools if additional support may be needed to support your child's learning.
- Q: How will the primary school share information about my child's learning with the post-primary school?
- A: Your child's primary school will share information about your child's learning using materials developed by the National Council for Curriculum and Assessment (NCCA). Collectively, these materials are called the 'Education Passport'.
- Q: Tell me more about the Education Passport materials.
- A: The Education Passport materials are available in this document and include a
 - 6th Class Report Card (standard version)
 - My Profile sheet for children
 - My Child's Profile sheet for parents

For further information and support for the transition of children in need of additional support, please refer to the <u>NEPS Student Transfer Form</u> and the NCSE Transition Booklet which can be accessed at https://www.sess.ie/resources/transition-primary-post-primary.



Assessment and Reporting > Assessment Guidelines for Schools > Reporting and Transfer

- Q: Will the *Education Passport* materials will replace arrangements in use at local level to support the gathering of pupil information?
- A: No. Many post-primary schools have developed their own local practice to help gather information from parents and primary schools. These may include meetings with parents and primary school principals/teachers, and the gathering of information using forms developed by the post-primary school. The *Education Passport* materials will complement local practice, and have the potential, over time, to replace some of these arrangements.
- Q: How will the primary school know where to send information about my child's learning?
- A: The relevant post-primary school may forward an *Information Request* form to your child's primary school. The *Information Request* form is sent after enrolment of your child in first year had been confirmed.
- Q: On receipt of the Information Request form, what action will my child's primary school take?
- A: The primary school will forward a copy of your child's end-of-year *6th Class Report Card* to the relevant post-primary school. You will already have received your child's report card before this happens. The school will also send *My Profile* and *My Child's Profile* to the post-primary school.
- Q: Is my consent required before my child's 6th Class Report Card can be sent by the primary school to the post-primary school?
- A: No. Legislative arrangements have been made to provide for the sharing of information on progress, including the results of standardised tests, where children transfer from one school to another.
- Q: What if I have enrolled my child in two or more post-primary schools?
- A: If you has confirmed enrolment in more than one post-primary school, it is likely that your child's primary school will receive requests to forward his/her information to one or more post-primary schools. In response, the primary school will forward the information to all requesting schools. It does so in good faith having received written notice from each of the post-primary schools that your child has been enrolled. Post-primary schools will dispose of any information received about your child if she/he does not present as a first year student by the end of the first week of October.

Assessment and Reporting > Assessment Guidelines for Schools > Reporting and Transfer

- Q: If I enrol my child in another post-primary school after June, from whom should this 'new' post-primary school seek information about my child?
- A: You should provide copies of your child's *6th Class Report Card* to the 'new' post-primary school in which your child has registered by the end of the first week of October. You will have received the report from your child's primary school in June.

Education Passport materials

Find out more about the Education Passport materials.

- Q: Why is a standard 6th class report part of the Education Passport materials?
- A: Since 2011, primary schools have used end-of-year report cards to share information with post-primary schools. These report cards varied from one primary school to another. The standard version 6th Class Report Card ensures greater consistency across primary schools in the information shared with post-primary schools. The 6th Class Report Card included information that makes it more fit for purpose when serving the dual role of reporting to parents and sharing information with your child's new post-primary school.
- Q: Does the 6th Class Report Card include information about a child's additional needs?
- A: Yes. The report card includes a 'P' for 'Plan' column to enable a teacher to share information about progress made by a child with additional needs. The 'P' signals to the post-primary school that the child had a plan to support his/her learning in 6th class. Where relevant, the teacher shares information about the child's progress based on the expectations identified the plan. This approach provides clarity to the post-primary school while also enabling the teacher to use the report card to celebrate the progress made by the child in relation to the goals identified in the plan.
- Q: I'm a parent of a child with additional needs. How will the post-primary school find out more about my child's needs other than the information shared in report card?
- A: In cases where a/your child is in receipt of additional support at primary school, it is recommended that information about this support transfers with the child as part of the Education Passport. In line with good practice, the transition of information for children with additional support needs will begin in early 6th class, or possibly in 5th class if the child is enrolled earlier in the post-primary school. This facilitates the post-primary school to be prepared to support your child's learning. Timelines for the transfer of this information should be agreed between the parents, primary and post-primary school. If additional supports such as special needs assistants, assistive technology or school transport are required, NCSE application deadlines should be considered.

Assessment and Reporting > Assessment Guidelines for Schools > Reporting and Transfer

- Q: I understand that my child's primary school uses *My Profile* and *My Child's Profile*. Tell me more about these items.
- A: My Profile enables children to share some information about themselves with their new post-primary schools e.g. interests, strengths, challenges, and is designed to complement the end-of-year report card. Children complete the My Profile in school.
- A: My Child's Profile provides you with the option of sharing some information about your child with the post-primary school. It complements other ways you and your child may use to share information with your child's new post-primary school. The primary school will send it to you along with a copy of your child's My Profile. Once complete, you should return My Child's Profile to the school within five days of receiving it. The primary school will then send your completed My Child's Profile, your child's My Profile and the 6th Class Report Card to the post-primary school.

Q: Do I have to complete My Child's Profile?

A: No. You may prefer not to complete *My Child's Profile*. You may feel that you have already shared all relevant information about your child with the post-primary school or you may prefer to share the information in another way. If so, there is no need to return *My Child's Profile* to the primary school. In this instance, the primary school will send your child's *My Profile* sheet and the *6th Class Report Card* to the post-primary school.

Q: Can I stop the school sending the My Profile sheet to the post-primary school?

A: Yes. You should inform the primary school that you do not wish your child's *My Profile* to be forwarded to the post-primary school.

Q: How can I share feedback on the Education Passport materials?

A: We'd like to hear about your experience with the transfer materials and your suggestions on how they or the process can be improved. The materials will be used in all schools next year, and therefore, any feedback that might help to improve them would be of particular interest. We welcome feedback from teachers, parents, children or second-level schools. Share your views on the layout, design and scope of the transfer materials; the naming of the individual items; the overall title of the transfer materials; and the process of using the transfer materials. Please email your thoughts to transfer@ncca.ie

Education Passport: Primary and Post-primary Schools

Transfer process and materials

The Education Passport materials support a 3-phase process to the transfer of pupil information from primary to post-primary schools. Click on the bullets below to be taken directly to the relevant forms.



• Outline of transfer process

Education Passport materials

You may add content and save these forms with Adobe Acrobat Reader DC.



• Information Request



• Information Letter



My Profile



• My Child's Profile



Information Receipt

Support materials

Supports to complement the Education Passport materials:

Primary schools



FAQs



 Completing report cards: Guide for primary teachers



Completing the 6th Class Report
 Card: Guide for primary teachers



My Profile: suggested classwork

Post-primary schools



FAQs



Guide to interpreting the 6th Class
 Report Card

Assessment and Reporting > Assessment Guidelines for Schools > Reporting and Transfer

Video

Click the links to view video resources online.



- My Profile a school's experience
- My Profile RTE visit a school

Your suggestions

We'd like to hear about your experience with the transfer materials and your suggestions on how they or the process can be improved. The materials will be used in all schools next year, and therefore, any feedback that might help to improve them would be of particular interest.

We welcome feedback from teachers, parents, children or second-level schools. Share your views on the layout, design and scope of the transfer materials; the naming of the individual items; the overall title of the transfer materials; and the process of using the transfer materials. Please email your thoughts to transfer@ncca.ie

Education Passport: Parents

Here are the Education Passport materials your child's primary school will use to support the sharing of some information about his/her learning with the post-primary school. The primary school will only share this information after the post-primary school has confirmed your child's enrolment.



6th Class Report Card
 Teacher's voice



My Profile
 Your child's voice



My Child's Profile
 Your voice



FAQs
Find out more about the Education Passport materials.

Your suggestions

We'd like to hear about your experience with the transfer materials and your suggestions on how they or the process can be improved.

We welcome feedback from teachers, parents, children or second-level schools. Share your views on the layout, design and scope of the transfer materials; the naming of the individual items; the overall title of the transfer materials; and the process of using the transfer materials. Please email your thoughts to transfer@ncca.ie

6th Class Report Card

The end-of-year 6th Class Report Card was developed to support the dual purpose of reporting to parents and transferring pupil information to post-primary schools. From 2014/2015, primary schools should use this report card as part of the Education Passport when reporting to parents and sharing pupil information with relevant post-primary schools Primary schools can choose to use either the...



Report Card Creator
 Use the Creator to customise the 6th Class Report Card to include the school's logo and contact details.

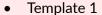


Template
 Use this fixed 6th Class Report Card Template.

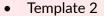
Report Card Templates

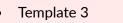
Select a report card template: Junior Infants to mid-term 6th Class

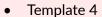






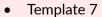


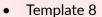
















Complete your report card template. detailed instuctions can be found below in User Guide 1



- Print a blank template and handwrite your reports. User Guide 2
- Download and save a blank template, type your reports, then save and print them.

Use the 6th Class Report Card template: End-of-year

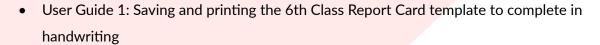


Go directly to the 6th Class Report Card Template

From 2014/2015, schools should use this end-of-year 6th Class Report Card. The report card was developed to support the dual purpose of reporting to parents and transferring pupil information to post-primary schools.

The report card is part of the Education Passport materials developed to support schools in sharing information about children's learning with the relevant post-primary schools.







User Guide 2: Saving and printing the 6th Class Report Card template to complete on computer



Completing report cards: Guide for primary teachers Completing the 6th Class Report Card: Guide for primary teachers

Resources for schools and parents

Information sheets



• Schools: What you need to know.



Schools: Supporting and interpreting teacher judgements



• Parents: Understanding your child's report card



Tuismitheóirí: Ag tuiscint cárta tuairisc do pháiste

The information sheet for parents is also available in the following languages:



Polski



Deutsch



Lietuvi



Latvietis



Francais



Chinese (simplified)

Sample report cards

Share your completed report card on this page by sending it to reportcard@ncca.ie



• St. Michael's, Dublin



• Gaelscoil Eoghan Uí Thuairisc, Ceatharlach



• Gaelscoilna Lochanna, Co. Chill Mhantáin



Mercy N.S, Wexford (Infantclasses)



Infants Behymore N.S., Ballina



Mercy N.S, Wexford (1st – 6thclasses)



Scoil Mháthair Dé, Limerick

Assessment and Reporting > Assessment Guidelines for Schools > Reporting and Transfer

School stories

Click below to view videos and find out how schools used the Report Card Creator and the report card templates.



Using the Report Card Creator - a school's story
 Scoil Mháthair Dé, Limerick



Filling in and saving report cards on computer - a school's story
 Scoil Mháthair Dé, Limerick



Report card templates
 St. Patrick's Girls' National School, Cork



SUGGESTED TESTS FOR USE BY TEACHERS OF INFANT CLASSES

Assessment in primary school

→ Teachers → Primary → Assessment

Teachers gather evidence about what and how a child learns on an ongoing basis. A range of assessment methods including testing are used to build a picture over time of a child's learning progress across the curriculum. This information is used to celebrate a child's current learning, and to help make decisions about next steps for future learning. Early identification of learning difficulties and intervention improves outcomes for children.

Assessment information is used to celebrate a child's current learning, and to help make decisions about next steps for future learning. Early identification of learning difficulties and intervention improves outcomes for children.

Standardised testing in infant classes

Assessment in the Primary School Curriculum: Guidelines for Schools (NCCA, 2007) describes eight assessment methods which teachers use to gather evidence about children's progress in learning and to inform the next steps. Standardised testing is one of these methods. The administration of standardised tests to whole classes is inappropriate in infant classes. The whole class administration of a test may be confusing and upsetting for young children at this early stage of development given the attention capacity needed to complete a test booklet.

The developers of the Drumcondra reading and maths tests for 1st to 6th classes at the Education Research Centre, and the Micra-T and Sigma-T for 1st to 6th classes at Fallons, are clear that these standardised tests, if used before the end of First class, should be administered in **small groups only**. Sharing test scores on report cards for infant classes is not recommended.

Screening and diagnostic tests for teachers of infant classes

- Suggested tests suitable for screening and diagnostic purposes in infant classes are identified here. They are neither prescriptive nor exhaustive, and recognise that many teachers may already administer similar tests that they find useful.
- The tests are categorised under:
 - Language
 - Reading literacy
 - Phonological/Phonemic awarenessa
 - Motor and developmental skills
 - Numeracy skills

It should be noted that some tests overlap more than one category.



SUGGESTED TESTS FOR USE BY TEACHERS OF INFANT CLASSES

- The tests should be administered individually or in small groups to children.
- Most of the tests are norm referenced while some criterion referenced tests are also included. Norming refers to the use of scores to give an estimate of a child's performance compared to other children of the same age or in the same class group who took the same test.
- Some of the tests do not include Irish norms and some have not been recently revised.
- With the exception of the Irish reading standardised test, the scores achieved in the suggested tests reflect scores obtained by children with English as their first language in English language medium schools. Caution should be exercised when interpreting scores for children with English as their second language and for children in Irish language medium schools.
- While most of the tests can be administered at any time during the school year, testing should be done as soon as possible to support early intervention.



LANGUAGE (EARLY YEARS)

Assessed skills	Test	Age range / Class	Administration	Form of scoring	Publisher website	Year
Receptive vocabulary (word meanings)	The British Picture Vocabulary Scale (BPVS3)	3yrs. 1mth 6yrs. 11mths	Individual	Norm	www.gl-assessment.co.uk	2009
 Word structure Sentence structure Concepts Following directions Expressive vocabulary 	The CELF Preschool Clinical Evaluation of Language Functions	3yrs – 6yrs. 11mths	Individual	Norm	www.pearsonclinical.co.uk	2004
Semantic knowledgeMorphological awarenessSyntaxPragmatics	The Bankson Language Test 2	3yrs – 6yrs. 11mths	Individual	Norm	www.proedinc.com	1990
Content and complexity of informationGrammatical usage	The Renfrew Language Scales-Action Picture Test	3yrs. 6mths -8yrs.5mths	Individual	Norm	www.speechmark.net	2010
 Understanding, mediating and defining words Understanding and repeating sentences Understanding sentence formation Word analysis, discrimination and articulation 	The Test of Language Development - Primary (TOLD-P4)	4yrs – 8yrs. 11mths	Individual	Norm	www.proedinc.com	2008
 Language, visual and auditory discrimination Motor co-ordination Written language Reading Spelling 	Aston Index	5yrs – 14yrs	Individual	Norm	www.ldalearning.com	1994
Receptive languageComprehensionExpressive language	Assessment of Comprehension and Expression	6yrs – 11yrs	Individual	Norm	www.gl-assessment.co.uk	2001



READING LITERACY (EARLY YEARS)

As	sessed skills	Test	Age range / Class	Administration	Form of scoring	Publisher website	Year
•	Concept of print	LARR- Test of Emergent Literacy	4yrs – 5yrs	Small groups/ individual	Norm	www.gl-assessment.co.uk	1993
	Memory Learning styles Social and motor skills	Belfield Infant Assessment Profile	4yrs - 7yrs	Individual	Norm	www.folens.ie	1991
:	Language Learning styles Memory Number and perceptual motor skills	Bury Infant Check	4yrs. 1mths -5yrs. 6mths	Individual	Norm	www.gl-assessment.co.uk	1986
	Concept of print Listening comprehension Knowledge of sounds and letters Word recognition skills	Early Literacy Test	4yrs. 6mths -7yrs. 5mths	Individual	Norm	www.hoddertests.co.uk	2000
:	Listening comprehension Letter knowledge Phonological/ phonemic awareness Written vocabulary	Middle Infant Screening Test	5yrs – 6yrs	Small groups/ individual	Criterion	www.gl-assessment.co.uk	1993
	Letter identification: name and sound Phonemic awareness Word recognition Written vocabulary Running record of reading	An observation survey of early literacy achievement	5yrs – 7yrs	Individual	Criterion and Norm	www.heinemann.com	2002
:	Language Visual and auditory discrimination Motor co-ordination Written language Reading Spelling	Aston Index	5yrs – 14yrs	Individual	Norm	www.ldalearning.com	1994



READING LITERACY (EARLY YEARS)

continued

	oup screener and a follow up individual gnostic test: Screener: Word recognition Reading comprehension Diagnostic: Phonological awareness Phonological memory Letter knowledge and letter sounds	Drumcondra Test of Early Literacy	End of Senior Infants - Beginning of First Class	Small Groups/ individual	Criterion	www.erc.ie	2010
:	Léitheoireacht Tuiscint Éisteacht	Triail Ghaeilge Dhroim Conrach do bhunscoileanna Gaeltachta agus lán Ghaeilge (Leibhéal 1)	Deireadh Naíonáin Shinsir – Tús Rang a hAon	Grúpaí beaga/ aonair	Caighdeánaithe (norm)	www.erc.ie	2007

PHONOLOGICAL/PHONEMIC AWARENESS (EARLY YEARS)

Assessed skills Test		Age/ Class	Administration Form of scoring		Publisher website	Year
Phonemic awarenessPhonological awarenessLetter knowledge	Pre-school and Primary Inventory of Phonological Awareness (PIPA)	3yrs – 6yrs. 11mths	Individual	Norm	www.pearsonclinical.co.uk	2000
Phonemic awarenessPhonological awarenessLetter knowledge	Phonological Abilities Test (PAT)	4yrs -7yrs	Individual	Norm	www.pearsonclinical.co.uk	1997
Phonemic awarenessPhonological awarenessLetter knowledge	Test of Phonological Awareness (TOPA 2+)	5yrs -8yrs	Small groups/ Individual	Norm	www.proedinc.com	2004
Phonemic awarenessPhonological awarenessLetter knowledgeInvented spelling	Phonological Awareness Test 2 (PAT 2)	5yrs -9yrs	Individual	Norm	www.linguisystems.com	2007



MOTOR AND DEVELOPMENTAL SKILLS (EARLY YEARS)

Assessed skills	Test	Age/ Class	Administration	Form of scoring	Publisher website	Year
Physical, social developmentsHand-eye co-ordinationPlay and language development	PIP Developmental Charts	Oyrs -5yrs	Individual	Criterion	www.hoddertests.co.uk	1998
Motor skills: fine and grossNumberOral languageVisual and auditory meaning	Early Years Easy Screen (EYES)	4yrs -5yrs	Individual	Norm	www.gl-assessment.co.uk	1991
MemoryLearning stylesSocial skillsMotor skills	Belfield Infant Assessment Profile (BIAP)	4yrs -7yrs	Individual	Norm	www.folens.ie	1991
 Language Visual and auditory discrimination Motor co-ordination Written language Reading Spelling 	Aston Index	5yrs -14yrs	Individual	Norm	www.ldalearning.com	1994



NUMERACY SKILLS (EARLY YEARS)

Skills Assessed	Test	Age/ Class	Administration	Form of scoring	Publisher website	Year
 Pre-number Numeration Number Basic addition and subtraction Shape recognition 	Mathematics Assessment for Learning and Teaching (MALT 5, Stage 1)	1	Small groups/ Individual	Norm	www.hoddertests.co.uk	2005
 Pre-number Numeration Number Basic addition and subtraction Shape recognition 	Progress in Maths (4, 5 and 6)	4yrs - 6yrs	Small groups/ Individual	Norm	www.gl-assessment.co.uk	2004
Reciting and writing numbersSimple addition and subtraction	Basic Number Diagnostic Test	5yrs -7yrs	Individual	Norm	www.hoddertests.co.uk	2001
Early numeracy skillsEarly mathematical concepts	Numeracy Progress Test stage 1	5yrs-8 yrs	Small groups/ Individual	Norm	www.hoddertests.co.uk	2000
 Group screener and a follow up individual diagnostic test: Pre-number Numeration Addition and subtraction 	Drumcondra Test of Early Numeracy	End of Senior Infants - Beginning of First Class	Small groups/ Individual	Criterion	www.erc.ie	2010

Rannóg Pholasaí, Curaclaim agus Measúnachta, An Roinn Oideachais agus Scileanna, Sráid Mhaoilbhríde Baile Atha Cliath 1



Curriculum and Assessment Policy Unit, Department of Education and Skills Marlborough Street Dublin 1

To: Boards of Management, Principal Teachers and Teaching Staff of Primary Schools and Special Schools

CEOs of ETBs

Information in relation to Actions under the Literacy and Numeracy Strategy Standardised Testing, Reporting, Library Support and Other Matters

Academic Year 2014/15 and Subsequent Years

Circular 0027/2015

1. Education Passport

As indicated in Circular 45/2014, the National Council for Curriculum and Assessment (NCCA) has developed a suite of materials to support the reporting and transfer of pupil information from primary to post-primary schools. The materials are presented under the umbrella title of "Education Passport" and are available at www.ncca.ie/transfer. These materials were made available to schools on an optional basis for the academic year 2013/14.

From this academic year 2014/15, schools are required to use the NCCA Education Passport materials to support the reporting and transfer of pupil information at the end of sixth class. The Education Passport should be sent to the relevant post-primary school following confirmation of enrolment and, ideally, by the end of June before entry to second level.

The Education Passport Materials include

- The standard 6th Class Report Card Template for completion by schools.
- The *My Profile* sheet for completion by pupils in primary schools before being shared with their parents/guardians.
- The *My Child's Profile* sheet for completion by parents/guardians. This should be sent with the *My Profile* sheet to parents/guardians by the end of the second week of June at the latest. Parents may complete the *My Child's Profile* should they wish to do so. The primary school should forward *My Child's Profile*, if completed, along with the pupil's *My Profile* sheet and the 6th Class Report Card to the post-primary school.

The Education Passport materials have been developed by the NCCA, following an extensive period of engagement with stakeholders, to support the dual purpose of reporting to parents and of transferring pupil information to post-primary schools once enrolment has been confirmed.

For more information about the administration of the Education Passport, schools should refer to the FAQs at www.ncca.ie/transfer.

2. Standardised Testing in Primary Schools – Returns for 2014/15

Thank you all for your continued co-operation in providing the results of your standardised testing via the Esinet online system. <u>All</u> primary schools responded last year. We fully acknowledge the work of school staff in this regard.

You will have recently received funding for 2014/2015 standardised testing. These funds may be used to purchase test instruments and materials such as teachers' manuals, test scoring services or test-related software offered by test providers. Any funds remaining after the standardised testing costs have been met may be spent on diagnostic tests, in accordance with a school's needs.

During May/June 2015, you should carry out the tests in accordance with circulars 0056/2011 and 0018/2012 available at www.education.ie. The results of these tests must be uploaded onto the Esinet portal on or before 19th June 2015.

A <u>Step by Step</u> guide to uploading the returns is attached in the appendix. It is particularly important that all schools, including special or infant schools without a second class, read and follow the directions in the appendix, where applicable.

Schools are reminded of their reporting obligations in Part 7 of Circular 0056/2011: Reporting and Using the Results of Assessments to Improve Pupil Learning. These include:

- Reporting to parents: Schools are reminded that they should issue a written report to their parents in sufficient time, before the closure of the school for the summer vacation, to allow parents a reasonable opportunity to seek meetings with the principal and/or teacher(s) to discuss the written report, if necessary.
- ➤ Using report card templates: Note that all primary schools must use the standard report card template (available at www.ncca.ie) for reporting to parents on pupils' progress and achievement at school
- Reporting, analysing and using assessment information at school level
- > Reporting information from standardised tests to their board of management
- > Transferring assessment data in instances when pupils move to a different school
- Reporting standardised test results to the Department of Education and Skills

Note that the administration of standardised tests to whole classes is inappropriate at infant class level. Standardised tests, if used before the end of first class, should be administered in small groups only. See www.ncca.ie for more information.

3. Resource Teaching and Learning Support

The Department of Education and Skills is currently considering potential revisions to the existing system of allocating Resource Teaching/Learning Support resources to schools.

Please note that, as previously indicated in Circular 45/14, the standardised test data being returned by schools may be used to inform the development and potential implementation of a revised model to allocate Resource Teaching/Learning Support teachers for schools.

4. Support for Parents

As part of the Department's strategy to improve children's literacy and numeracy skills, the National Adult Literacy Agency developed the website www.helpmykidlearn.ie. This provides some suggestions for enjoyable activities in which parents and their children can engage.

We would encourage schools to:

- add a link from the school website to www.helpmykidlearn.ie (a great many of you have done this already).
- mention the website to new parents visiting the school in May/June.
- recommend it to parents as a source of suggestions for enjoyable activities in which parents and their children can engage.
- encourage staff to access the website and mention it in parent/teacher meetings.

In addition, the National Adult Literacy Agency has promotional posters and bookmarks with information about the website *Help My Kid Learn*, and how parents can support their children's learning over the summer. If you would like to order a free promotional pack for your school, email mmurray@nala.ie.

5. Public Libraries Support for Schools

The establishment of a collaborative approach for the provision of educational support and leisure reading materials between schools and public libraries is an objective of the public library strategy 2013-2017 *Opportunities for All*. A number of standard services which all public libraries will make available to primary schools has been identified and agreed nationally. These services are outlined below.

The public library provides a wide range of resources and activities that aim to support primary schools in developing children's literacy, numeracy, creativity and communication skills. Building upon existing partnerships between schools and libraries has many potential benefits for public libraries and primary schools.

A catchment of primary schools has been identified for each library branch. This information is available on the public libraries' website at www.librariesireland.ie/services-to-schools

Each partner library branch will provide the services outlined below and will liaise directly with each primary school during the school year. In the case of certain schools, some of the services will be provided by the mobile library, school library van or through the library headquarters, to be determined at local discretion. Under the collaborative approach, each library service will make contact with the school principal in the near future, and again towards the beginning of each school year. Such contact will provide information in relation to the library services and resources available to each school.

The range of library services offered to primary schools includes the following:

• Facilitating class visits from primary schools, arranged locally in advance

- Providing a dedicated teacher's card on request to every teacher in every primary school to enable each teacher to borrow items for his/her class
- Making presentations on the library services for each school, as requested by the school, at a time agreed with the principal, as part of in-service training. The presentation may be facilitated at the school and can be made to teachers, pupils and/or parents. Schools may cluster together for this presentation, if desired.
- Providing:
 - o Reading and curriculum support materials
 - o Online learning resources
 - o Resources and reference materials to support school projects
- Providing a reading space for children and access to electronic resources in each partnered library service
- Providing reference resources and research assistance to pupils and teachers for school project work
- Providing information for parents about the range of library resources and the activities available to support the development of their children's literacy and numeracy skills
- Providing ongoing library programmes and initiatives throughout the year, including an annual summer activities' programme, to support the continuing development of children's literacy and numeracy skills
- Providing access to a wide range of historical material about the local area, including maps, photographs, documents and information.

6. Review of the Literacy and Numeracy Strategy

The publication in January 2015 of the very positive results of the National Assessments of English Reading and Mathematics indicate that all of the overall targets at primary level, which were set out in the Literacy and Numeracy Strategy published in 2011, have now been met. In this welcome context, an interim review of the National Literacy and Numeracy Strategy planned for 2016 has now been brought forward to 2015. The 2015 interim review of the National Literacy and Numeracy Strategy will provide an opportunity to establish new attainment targets that will increase our expectations and aspirations for all of our young people between now and 2020.

Schools are encouraged to consult <u>www.education.ie</u> regularly for news of further developments.

Breda Naughton Principal Officer Curriculum & Assessment Policy Unit April 2015

Appendix

STEP BY STEP GUIDE TO UPLOADING RETURNS (Special and Infant Schools – See below)

In order to upload the returns, please **fully complete** the following steps:

DATA ENTRY

- 1. The designated **data entry** person in your school should log onto the Esinet portal, click on 'Literacy and Numeracy Returns', and then 'CAP Application', before entering the results of the tests on the form on screen, and clicking '**Submit**'.
- 2. Once the scores are submitted, the data entry person should log out.

APPROVER

- 3. The designated **approver** in your school should then log onto the Esinet portal, click on 'Literacy and Numeracy Returns', and then 'CAP Application'.
- 4. If the approver is satisfied that the correct scores have been entered, he/she should click 'Approve'.
- 5. A message will appear to say 'Thank you. Your records have been successfully approved'.
- 6. The approver should then click 'Finish'.

Please note the following points in relation to the uploading of returns on the Esinet portal:

- All returns must be submitted <u>online</u>. Postal returns will <u>not</u> be processed
- Returns should be submitted by the <u>designated</u> data entry person in your school <u>and</u> then approved by the designated approver
- > Submitted returns will <u>not</u> show up in the **OLCS** approval list. The approver must log into the application and approve the data

IMPORTANT NOTE FOR SPECIAL SCHOOLS: 'NIL' RETURN OPTION

In the case of special schools if, in the view of the school principal, all relevant pupils have a learning or physical disability which would prevent them from attempting the tests, the system now allows you to make a <u>NIL</u> return. In this case, <u>please do not enter any data (including zeros)</u> into the STen levels. Select the <u>NIL</u> option on the first page.

IMPORTANT NOTE FOR INFANT SCHOOLS

As infant schools have no pupils in second, fourth or sixth class, no return is required. If an infant school logs on to the system, the school will not be recognised by the system. If such a school is in doubt, please contact literacynumeracy1415@education.gov.ie.

An Rannóg Pholasaí, Curaclaim agus Measúnachta, An Roinn Oideachais agus Scileanna, Sráid Mhaoilbhríde Baile Atha Cliath 1



Curriculum and Assessment Policy Unit, Department of Education and Skills Marlborough Street Dublin 1

To: Boards of Management, Principal Teachers and Teaching Staff of Primary Schools and Special Schools CEOs of ETBs

Information in relation to Actions under the Literacy and Numeracy Strategy Standardised Testing, Reporting and Other Matters

Academic Year 2013/14 and Subsequent Years

Circular Letter 0045/2014

1. Revised School Report/Transfer Card Templates

The principal of each primary school is required to send a copy of the end-of-year report card to the post-primary school to which a child transfers (Circular 56/2011). This information is only provided after enrolment in the post-primary school has been accepted.

The National Council for Curriculum and Assessment (NCCA) has developed a suite of materials to support the reporting and transfer of pupil information from primary to post-primary schools. The materials are presented under the umbrella title of Education Passport and are available at www.ncca.ie/transfer.

From 2013/2014 schools can use their current NCCA report card templates or some/all of the new Education Passport materials to support the reporting and transfer of student information. The report card should be sent to the relevant post-primary school following confirmation of enrolment by the post-primary school and, ideally, by the end of June.

The standard report/transfer card has been developed by the NCCA, following an extensive period of engagement with stakeholders, to support the dual purpose of reporting to parents and transferring student information to post-primary schools post-enrolment.

From **2014/15** schools will be required to use the Education Passport materials. These include

- The standard 6th Class Report Card Template for completion by schools.
- The *My Profile* sheet for completion by pupils in primary schools before being shared with their parents/guardians.
- The *My Child's Profile* sheet for completion by parents/guardians. This should be sent with the *My Profile* sheet to parents/guardians by the end of the second week of June at the latest. Parents may complete the *My Child's Profile* should they wish to do so.

Further details on reporting arrangements are available at www.ncca.ie/transfer.

Further information will issue on the requirements for 2014/15 in due course.

2. Standardised Testing in Primary Schools – Returns for 2013/14

Thank you for your continued co-operation in providing the results of your standardised testing via the Esinet online system. All schools responded last year and we acknowledge the work of school staff in this regard.

You will have recently received funding for 2013/2014 standardised testing. These funds may be used to purchase test instruments and materials such as teachers' manuals, test scoring services or test-related software offered by test providers. Any funds remaining after the standardised testing costs have been met may be spent on diagnostic tests in accordance with a school's needs.

During May/June 2014, you should carry out the tests in accordance with circulars 0056/2011 and 0018/2012 available at www.education.ie. The results of these tests must be uploaded onto the Esinet portal on or before 16th June 2014.

Note that the online system has been updated this year to include separate reporting of all STens. In the new system, STens 1-3 and 8-10 are no longer grouped together. The system now provides for reporting STens at each level from 1-10.

A step by step guide to uploading the returns is attached in the Appendix.

Schools are reminded of their reporting obligations in Part 7 of Circular 0056/2011: Reporting and Using the Results of Assessments to Improve Pupil Learning. These include:

- Reporting to parents: Schools are reminded that they should issue written reports to parents in sufficient time before the closure of the school for the summer vacation to allow parents a reasonable opportunity to seek meetings with the principal and/or teacher(s) to discuss the written report, if necessary.
- ➤ Using report card templates: Note that all primary schools must use one of the report card templates (available at www.ncca.ie) for reporting to parents on students' progress and achievement at school (as reiterated at section 1 above)
- > Reporting, analysing and using assessment information at school level
- > Reporting information from standardised tests to their board of management
- ➤ Reporting assessment results to other schools
- Reporting standardised test results to the Department of Education and Skills

Note that the administration of standardised tests to whole classes is inappropriate in infant classes. Standardised tests, if used before the end of first class, should be administered in small groups only. See www.ncca.ie for more information.

3. Support for Parents

The National Adult Literacy Agency has developed small Z-cards for parents to help support their children's literacy and numeracy. These are credit sized cards that fold out like a map with 24 ways to keep children entertained and learning all through the summer. The cards are available for collection in your local education centre, if you wish to make them available to the parents of pupils in your schools.

4. Primary Online Database (POD)

The Department of Education and Skills is currently in the process of developing an individualised database of primary school pupils, known as the Primary Online Database (POD). This will give schools the ability to make online returns to the Department. POD will collect individual information on each pupil, including their PPSN. POD will, when introduced, negate the need for schools to complete the National School Annual Census. The introduction of POD will also facilitate the identification of pupils who do not make the transfer from primary to post-primary. Further details are outlined in circular 0017/2014. Note that initial discussions have taken place on the possible future inclusion of the collection of some of the data items outlined in section 2 in POD.

Ί	'han	k yo	ou fo	r you	ır ass	istance

Yours sincerely,

Breda Naughton
Principal Officer
Curriculum & Assessment Policy Unit

Appendix

STEP BY STEP GUIDE TO UPLOADING RETURNS

In order to upload the returns, please **fully complete** the following steps:

DATA ENTRY

- 1. The designated **data entry** person in your school should log onto the Esinet portal, click on 'Literacy and Numeracy Returns', and then 'CAP Application', before entering the results of the tests on the form on screen, and clicking 'Submit'.
- 2. Once the scores are submitted, the data entry person should log out.

APPROVER

- 3. The designated **approver** in your school should then log onto the Esinet portal, click on 'Literacy and Numeracy Returns', and then 'CAP Application'.
- 4. If the approver is satisfied that the correct scores have been entered, he/she should click 'Approve'.
- 5. A message will appear to say 'Thank you. Your records have been successfully approved'.
- 6. The approver should then click 'Finish'.

Please note the following points in relation to the uploading of returns on the Esinet portal:

- All returns must be submitted <u>online</u>. Postal returns will <u>not</u> be processed
- Returns should be submitted by the <u>designated</u> data entry person in your school <u>and</u> then approved by the <u>designated</u> approver
- Submitted returns will **not** show up in the OLCS approval list. The approver must log into the application and approve the data

IMPORTANT NOTE FOR SPECIAL SCHOOLS: NIL RETURN OPTION

In the case of special schools if, in the view of the school principal, all relevant students have a learning or physical disability which would prevent them from attempting the tests, the system now allows you to make a nil return. In this case, please do not enter data into the STen levels.

IMPORTANT NOTE FOR INFANT SCHOOLS

As infant schools have no pupils in second, fourth or sixth class, no return is required. If an infant school logs on to the system, the school will not be recognised by the system.



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Circular 0018/2012

To: Boards of Management, Principal Teachers and Teaching Staff of Primary Schools

Supporting Assessment: Standardised Testing in Primary Schools

Circular 0056/2011, which issued in October 2011, asked schools to implement a range of measures relating to the National Literacy and Numeracy Strategy. These measures included the implementation of standardised testing at three points in the primary school cycle and the reporting of the information from these tests to parents, boards of management and the Department of Education and Skills

The purpose of this circular is to give further information on the implementation of the revised standardised testing arrangements.

Please bring this circular to the attention of the board of management, principal and teaching staff of your school.

Breda Naughton, Principal Officer

April 2012

1. Background:

Circular 0056/2011 sets out, in detail, arrangements in relation to assessment under *Literacy* and *Numeracy for Learning and Life: The National Strategy to Improve Literacy and Numeracy among Children and Young People 2011-2020.* (www.education.ie/featuredlinks/literacyandnumeracyforlearningandlife)

Schools should consult that circular to ensure that they are fully implementing all the measures relating to the Literacy and Numeracy Strategy. This circular focuses on aspects of implementation that relate to the administration of standardised tests and the reporting of the results of those tests.

Paragraph 6.4 of Circular 0056/2011 provides as follows in relation to standardised testing:

Schools are requested to ensure that standardised testing is implemented on an annual basis in the relevant classes beginning in May/June 2012.

- English-medium schools will be required to implement standardised testing in English reading and Mathematics during the period May/June for all students in 2nd, 4th and 6th classes with effect from 2012 onwards
- Irish-medium schools will be required to implement standardised testing in Irish reading, English reading and Mathematics during the period May/June for all students in 2nd, 4th and 6th classes with effect from 2012 onwards

2. Grants Available

Circular 0056/2011 provided that the grant for test instruments, scoring and manuals would be adjusted to take account of the additional testing point and that payment would be advanced from December 2012 to April 2012. The following grants were lodged in schools' bank accounts in 2012.

- English medium schools: A grant of €5.10 per pupil, subject to a minimum grant of €140 per school, based on the overall enrolment at 30 September 2011. This allows for testing at 2^{nd} , 4^{th} and 6^{th} class in English reading and Mathematics.
- Gaeltacht schools and Gaelscoileanna: A grant of €6.40 per pupil, subject to a minimum grant of €1.62 per school based on the enrolments at 30 September 2011. This allows for testing at 2nd, 4th and 6th classes in Irish reading, English reading and Mathematics.

The funds may be used to purchase test instruments and materials such as teachers' manuals, test scoring services or test-related software offered by test providers. Any funds remaining after the standardised testing costs have been met may be spent on diagnostic tests in accordance with school needs.

3. Report Card Templates for Parents

The National Council for Curriculum and Assessment has provided a range of standard report templates to assist schools in reporting information about the progress of primary pupils to parents, including information from standardised tests. All primary schools must use one of the report card templates for reporting to parents on pupils' progress and achievement at the end of the school year. The report that schools provide for pupils in 2nd, 4th and 6th classes will include the results of standardised tests.

The NCCA has developed an online tool that will help primary schools to create a report card using these report card templates. The Report Card Creator can be accessed at www.reportcard.ncca.ie. A postcard on the Report Card Creator is included in this mailing and at appendix 1 below.

In addition, the NCCA has developed an information leaflet that explains standardised test results to parents. This leaflet is available in several languages at www.ncca.ie and should be enclosed with the school report (see appendix 1 for further information).

4. Reporting to the Department of Education and Skills

As indicated in Circular 0056/2011, data on student achievement are essential to inform national education policy and to identify ways of improving the performance of the education system. All primary schools will be required to report aggregate standardised test results for 2^{nd} , 4^{th} and 6^{th} classes once annually to the Department of Education and Skills.

The Department is developing an online system to enable schools to upload their standardised test data **via Easinet.** Appendix 2 sets out the aggregate data schools will need to retain from the 2011/12 tests to make a return via the online system. It is anticipated that the online system will be operational in Autumn 2012 and guidance will be provided to schools on how to use the system.

Appendix 1

Information for Parents on Standardised Tests:

To access information for Parents on Standardised Testing. On the home page click on "blue NCCA column". On the right hand side of the page, click on link to "Information for Parents". In the centre of the page, click on "Primary". On left hand column "About us", click on "Standardised Tests".



APPENDIX 2

INFORMATION TO BE RETAINED BY SCHOOLS FOR ONLINE SUBMISSION TO THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND SKILLS IN AUTUMN 2012

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Roll number	County	School	

ENGLISH READING

Please enter the number of students in second, fourth and sixth classes whose **scores** on a standardised test of English reading fall within the following ranges in respect of tests undertaken in May/June 2012:

Class	STen 1- 3	STen 4	STen 5	STen 6	STen 7	STen 8 - 10	Number of pupils tested	Numbers of pupils exempted from test	Number of pupils absent and not exempted	Total enrolment in class
Second class										
Fourth class										
Sixth class										

Test administered
Drumcondra Reading
Test
or
Micra-T Reading Test
Drumcondra Reading
Test
or
Micra-T Reading Test
Drumcondra Reading
Test
or
Micra-T Reading Test

Roll number County	School	
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IRISH READING (FOR USE ONLY IN IRISH-MEDIUM SCHOOLS)

Please enter the number of students in second, fourth and sixth classes whose **scores** on a standardised test of Irish reading fall within the following ranges in respect of tests undertaken in May/June 2012:

Class	STen 1- 3	STen 4	STen 5	STen 6	STen 7	STen 8 - 10	Number of pupils tested	Numbers of pupils exempted from test	Number of pupils absent and not exempted	Total enrolment in class
Second class									•	
Fourth class										
Sixth class										

Test administered
Drumcondra Reading Test
Drumcondra Reading Test
Drumcondra Reading Test

Roll number County	School
--------------------	--------

MATHEMATICS

Please enter the number of students in second, fourth and sixth classes whose **scores** on a standardised test of mathematics fall within the following ranges in respect of tests undertaken in May/June 2012:

Class	STen 1- 3	STen 4	STen 5	STen 6	STen 7	STen 8 - 10	Number of pupils tested	Numbers of pupils exempted from test	Number of pupils absent and not exempted	Total enrolment in class
Second class									·	
Fourth class										
Sixth class										

Test administered
Drumcondra Maths
Test
or
Sigma-T Maths Test
Drumcondra Maths
Test
or
Sigma-T Maths Test
Drumcondra Maths
Test
or
Sigma-T Maths Test

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Circular Letter 0066/2011

To Boards of Management, Principal Teachers and Teaching Staff of Gaelscoileanna and Gaeltacht Primary Schools

INITIAL STEPS IN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE NATIONAL LITERACY AND NUMERACY STRATEGY

Circular 0056/11 asked schools to implement a range of measures relating to the National Literacy and Numeracy Strategy. The measures include the implementation of standardised testing in Irish-medium schools with effect from 2012 at the end of 2nd, 4th, and 6th class, in English reading, Mathematics and Irish reading.

The purpose of this circular is to clarify that the version of the Drumcondra tests which should be used for Irish reading in Irish-medium schools is the test standardised specifically for Irish medium schools i.e

Triail Ghaeilge Dhroim Conrach do Bhunscoileanna Gaeltachta agus Lán-Ghaeilge (TGD-G)

The Education Research Centre has also produced a test for English-medium schools, **Triail Ghaeilge Dhroim Conrach do Bhunscoileanna Rialta (TGD-R).** This test should not be administered in Irish-medium schools

Please bring this to the attention of teachers and members of the school board of management

Margaret Kelly Principal Officer.

EXAMPLE OF FORMAT OF REPORT OF AGGREGATE STANDARDISED TEST RESULTS TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND SKILLS FROM JUNE 2012 ONWARDS

_				
Ī	Roll number	County	School	

IRISH READING (FOR USE ONLY IN IRISH-MEDIUM SCHOOLS)

Please enter the number of students in second, fourth and sixth classes whose **scores** on a standardised test of Irish reading fall within the following ranges in respect of tests undertaken in May/June 2012:

Class	STen 1-3	STen 4	STen 5	STen 6	STen 7	STen 8 - 10	Numbers of pupils excluded from test	Total enrolment in class
Second class								
Fourth class								
Sixth class								

Test administered
Drumcondra
Irish ReadingTest
for Irish-medium primary
schools
(TGD-G)
Drumcondra
Irish ReadingTest
for Irish-medium primary
schools
(TGD-G)
Drumcondra
Irish ReadingTest
for Irish-medium primary
schools
(TGD-G)

Rannóg Pholasaí, Cháilíochtaí, Churaclaim agus Mheasúnachta, An Roinn Oideachais agus Scileanna, Bloc 2, Sráid Maoilbhríde, Baile Átha Cliath 1

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Circular Letter 0056/2011

To Boards of Management, Principal Teachers and Teaching Staff of Primary Schools

INITIAL STEPS IN THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE NATIONAL LITERACY AND NUMERACY STRATEGY

SUMMARY

This circular

- Draws the attention of boards of management, principal teachers and teachers to the publication of Literacy and Numeracy for Learning and Life: The National Strategy to Improve Literacy and Numeracy among Children and Young People, 2011 - 2020 (see Section 1-2)
- Lists five areas for immediate action under the strategy (Section 3)
- Provides brief information on some initial developments in professional development opportunities for teachers to support literacy and numeracy (Section 4)
- Asks schools to increase the time devoted to the teaching of literacy and numeracy with effect from January 2012 (Section 5)
- Outlines the arrangements for the assessment of pupils' progress that are designed to support better literacy and numeracy teaching in school, including information on enhanced grants to schools for the purchase of assessment materials (Section 6)
- Describes how assessment information on pupils' progress should be recorded, used and reported (Section 7)
- Provides information on national and international assessments of reading and mathematics in which Irish schools are involved and sets out requirements on schools regarding participation in these studies (Section 8).

The requirements on schools contained in this circular are highlighted in italicised bold type. (A summary of these requirements is included in Section 9 of the circular.)

Please bring this circular to the attention of teachers and members of the school board of management.

Margaret Kelly, **Principal** 4th November 2011

INTRODUCTION

The Minister for Education and Skills has asked that *Literacy and Numeracy for Learning and Life: The National Strategy to Improve Literacy and Numeracy among Children and Young People, 2011 - 2020* be brought to the attention of boards of management, principal teachers and teaching staff of primary schools. A copy of the strategy is available for download on the Department's website, www.education.ie. A printed summary of the key measures in the Strategy is enclosed for the information of teachers and members of boards of management.

Literacy¹ and numeracy² are among the most important skills taught in our schools. They are fundamental to a person's ability to succeed in education, to gain fulfilling employment and to lead a satisfying and rewarding life. The national strategy emphasises the important roles that schools, teachers and parents play in fully developing these skills.

2. CONSULTATION PROCESS

The national strategy was developed and published by the Minister for Education and Skills following an extensive consultation process. Many teachers and school communities contributed to the process and national organisations representing teachers, parents, boards of management and many community organisations were also involved.

The publication of the strategy marks the beginning of a major national effort to improve literacy and numeracy standards among children and young people. The strategy adopts a comprehensive approach and includes a broad range of actions. These include measures to improve the curriculum, to build the capacity of school leaders, to enhance teaching skills through the provision of continuing professional development, to strengthen and extend the duration of initial teacher education, and to promote a greater awareness among parents and the community of the importance of literacy and numeracy. These actions will be implemented over time. Supports for schools and teachers are being made available through enhanced provision for continuing professional development.

The Minister wishes to convey his sincere gratitude to the large number of individual principals, teachers and school staffs that submitted detailed responses and suggestions to the Draft Plan for Literacy and Numeracy. Many of these suggestions are reflected in the National Strategy.

3. FIVE AREAS FOR IMMEDIATE ACTION

The Minister now seeks the co-operation of school management and teachers in the implementation of five key areas of the Strategy:

- (a) Improved professional development for teachers
- (b) Increasing the time available for teaching literacy and numeracy

¹ Literacy includes the capacity to read, understand and critically appreciate various forms of communication including spoken language, printed text, broadcast media, and digital media.

² Numeracy encompasses the ability to use mathematical understanding and skills to solve problems and meet the demands of day-to-day living in complex social settings.

- (c) Improving arrangements for assessment of children's literacy and numeracy achievement
- (d) Better arrangement for reporting children's progress
- (e) Co-operating with the administration of national and international assessment studies

The Minister has also asked the National Council for Curriculum and Assessment to begin work on revisions to the curriculum and on the provision of additional resources to support the teaching of literacy and numeracy.

4. INITIAL AND CONTINUING PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT FOR TEACHERS

The Literacy and Numeracy Strategy acknowledges that improvements to initial teacher education and better continuing professional development for serving teachers and principals are required to support the implementation of the strategy. The Minister is committed to ensuring that relevant and focussed continuing professional development opportunities will be provided for teachers during the lifetime of the Strategy.

Work has already commenced on this task:

- The Teaching Council is advancing the changes to initial teacher education and in summer 2011 over 12,000 primary teachers participated in an increased number of summer professional development courses that focussed on literacy and numeracy
- A national programme of continuing professional development courses for principals commenced in autumn 2011. Details of the courses are being made available to schools from the Professional Development Service for Teachers
- Specific units on the teaching of literacy and numeracy and the use of assessment have been developed and included within the induction programme that is now available to all newly qualified teachers during their probationary period. Principals are asked to encourage all newly qualified teachers to participate fully in the induction programme.

5. INCREASING TIME FOR LITERACY AND NUMERACY

5.1 An increased time allocation for literacy and numeracy

The *National Strategy* provides that the time spent in developing literacy and numeracy skills at primary level should be increased. This emphasis on literacy and numeracy was strongly endorsed in the consultation on the strategy.

The Department has asked the National Council for Curriculum and Assessment (NCCA) to review the suggested timeframe in the *Primary School Curriculum* in the light of the need to increase the time for literacy and numeracy.

5.2 Immediate adjustment to time for literacy and numeracy

Pending the adjustments to the existing recommended timeframe by the NCCA and with effect from January 2012 all primary schools will be required to:

- increase the time spent on the development of literacy skills, particularly in the first language of the school, by one hour overall for language (Irish and English) per week (i.e. to 6.5 hours for infants with a shorter day, and to 8.5 hours per week for students with a full day)
- increase the time spent on mathematics by 70 minutes per week to 3 hours and 25 minutes per week for infants with a shorter day, and to 4 hours and 10 minutes per week for students with a full day.

You are requested to make provision for these arrangements in your school through a combination of approaches such as:

- integrating literacy and numeracy skills with other curriculum areas
- using some or all of discretionary curriculum time for literacy and numeracy activities
- re-allocating time spent on the other subjects in the curriculum to the development of literacy and numeracy
- prioritising the curriculum objectives which are considered most valuable in supporting children's learning and delaying the introduction of elements of some subjects (for example, by delaying the introduction of strands and strand units from the history and geography curriculum for the infant classes and first and second classes to later in the primary cycle).

An agreed whole school approach should be recorded in the School Plan so that individual teachers' planning can be aligned with the decisions made at school level. (The Curriculum Planning Tool at www.nccaplanning.com provides support for teacher planning and promotes planning for integration by allowing searches for key words across the entire curriculum).

This increased emphasis on literacy and numeracy is not intended to lead to a narrowing of the curriculum: for example, while language lessons will provide some of the main opportunities to develop literacy skills, literacy can also be taught through many other aspects of the curriculum.

6. ASSESSING CHILDREN'S LITERACY AND NUMERACY ACHIEVEMENT

6.1 The role that assessment should play

Gathering evidence about how well students are learning, and using this information to improve the learning opportunities provided for them are essential elements in ensuring that each student makes good progress in developing literacy and numeracy skills. This process of gathering and using assessment data should begin at the level of the individual student to

enable the teacher to adjust instruction to suit the needs of individual learners and to inform them and their parents about the progress that they are making.

Gathering and using assessment data also needs to take place at the level of the school, where principals, teachers and boards of management can use this information to identify how well they are providing for the literacy and numeracy needs of individual students and groups of students in the school and how best they can improve the learning in the school.

Assessment data is also needed to inform national educational policy for literacy and numeracy and identify ways of improving the performance of the school system. The literacy and numeracy strategy is designed to improve significantly the collection and analysis of information about students' learning in literacy and numeracy.

6.2 Guidelines on assessment

Assessment in the Primary School: Guidelines for Schools was developed by the NCCA and issued to all teachers in primary schools at the end of 2007. The guidelines provide advice to schools on how best to fulfil Section 22 of the Education Act which requires schools "to regularly evaluate students and periodically report the results of the evaluation to the students and their parents". The guidelines are available to download from the website www.ncca.ie under Publications.

6.3 Assessment for learning and assessment of learning approaches

The NCCA guidelines provide practical advice on developing a school's assessment policy based on two assessment approaches:

- Assessment for Learning takes place when the teacher shares information about the child's learning with the child and when the teacher uses this information to plan the next steps in their teaching and in the student's learning
- Assessment of Learning is used to provide a summary of what the student has
 achieved at fixed points, such as at the end of a period of study, or when a unit of
 work is completed, or at the end of an academic year. Information from assessment
 of learning can be used to report to others, such as parents and other teachers.

Schools should use a balanced combination of assessment for learning and assessment of learning practices. Detailed advice on both types of assessment is contained in the NCCA guidelines, Assessment in the Primary School: Guidelines for Schools.

School management and staff are requested to review their assessment policies and practices in the light of the NCCA publication, Assessment in the Primary School: Guidelines for Schools and the requirements of the National Literacy and Numeracy Strategy.

6.4 Standardised testing

One element of assessment is standardised testing. Circular 0138/2006 required all schools to implement standardised testing in English reading and mathematics at two points in the primary cycle. This approach has been reviewed as part of the development of the National Literacy and Numeracy Strategy.

Following widespread consultations on the national literacy and numeracy strategy, the Minister has determined that the arrangements for standardised testing should be amended as follows:

- English-medium schools will be required to implement standardised testing in English reading and Mathematics during the period May/June for all students in 2nd, 4th and 6th classes with effect from 2012 onwards
- Irish-medium schools will be required to implement standardised testing in Irish reading, English reading and Mathematics during the period May/June for all students in 2nd, 4th and 6th classes with effect from 2012 onwards

You are requested to ensure that standardised testing is implemented in your school on an annual basis in the relevant classes beginning in May/June 2012.

Students may be excluded from standardised testing if in the view of the school principal they have a learning or physical disability which would prevent them from attempting the tests or, in the case of migrant students, where the level of English required in the test would make attempting the test inappropriate.

6.5 Selection of test instruments

The selection of the appropriate standardised test instrument is a matter for decision by individual schools, provided that the tests chosen are normed for the Irish population and are consistent with the primary curriculum.

6.6 Grants available

The grant for test instruments, scoring and manuals will be adjusted to take account of the additional testing point, and the payment date will be advanced from December 2012 to April 2012.

The funds may be used to purchase test instruments and materials such as teachers' manuals, test scoring services or test-related software offered by test providers. Any funds remaining after the standardised testing costs have been met may be spent on diagnostic tests in accordance with a school's needs.

6.7 Maintenance of records

For students in the selected classes, the results of the standardised tests should be maintained carefully by the school and should be available for inspection by Department officials.

7. REPORTING AND USING THE RESULTS OF ASSESSMENTS TO IMPROVE PUPIL LEARNING

7.1 Reporting to parents

Parents play a critical role in supporting their children's learning. Schools can strengthen the capacity of parents to support their children in this way by sharing meaningful information with parents about the progress that children are achieving in the education system. This information needs to draw on the different sources of evidence that teachers use, such as conversations with the learner, examination of students' own self-assessment data, documented observations of the learner's engagement with tasks, outcomes of other assessment tasks and tests, and examples of students' work. In turn, parents will often be able to enrich teachers' knowledge of their students' progress through providing further information about the students' learning at home.

7.2 Report card templates

Schools should help parents to understand fully the evidence of learning that the school reports to them, especially information from standardised tests. The NCCA has provided a range of standard report templates to assist schools in reporting information about the progress of primary pupils to parents, including information from standardised tests. The NCCA report card templates were developed through a process of consultation with schools and parents and take account of research commissioned by the NCCA.

The report cards provide for reporting in four key areas:

- the child's learning and achievement across the curriculum
- the child's learning dispositions
- the child's social and personal development
- · ways in which parents can support their child's learning

All primary schools must use one of the report card templates (available at www.ncca.ie) for reporting to parents on students' progress and achievement at school with effect from the date of this circular.

7.3 How often should schools report to parents?

By maintaining regular contact with parents about their children's learning, schools can help parents to support their children's learning and progress. This regular contact and the flow of information between parents and the school can take place in a wide variety of ways. Many schools have found that a whole-school policy on links with parents can greatly assist in strengthening this important relationship.

While schools will communicate frequently with parents about their children's learning, principals and teachers are required to report on children's progress to their parents twice during each school year:

- One of these reporting events must include a written report at the end of the school year presented in the format of one of the NCCA report templates described above
- The other reporting event may include a meeting, or a meeting and a written report
- The results of any standardised test administered by the school must be included on the report template. (Under the Data Protection Act (1998 & 2003), parents are entitled to the results for their children of any standardised tests that a school has administered.) The results of standardised tests must be recorded in a separate section of the child's report card either as a standard score³ or as a STen score⁴
- Schools must issue written reports to parents in sufficient time before the
 closure of the school for the summer vacation to allow parents a reasonable
 opportunity to seek meetings with the principal and/or teacher(s) to discuss the
 written report if necessary.

7.4 How can schools help parents to understand the results of standardised tests?

The report template provides space to record the results of standardised tests and space for a brief comment on the test score. The NCCA has published explanatory leaflets for parents entitled *Your Child and Standardised Testing*. Separate leaflets for STen scores and standard scores are available on the NCCA website, www.ncca.ie. Information on interpreting and reporting standardised test results is also provided on pages 60-65 of the NCCA publication *Assessment in the Primary School Curriculum – Guidelines for Schools* (2007).

Schools should provide parents with copies of the NCCA explanatory leaflets when issuing written reports to parents.

³ Standard scores are transformations of raw test scores and usually range from 55 to 145, with a mean (average) of 100

⁴ STen scores are a ten-point scale derived from standard scores, with 1 representing the lowest category and 10 the highest. (An extensive description of interpreting standardised test scores is provided in Section 2 of the NCCA Assessment in the Primary School Curriculum – Guidelines for Schools (2007).

7.5 Reporting, analysing and using assessment information at school level

Aggregated assessment information for classes or groups in a school can be a very important source of evidence for a school community as it seeks to improve teaching and learning. Effective schools analyse data from standardised tests and other sources regularly and track trends over time. They track not only the general achievement of all students but also the achievement of particular groups, including more able students and vulnerable groups who are at risk of encountering learning difficulties.

Effective schools use the data from assessment to identify priorities for their development including changes they may wish to make in teaching approaches, their priorities for staff development and for the acquisition of resources. They also use assessment information as part of their monitoring of the effectiveness or otherwise of the initiatives that they put in place to improve students' learning.

Teachers, principals and boards of management should use assessment information, including information about literacy and numeracy, to inform their school self-evaluation, reflective practices and their school improvement plans.

7.6 Limitations on using aggregated data

It is important to note that there are some limitations to the inferences that can reliably be made when making comparisons based on the results of a small number of student assessments. For example, there is a greater possibility that chance factors will influence the aggregate scores of tests when the number of students tested is small. Inferences from comparisons are more reliable when the numbers assessed are in the region of ten students or more at each class level, especially when comparing trends in achievement over time or in comparing results with those of similar schools.

7.7 Reporting information from standardised tests to boards of management

Boards of management can play a key role in encouraging a reflective school culture in which the principal, staff and board review practice regularly and seek to improve the quality of teaching and pupils' learning outcomes. This sort of culture is essential to improve attainment in literacy and numeracy. Reviewing regularly the general standard of learning outcomes makes an important contribution to this process.

Under the provisions of section 9(k) the Education Act, 1998, schools must monitor the attainment levels and academic standards of students as part of their ongoing monitoring of school effectiveness.

With effect from 1 June 2012:

- Principal teachers in primary schools are required to report annually aggregated assessment data from standardised tests to the board of management of their schools
- The report will comprise the aggregated results of standardised tests administered in accordance with this circular. A copy of the form for reporting test results is appended to this circular.

7.8 Reporting assessment results to other schools

Transferring assessment information between schools, for example, when pupils move to another primary school or transfer to a post-primary school, is important to ensure continuity of learning for pupils.

With effect from 1 June 2012:

- The principal of each primary school must send a copy of the end-of-year report card (including the information from standardised tests) to the primary or second-level school to which a student transfers
- This information should only be provided after enrolment in the primary or second-level school has been accepted
- Legislative arrangements have been made to provide for sharing information on progress, including the results of standardised tests, where students transfer from one school to another. The Education (Welfare) Act 2000 (Section 28) and the (Prescribed Bodies) Regulations 2005 allow schools to share relevant information concerning a child transferring between recognised schools without breaching data protection law.

7.9 Reporting standardised test results to the Department of Education and Skills

Data on student achievement is essential to inform national education policy and to identify ways of improving the performance of the education system.

With effect from 1 June 2012:

- Primary schools will be required to report aggregate standardised test results to the Department of Education and Skills once annually
- The aggregate results for each class should be recorded following completion of standardised assessments of reading and mathematics in second, fourth and sixth classes in May/June of each year
- The template for reporting to boards of management (included in the appendix)
 will be used to collect the data
- The Department will not collect assessment information on individual students from schools
- The Department will consult with the relevant partners on the most manageable methods by which the data may be collected and schools will be informed of the administrative arrangements for the collection of the data before June 2012
- Please note that there is no intention to publish data for individual schools or to enable the data to be used for the compilation of league tables.

8. NATIONAL AND INTERNATIONAL ASSESSMENTS

8.1 The National Assessments of Mathematics and Reading

For a number of years, the Educational Research Centre has conducted periodic National Assessments of Mathematics and English Reading. The last such assessments were conducted in 2009.

These assessments are based on the testing of a scientifically constructed sample of schools and pupils. No individual school results are identifiable in this process.

The assessments provide important additional national information on attainment in mathematics and reading and on a range of factors that may affect attainment, including, for example, changes in methodology or curriculum, the impact of socio-economic factors, etc. They also allow trends over time to be monitored.

8.2 International assessments

From time to time, Ireland participates in international studies that examine the attainment of students in literacy, numeracy and other subjects. Like the national assessments, these studies are based on a scientifically selected sample of students and schools, and no individual school results are identifiable in this process. The most recent international studies in which Irish primary pupils and schools participated were the Progress in International Reading Literacy Study (PIRLS) and the Trends in International Mathematics and Science Study (TIMSS). Studies like these provide important comparative information about the attainment of students in Ireland and about the factors that can affect student learning.

8.3 Participation in national and international assessments

The sample schools for inclusion in national and international assessments are selected on a scientific basis in order to ensure that appropriate proportions of different schools are included (for example, small, medium and large schools; DEIS and non-DEIS schools; girls-only schools, boys-only schools and co-educational schools; English-medium schools and Irish-medium schools; and at post-primary level, voluntary secondary schools, community and comprehensive schools and schools in the VEC sector). This ensures that the data from the assessments is genuinely representative of the Irish school system.

In order to ensure that the national and international assessments are based on scientifically selected samples of pupils and schools, schools will be required to cooperate with such national and international testing where requested to do so by the Minister for Education and Skills with effect from the date of this circular.

9. SUMMARY CHECKLIST OF REQUIREMENTS

You are requested to make provision for the requirements of this circular in your school by:

•	increasing the time spent on literacy to 6.5 hours per week for the infant classes and 8.5 hours per week for the students with a full day	See Section 5.2 for details
•	increasing the time spent on mathematics to 3 hours 25 minutes per week for infant classes and to 4 hours and 10 minutes per week for students with a full day	Section 5.2
•	reviewing the assessment policy of your school to ensure that it is fully informed by the NCCA publication, Assessment in the Primary School: Guidelines for Schools (2007) and the requirements of the National Literacy and Numeracy Strategy	Section 6.2 and Section 6.3
•	implementing standardised testing in the period May/June for 2^{nd} , 4^{th} and 6^{th} class students, from 2012 onwards	Section 6.4
•	maintaining carefully the results of standardised tests in the school and making these available to Department officials for inspection	Section 6.7
•	reporting to parents on the progress of their children using the NCCA templates for this purpose and by including the results of any standardised testing undertaken on the report cards. (The NCCA has developed information leaflets for parents explaining standardised test results (www.ncca.ie) which should be enclosed with the reports)	Sections 7.1 to Section 7.4 inclusive
•	providing copies of pupils' report card information and standardised test results to the principals of schools to which pupils transfer; (at the end of sixth class or earlier); this information to be transferred to the new school only following the pupil's enrolment in that school	Section 7.8
•	using standardised test results in reading and mathematics and other assessment information to inform your school's self-evaluation and school improvement plan	Sections 7.5-7.6
•	arranging for aggregated results of standardised tests conducted in your school to be reported to the board of management and the Department of Education and Skills once annually	Sections 7.8-7.9
•	co-operating with requests from the Minister for Education	Section 8.3

• co-operating with requests from the Minister for Education and Skills to participate in national and international

assessments of pupil achievement.

APPENDIX

EXAMPLE OF FORMAT OF REPORT OF AGGREGATE STANDARDISED TEST RESULTS TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION AND SKILLS FROM JUNE 2012 ONWARDS

Roll number	County	School	

ENGLISH READING

Please enter the number of students in second, fourth and sixth classes whose **scores** on a standardised test of English reading fall within the following ranges in respect of tests undertaken in May/June 2012:

Class	STen 1-3	STen 4	STen 5	STen 6	STen 7	STen 8 - 10	Numbers of pupils excluded from test	Total enrolment in class
Second class								
Fourth class								
Sixth class								

Test administered
Drumcondra Reading Test
or
Micra-T Reading Test
Drumcondra Reading Test
or
Micra-T Reading Test
Drumcondra Reading Test
or
Micra-T Reading Test

Dell number	County	Cohool
Roll number	County	School
	,	

IRISH READING (FOR USE ONLY IN IRISH-MEDIUM SCHOOLS)

Please enter the number of students in second, fourth and sixth classes whose **scores** on a standardised test of Irish reading fall within the following ranges in respect of tests undertaken in May/June 2012:

Class	STen 1-3	STen 4	STen 5	STen 6	STen 7	STen 8 - 10	Numbers of pupils excluded from test	Total enrolment in class
Second class								
Fourth class								
Sixth class								

Test administered
Drumcondra Reading Test
Drumcondra Reading Test
Drumcondra Reading Test

Dall mumban		Country	Cobool
Roll number	(County	School
	I .		

MATHEMATICS

Please enter the number of students in second, fourth and sixth classes whose **scores** on a standardised test of mathematics fall within the following ranges in respect of tests undertaken in May/June 2012:

Class	STen 1-3	STen 4	STen 5	STen 6	STen 7	STen 8 - 10	Numbers of pupils excluded from test	Total enrolment in class
Second class								
Fourth class								
Sixth class								

Test administered						
5 L M // T /						
Drumcondra Maths Test						
or						
Sigma-T Maths Test						
Drumcondra Maths Test						
or						
Sigma-T Maths Test						
Drumcondra Maths Test						
or						
Sigma-T Maths Test						

Rannóg Pholasaí, Cháilíochtaí, Churaclaim agus Mheasúnachta,An Roinn Oideachais agus Scileanna, Bloc 2, Sráid Maoilbhríde, Baile Átha Cliath 1



Qualifications, Curriculum and Assessment Policy Unit, Department of Education and Skills, Block 2 Marlborough Street, Dublin 1

(01) 8892384

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Circular No. 0025/2012

To Boards of Management, Principal Teachers and Teaching Staff of Post-Primary Schools

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE NATIONAL LITERACY AND NUMERACY STRATEGY

1. The National Strategy

Literacy and Numeracy for Learning and Life: The National Strategy to Improve Literacy and Numeracy among Children and Young People, 2011 - 2020 was launched on 8 July 2011. This letter serves to draw the attention of boards of management, principal teachers and teachers to the publication of the Strategy.

A copy of the Strategy is available for download on the Department's website, <u>www.education.ie</u>. A printed summary of the key measures in the Strategy in booklet form is attached as indicated in Circular 0058/2011.

Literacy and numeracy are among the most important skills taught in our schools. They are fundamental to a person's ability to succeed in education, to gain fulfilling employment and to lead a satisfying and rewarding life. Advances in communication systems demand ever-increasing competence in literacy and numeracy and emphasise the important roles that schools, teachers and parents play in fully developing these skills.

The National Literacy and Numeracy Strategy 2011-2020 seeks to enhance achievement in literacy and numeracy in our primary and post-primary schools. The Strategy includes a number of recommendations in relation to the curriculum, building the capacity of school leaders, enhancing teaching skills through the provision of continuing professional development, strengthening and extending the duration of initial teacher education, and promoting a greater awareness among parents and the community of the importance of literacy and numeracy and their role in relation to literacy and numeracy. These recommendations are being implemented over time.

2. Implications for Post-Primary Schools

The promotion of an integrated, whole-school approach to literacy and numeracy is critical at post-primary level. The Strategy provides that "Literacy and numeracy activity can become contextualised, meaningful and purposeful to the learner through

many subjects and areas of learning." In that context, strengthening skills in this area is a task for **all** teachers, not just teachers of language or mathematics.

Some of the main actions contained in the Strategy to improve the curriculum and learning experience at post-primary level, to help students with additional learning needs to achieve their potential in literacy and numeracy, and to improve assessment and evaluation to support better learning in literacy and numeracy, are already being implemented, or will be implemented shortly. These include:

- syllabus reform beginning with the revision of Junior Certificate English and Irish syllabuses
- continuation of the roll-out of Project Maths including the provision of a comprehensive programme of professional development
- continuing professional development for all teachers with a focus on literacy and numeracy and the use of assessment
- continuing to support enhanced literacy and numeracy provision for students from disadvantaged backgrounds and for students with additional educational needs, including students with special educational needs, students of exceptional ability and migrants whose first language is not the language of the school
- using self-evaluation approaches for whole school development planning

The Minister seeks the co-operation of school management, principals and teachers in the implementation of the above and other actions in the Strategy. These actions will continue to be implemented over time and further information on specific measures required of post-primary schools will be issued.

3. Standardised Testing

The Strategy provides for standardised testing for students in second year in postprimary schools in English reading and mathematics in all schools and, in addition, in Irish reading in Irish-medium schools. Funding will be provided to schools to assist with the testing.

Development of the tests is currently being progressed and further information will issue in due course. It is expected that the tests will be introduced in 2014.

4. Other Testing

In line with the Strategy, all post-primary schools are required to co-operate, when requested, with all national and international surveys approved or commissioned by the Department of Education and Skills.

Participation in international surveys such as, for example, PISA (the OECD Programme for International Student Assessment) enables the achievement of students in reading literacy, mathematics and science to be benchmarked against international standards.

5. Reporting of Student Progress by Primary Schools to Post-Primary Schools

It is important that assessment information is transferred between schools especially when students transfer from primary to post-primary school. This ensures continuity and progression of learning for students. At primary level, students take standardised tests in 2nd, 4th and 6th classes.

Legislative arrangements have been made to provide for the sharing of information on progress, including the results of standardised tests, where students transfer from one school to another. The Education (Welfare) Act 2000 (Section 28) and the (Prescribed Bodies) Regulations 2005 allow schools to share relevant information concerning a child transferring between recognised schools without breaching data protection law.

With effect from the date of this circular:

- Each post-primary principal is responsible for informing the principal of each primary school of the names of students for whom enrolment in his or her post-primary school has been confirmed.
- Upon receipt of this information, the principal of each primary school is required (Circular 0056/2011) to send a copy of the end-of-year report card (including the information from standardised tests at sixth class in primary school) to the post-primary school to which a student is transferring. Reporting templates have been developed for this purpose by the NCCA and can be viewed at www.ncca.ie.
- The primary principal should transfer the report for the student by the end of the first week of September at the latest.

6. Time for Literacy and Numeracy

Junior Cycle

Junior Cycle reform proposals have been published and discussions on their implementation are beginning. The proposals are designed to enable schools to provide additional time to support literacy and numeracy as well as making time and space for the embedding of key skills, active learning, compiling portfolios, and ensuring that students acquire and consolidate the skills they need for their future learning throughout life.

Further guidance will be provided to schools to enable them to make the transition to the revised junior cycle programme. If schools are in a position to begin the transition with the cohort of students enrolling in 2013, they are encouraged to so.

Across the Curriculum

Literacy and numeracy are cross-curricular skills and they can be supported across the curriculum. There is particular scope to address literacy and numeracy in the context of instruction in the language of the school and in Mathematics

Mathematics

As you will be aware, the recent circular on mathematics (0058/2011) asked schools to make every effort to ensure that students have access to a mathematics lesson every day, particularly in junior cycle, from the earliest possible date; that mathematics be strengthened in Transition Year, where available; and that every effort should be made, insofar as is possible, to deploy teachers who hold a qualification in mathematics to mathematics teaching. This is particularly important in the formative years of junior cycle.

English and Irish

Similarly, students should have access to an English lesson every day, particularly in junior cycle, from the earliest possible date. In addition, students in Irish-medium schools should have access to an Irish lesson every day.

7. Continuing Professional Development

Supports for schools and teachers are already being made available through enhanced provision for Continuing Professional Development (CPD). In this context, a key focus of the Professional Development Service for Teachers (PDST) in the coming years will be to support post-primary schools (both English and Irish-medium) in driving improvement of literacy and numeracy outcomes.

The PDST will communicate with schools, in collaboration with the national Education Centre network, to inform them of upcoming CPD opportunities. Full day seminars on the literacy and numeracy Strategy have already been provided to school leaders. In 2012/13, CPD on School Self-Evaluation will be offered to all schools. In addition, a seminar will be provided for a 'link' teacher for literacy or numeracy from each post-primary school. To register for link teacher seminars or for further CPD information, see www.pdst.ie.

The PDST will also facilitate requests for in-school/whole-school CPD, where possible.

Participation in summer courses will also constitute part of the range of professional development opportunities available to all teachers. Course providers will continue to be encouraged to submit summer course applications for post-primary teachers, including courses related to literacy and numeracy themes.

The National Induction Programme for Teachers will carefully tailor supports to the professional needs of newly qualified teachers in the post-primary sector by building on their learning at initial teacher education stage. This is particularly important at

post-primary level where teachers qualify as subject specialists but all must support their students to maximise their proficiency in literacy and numeracy as well as in content-specific knowledge and skills. Website support, workshops and school-based support will be available in a range of areas including literacy, numeracy and assessment.

This Department recently put in place a Professional Diploma in Mathematics for Teaching, which is aimed at 'out-of-field' teachers of Mathematics at post-primary level. It covers mathematical content and knowledge, and teaching and learning strategies/approaches relevant to the Project Maths syllabi, which are being rolled out in schools. The course will be available nationwide free of charge, with specific provision for teachers in Irish-medium schools. It will be accredited jointly by the University of Limerick and National University of Ireland Galway through their strategic alliance, and the National Centre for Excellence in Mathematics and Science Teaching and Learning will be responsible for all aspects of course design, delivery and administration. The course will commence this autumn and there is capacity for 390 teachers. All queries on eligibility or on applications should be made through the University of Limerick.

The Department strongly encourages principals and teachers to avail of all relevant CPD opportunities including those offered by the PDST, other support services and education centres and through the Professional Diploma in Mathematics for Teaching.

8. School self-evaluation and Literacy and Numeracy

The Literacy and Numeracy Strategy also provides for the introduction of school self-evaluation to support school improvement. Further details and guidance regarding school self-evaluation will be issued to schools early in the school year 2012-13. This information will include details of the supports that will be provided to schools to assist in the implementation of school self-evaluation.

During the implementation of school self-evaluation, schools will be asked to prioritise the review and improvement of literacy and numeracy so that the Literacy and Numeracy Strategy and the introduction of school self-evaluation will complement each other.

9. Circulation

Please bring this letter and enclosure to the attention of your principal, teachers and members of the school board of management.

Breda Naughton Principal Officer June 2012

Education Passport Pas Oideachais

Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an iarbhunscoil

Outline of transfer process from primary to post-primary

Primary principal Parent(s)/guardian(s)

Phases of Transfer

	Role/Responsibility Who?	Action What?	Timeframe When?				
1	Post-primary principal or designated person	Forward Information Request Form to the primary school(s)	Any time after Parent(s)/guardian(s) confirms enrolment				
	Primary principal or designated person	Forward Information letter 6th Class Report Card My Profile Form My Child's Profile Form to Parent(s)/guardian(s)	By the end of the second week of June				
2	Parent(s)/guardian(s)	Complete and return My Child's Profile Form to the primary school within five working days	By the end of the third week of June				
	Primary principal or designated person	Forward Copy of Education Passports: 6th Class Report Card My Profile Form My Child's Profile Form to the post-primary school(s)	By early September				
3	Post-primary principal or designated person	Forward Information Receipt to the primary school to acknowledge receipt of Education Passports and confirm pupil registration	By end of first week of October				



Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition

Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an iarbhunscoil

Information Request





[home]

Upon receipt of written confirmation of enrolment from each pupil's parent/guardian, the post-primary school principal should forward the completed Information Request form to the relevant primary school principal.

POST-PRIMARY SCHOOL DETAILS								
School		Principal						
Address	Roll No.		email					
			landline					
			mobile					
PRIMARY SCHOOL DETAILS School								
INFORMATION REQUEST BY THE POST-PRIMARY SCHOOL								
	ation Passports for the named pupils. I verify that writi received from the pupils' parent(s)/guardian(s) before							
Principal [Signature	Date	DD/MM/YYYY					

ADVISORY NOTE TO PRIMARY SCHOOLS

Sharing pupil information

The DES Circular 0056/2011 (Primary) confirms that legislative arrangements have been made to provide for the sharing of information on progress where students transfer from one school to another. The Education (Welfare) Act 2000 (Section 28) and the (Prescribed Bodies) Regulations 2005 allow schools to share relevant information concerning a child transferring between recognised schools.



Education Passport Pas Oideachais

Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an iarbhunscoil

Information Request

To be completed by **post-primary principal**

Pas Oideachai
Supporting your child's transit from primary to post-primary
Ag tacú le haistríú do limbh do

Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoll go dtí an iarbhunscoil

Information Request



To be completed by **post-primary principal**

NUMBER	PUPIL NAMES	D.O.B.	NUMBER	PUPIL NAMES	D.O.B.
	As on birth certificate	DD/MM/YY		As on birth certificate	DD/MM/YY
1					
2					
3					
4					
5					

This template is provided for your convenience. Schools may use their own template provided they use the headings above.

Education Passport Pas Oideachais Suporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dt'an iarbhunscoil

Education Passport

To be completed by **primary school principal**



[home]

Dear Parent(s)/Guardian(s),

You may be beginning to think about how you can support your child to make the move from primary to post-primary school. Sharing information about your child's learning is an important part of this. Your child's primary school will do this using the Education Passport.

Your child's Education Passport consists of:

- 6th class end of year report card.
- My Profile sheet completed by your child in school.
- My Child's Profile sheet which you are invited to complete.

The information contained in the Education Passport is intended to:

- Provide a rounded picture of your child's progress and achievement at primary school.
- Help your child to continue to make progress
- Signal to post-primary schools where additional support(s) may be needed to help your child's learning.

Please complete the My Child's Profile sheet and return to the school within five working days.

Please refer to ncca.ie/transfer for further information and FAQs or contact the school if you have any queries.

ours sincerely,	
Primary school principal	
DD/MM/YYYY	





Education Passport Pas Oideachais

Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an iarbhunscoil

My Profile





YOU WILL SOON BE MOVING FROM PRIMARY SCHOOL TO POST-PRIMARY SCHOOL.

Share some information about yourself with your new school Remember that there are no right or wrong answers! This information will help your new teachers get to know you and help you settle into your new school.	My name The name I use every day if different	
My primary school		
My new post-primary school		School Name
1. In primary school, I take part in activities such as	Glacaim páirt i ngn	íomhaíochtaí sa bhunscoil cosúil le
2. My hobbies and interests are	ls iad na caithimh a	imsire agus na spéiseanna atá agam ná
3. I am good at	Tá mé go maith ag.	
4. I sometimes need help with	Teastaíonn cúnamh	n uaim ó am go chéile le
5. When I am in first year I hope that I	Nuair a bheidh mé	sa chéad bhliain, tá súil agam go
6. Friends starting with me in my new school are	Is iad mo chairde a	tá ag tosú liomsa i mo scoil nua ná
Лу signature	Date 0	DD/MM/YYYY



Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition

Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an iarbhunscoil

My Child's Profile

To be completed by parent(s)/guardian(s)



Your child will soon be moving from primary school to post-primary school.

As part of your child's Education Passport we invite you to add information about your child by completing this form.

Please complete and return to your child's primary school principal within five working days.

This is my/our first experience of a o	child starting in post-primary so	chool. Yes No	
Child's name	Primar	y school name	
Child's home language(s)			
1. In school, my child enjoys		Ar scoil, baineann mo pháiste sult as	
2. Outside school, my child enjoys		Lasmuigh den scoil, baineann mo pháis	te sult as
3. My child sometimes needs help with	h	Teastaíonn cúnamh ó mo pháiste ó am	go chéile le
4. General comment about my child's	learning	Ráiteas ginearálta faoi fhoghlaim mo ph	náiste
Signature of parent(s)/guardian(s)		Date DD/MM/YYYY	
		DD/MM/YYYY	



Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistrú do linbh of mbunscoil go dtí an iarbhunscoil

Information Receipt

To be completed by **post-primary principal**



The post-primary principal should forward this form to the primary school principal by the end of the **first week of October.**

POST-PRIMARY	SCHOOL DETAILS		
School		Principal	
Address	Roll No.		email
			landline
			mobile
PRIMARY SCHOO	DL DETAILS		
School		Principal	
Address	Roll No.		email
			landline
			mobile
CONFIRMATION	OF PUPIL INFORMATION RECEIPT	AND REGISTRATION	
CONTINUATION	or rolle in onmarion receir r	AND REGISTRATION	
	ipt of the Education Passports for the		
· ·	ts received for any pupil(s) who did rill be disposed of in an appropriate ar	•	by the
30th September V	in be disposed of in an appropriate an	ia comidential marmer.	
	n the Education (Welfare) Act, 2000, ed as 'registered' are now registered i	,-,	
school.	ou do register de die nom register du r	ene abore namea pose	F
Post-primary principa	Signature	Date	DD/MM/YYYY



Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition

Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an iarbhunscoil

Information Receipt



To be completed by **post-primary principal**

By ticking the relevant boxes you are confirming that

- The child is registered in your school by the 30th of September.
- The child's Education Passport was received from his/her primary school.

NUMBER	PUPIL NAMES
	As on birth certificates
1	
2	
3	
2	
4	
5	

Printson NSCHOOL

OTH CLASS REDORT CARD

WY CHILUS SPORTE

Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an iarbhunscoil

Completing report cards

Guide for primary teachers



[home]

Report cards provide teachers with an opportunity to share information in writing about children's progress and achievement in learning. They are a key part of the communication between school and home. The end-of-year 6th class report card also provides post-primary schools with a summary of children's learning progress and achievement.

REPORT CARDS SHOULD INCLUDE...

- all relevant information about children's progress and achievement in a clear and concise manner
- information about *how* a child learns as well as *what* a child learns. This holistic information should identify and celebrate a child's current learning, and indicate next steps for future learning. Links between information about children's achievement, areas for development, and actions the school and parent/ guardians might take to support next steps should be made.
- information that is accurate and *based on evidence* gathered over time using a range of assessment methods. The assessment methods commonly used in the primary school are identified in Assessment in the Primary School Curriculum: Guidelines for Schools (NCCA, 2007).
- information that reflects the trend in the child's learning over the year
- information that is *consistent with feedback* shared with children and parents/ guardians throughout the year. In this way the report card confirms and affirms what parents/ guardians already know, and in turn, ensures that there should be no surprises.

IN GENERAL, NARRATIVE COMMENTS SHOULD...

- be consistent with the information summarised in the rating scales
- focus on what was learnt and how well, where improvement is needed and what should be done next
- focus on key messages rather than become overly detailed
- avoid labelling children
- be presented in language that is easily understood by parents/guardians. For example, specialist terms like 'higher order thinking' should be avoided.
- be legible. Completing report cards on computer will ensure that comments are legible, and will also support their electronic management by your school.



Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an iarbhunscoil

Completing the 6th Class Report Card

Guide for primary teachers / Information for primary principals



[home]

Teachers may find this guide helpful when completing the end-of-year <u>6th Class Report Card</u>. The report card is part of the **Education Passport** materials. It is available in one format only to ensure consistency in the nature of the information received by post-primary schools. The guide is presented in the same sequence as the headings on the report card.

1. CHILD'S DETAILS

- Name: Insert the child's name as it appears on the birth certificate, where this information is available.
- **Likes to be known as (if different from above):** Insert the name commonly used by the child in school if it is different from the name that appears on the birth certificate.

2. YOUR CHILD AS A LEARNER and YOUR CHILD'S SOCIAL AND PERSONAL DEVELOPMENT

• I When reporting on children with special educational needs, the 'Plan' or 'P' column should be used where a plan is in place for children in receipt of additional supports in 6th class. These supports relate to Learning Support and Resource teaching in accordance with NEPS Continuum of Support and DES Circular o2/05, Appendix 3. The term 'plan' is an umbrella term for any learning plan in place to support the child. Examples of plans that may link to the reporting areas 'Your child as a learner' and your child's social and personal development' include a Behaviour Support Plan, an Individual Profile and Learning Programme (IPLP), and an Individual Educational Plan (IEP).

Complete the rating scale by reference to the goals identified in the plan.

• In the example shown, the teacher ticked the 'P' for plan beside those items on the report card that related to the goals in the child's behaviour support plan. The teacher then used the rating scale to share information that reflected the child's progress based on *this plan*.

Report card extract showing the use of the 'P' column

Your child's social and personal development					
1 Rarely 2 Sometimes 3 Most of the	time	4	Alwa	ays	
	Р	1	2	3	4
Manages and expresses own feelings well				✓	
Is sensitive to others' feelings			✓		
Mixes well with other children			✓		
Behaves well in class	✓		✓		
Behaves well in the playground	✓		✓		
Participates well in Religious or Ethical Education				✓	



Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an larbhunscoil

Completing the 6th Class Report Card



Guide for primary teachers / Information for primary principals

3. YOUR CHILD'S LEARNING DURING THE YEAR

3.1 RATING SCALES

- In general, your judgements about the progress and achievement during the year should be referenced to expectations based on the content objectives/outcomes in the primary school curriculum for 6th class. This common reference point is important to ensure consistency in the information shared with post-primary schools
- For children with special educational needs and who have a plan to support learning, an extra " ✓ " should be placed in the column marked 'P' beside any item(s) that relates to this plan. 'P' is an abbreviation of the word 'plan'
- The term 'plan' is an umbrella term for any learning plan that a school may have in place to support the child in 6th class e.g. IPLP, IEP.
 - Information you share in the rating scale about the child's learning should reflect expectations based on this plan and not the content objectives/outcomes in the primary school curriculum for 6th class.
 - In the example shown, the child had an IPLP and was allocated learning support for English reading at the time of completing the report card. The tick indicates that the child's achievement in reading is meeting expectations based on the IPLP. Given that the child does not have an individualised plan for writing, the tick indicates that the achievement of the child in writing is *meeting expectations* based on the content objectives/outcomes in the primary school curriculum for 6th class.

Report card extract showing the use of the rating scale

Working towards expectations Meeting expectations Ahead of expectations				
English	Р	1	2	3
Communicates with others in a clear and effective way				✓
Understands what is said by others			✓	
Reading	✓		✓	
Writing		✓		

3.2 SUBJECTS

• Information about a child's exemption from the study of Irish is available in the child's *Certification of Exemption* issued by the primary school and available in school records. Before sending the report card to the post-primary school, the *Certification of Exemption* should be attached.



Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an iarbhunscoil

Completing the 6th Class Report Card



Guide for primary teachers / Information for primary principals

4. STANDARDISED TEST SCORES

- Include the child's 6th class test scores for Maths and English reading in the spaces provided. Test scores for Irish reading are required where a child attends an Irish-medium school.
- Where available, include test scores from *2nd and 4th classes*. This information provides the post-primary school with a broad overview of the child's scores.
- All standardised test scores should be shared as STen scores only. This promotes consistency in the information received by a post-primary school from its feeder primary schools. STen scores are also the format submitted annually by primary schools to the DES.
- Enter 'Not Applicable' or 'N/A' in place of a test score in the following circumstances:
 - For Irish reading where replace children attend an English-medium school.
 - For children (who) may be excluded from standardised testing in line with **DES Circular 0056/2011**, p.6.

Report card extract sample

Standardised test scores			
		Sten Score	
	2nd Class	4th Class	6th Class
Maths	4	5	5
English reading	6	5	6
Irish reading	N/A	N/A	N/A

STen scores: 1-3 Well below average, 4 Low average, 5-6 Average,

5. ATTENDANCE

Insert the total number of days that a child was absent from school during 6th class up to the date of the report card.

6. PUNCTUALITY

The descriptors 'Very good' and 'Needs improvement' are deliberately stated in broad terms to recognise that detailed records of children's punctuality may not be available.



⁷ High average, 8-10 Well above average

^{*}Irish reading test for Irish-medium primary schools only.



Completing the 6th Class Report Card



Guide for primary teachers / Information for primary principals

7. HOW YOU CAN FURTHER SUPPORT YOU CHILD'S LEARNING

- Provide a small number of practical suggestions on how the parent can further support the child's learning. These suggestions should relate directly to one or more key areas of development identified earlier in the rating scales. Most, if not all, of the suggestions may already have been shared at the annual parent-teacher meeting or other incidental meeting(s).
- The suggestions may relate to the child as a learner, the child's social and personal development or the child's learning across the curriculum. Useful stems for these suggestions include:
 - Talk with...
 - Provide opportunities with Odessa to...
 - Encourage Anna to...
 - Remind Kate to...
 - Help Alexander to...

Report card extract sample

How you can further support your child's learning

Encourage Alan to complete homework independently, where appropriate.

8. Comments

- In-school support: Where a child has a recognised Special Educational Need and/or is in receipt of in-school support, it may be useful to outline the supports provided to the child in this space.

 Here are some suggestions. It is not intended that you would include all suggestions. You may prefer to include other information that is not listed here.
- What the child has achieved: You could identify key achievements in the child's learning. The achievements may relate to the child as a learner, the child's social and personal development or the child's learning across the curriculum.



Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an iarbhunscoil

Completing the 6th Class Report Card



Guide for primary teachers / Information for primary principals

As space is limited, it is important to identify the aspects of achievement that are the most important for the child. It might also be helpful to consider if the child's ...

- effort reflects achievement.
- standardised test scores reflect achievement during the year. Scores for children with English as an Additional
 Language may not always reflect progress being made in class. Additional care should also be exercised in
 interpreting the scores of children with special educational needs.
- What worked best in supporting the child's learning: You could list key teaching, learning and/or assessment practices that were effective in supporting the child's learning, e.g., group work, one-to-one feedback, Picture Exchange Communication System (PECS).
- What areas need development: You could briefly identify any key area(s) where development may be needed. The suggestions may relate to the child as a learner, the child's social and personal development or the child's learning across the curriculum.
- **Next Steps:** You could briefly identify one or two actions to support the child's future learning in post-primary school. The action(s) should be manageable and realistic, and link with the areas for development.

Report card extract sample

Comments

Sarah was in receipt of 4 resource teaching hours and had access to SNA support.

Sarah responds well to opportunities to work with peers.

Sarah would benefit from further support to develop reading fluency.

9. SIGNATURES

Enter the signatures of the teacher and principal on the lines provided. In the event of using digital signatures, these lines should already have been deleted using the option provided in the Report Card Creator. This ensures that JPEG images of the digital signatures can be easily copied and pasted into the report card.



My Profile Suggested class work



WHY IS CLASS WORK SUGGESTED?

- The suggested class work supports children to reflect on the information they would like to share with their new school. In turn, children have more confidence when completing *My Profile*.
- Feedback from primary teachers suggested that the quality of information shared in *My Profile* is enhanced where children have frequent opportunities during the year to reflect on their learning. In turn, *My Profile* provides children's new post-primary schools with more meaningful information.

WHAT CLASS WORK IS SUGGESTED?

- My Profile presents children with a series of prompts. The suggested classwork consists of a range of activities that teachers may select from when supporting children to reflect on one or more of these prompts.
- The objective and brief description for each activity is provided.
- Opportunities for integrating the activities with curriculum subjects are identified. A mix of ongoing and once-off activities are included.
- Teachers may adapt the suggested activities in accordance with children's unique learning contexts.

WHEN DO CHILDREN COMPLETE MY PROFILE?

- It is recommended that children complete *My Profile* over a period of time e.g. during the final term. This 'process' approach to *My Profile* gives children time to reflect on and gain confidence in expressing information that they would like to share with their new post-primary school. The suggested classwork supports this process approach.
- While My Profile is completed in class, parents of children with special educational needs may also offer more support to the child at home.
- Children may complete a prompt in the *My Profile* sheet after a related class activity. In this way, *My Profile* is completed over time. Alternatively, children may complete all of the prompts at the same time at the end of the school year, recalling the earlier class activities as they do so.
- My Profile should be completed using bullet points to promote clarity and brevity.



My Profile Suggested class work



My Profile: Suggested class work

Section 1: Introducing My Profile

	Activity	Integration
What is a profile?	As a whole class, children identify a famous person they would like to meet e.g. President of Ireland	
	Children suggest questions they would ask if they met this person. It may be helpful if they see examples of similar profiles already published in a magazine or on the internet.	Language SPHE
	Help children identify some key questions e.g. What are your hobbies?	SPILE
	Explain that answers to these questions create a short description or profile of the person.	
What is My Profile?	Introduce My Profile to the children. Explain to the children that their completed profiles will be attached to their end-of-year report cards for their parents and their new post-primary school to read.	
	My Profile uses prompts rather than questions to help children share information about themselves with their new post-primary schools.	
	Introduce the children to the prompts. Explain that, over-time, they may be given opportunities to engage in activities that will help them to think about information they would like to share with their new post-primary schools.	





Suggested class work

Section 2: Activities to support *My Profile* prompts

Prompt	Activities	Objective	Description	Time	Integration
1. In primary school, I take part in activities such as e.g. school choir/football team, green flag.	Busy Bees: activities chart	To enable children to identify and celebrate their participation in the wider school life.	A Busy Bees chart is prominently displayed the class-room. Each child identifies, illustrates and displays the school activities in which s/he are involved. More may be added to over time.	Ongoing	SPHE Language Visual Arts
	Top News of the Week NEWS OF THE WEEK		Children share a report with the class about a school activity in which they were involved e.g. school quiz team	Ongoing	Language SPHE



Suggested class work



	Plays chess Plays musical instrument	Enjoys reading Enjoys programming and coding		Walking about, they identify those who match the statement and share their findings with the class.	30 IIIIIIS.	Languag e
	Getting to know our Loves hurling	hobbies Likes to bake		Children share their record with others: 'I likebe-cause' Children draft statements in a grid e.g. Likes to cook.	30 mins.	SPHE
	Our Interests poster			In pairs, children draw a body outline. Using the body shape and newsprint images etc., they record their interests and hobbies.	45 mins.	SPHE Visual Arts Language
2. My hobbies and interests are e.g. swimming, reading, cooking and boxing	Hobby portraits		To enable children to recognise and appreciate one another's talents and interests	Children gather newsprint images that represent their hobbies and interests to create a classroom collage.	30-45 mins.	SPHE Visual Arts



NCCA A Company North Carlot and Assessment

Suggested class work

3. I am good at e.g. taking care of my things, making new friends, playing the guitar and speaking Irish.	A poem about me Acrostic Poetry An acrostic poem Can be about anything, Really. Of course, some people like to Start each line as a sentence, Though I prefer weaving words into a Creation that is more freeform.	To enable children to reflect on, describe and discuss indi- vidual qualities and strengths.	Children compose and share an acrostic poem using the letters from their first name as a prompt to identi- fy examples of things they are good at.	30-45 mins.	Language SPHE Visual Arts
	I am special		Children record a compliment for the child identified on the top of a page. Starting at the bottom of the page, each child in turn adds a compliment and then folds it upwards so the next person cannot see it.	45 mins	English SPHE
4. I sometimes need help with e.g. maths problems, homework, time keeping.	Asking for help Helping hand	To enable children to reflect on and identify personal challenges.	Invite children recall a time when they asked for help e.g. problem solving in maths. Invite them to identify people who helped. Children draw an outline of their hand, and on each	30-45 mins	Language
			finger, record where they sometimes need help. Paste all of the hands together on one large chart.	30 mins.	Language Visual Arts





Suggested class work

5. When I am in first year I hope that I e.g. make new friends, enjoy my new subjects, get on the rugby team.	Freedom Musicals Homework New friends Canteen languages	To enable children to identify and express personal hopes and expectations for first year.	In pairs, children brainstorm their hopes for first year and share them as a wordle.	45 mins	EnglSPHE
6. Friends starting with me in my new school are e.g. names of 2-3 friends.	Friends spend time together watch out for one another Friends listen to one another	To enable children to recognise the importance of friends	Think-pair-share: 'Friends' Class discussion: 'The importance of friends especially as we move prepare to post-primary school'	45 mins	SPHE Language Visual Arts



Education Passport

Pas Oideachais

Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an iarbhunscoil

My Profile





YOU WILL SOON BE MOVING FROM PRIMARY SCHOOL TO POST-PRIMARY SCHOOL.

rself with your new school. or wrong answers!	My Name	
teachers get to your new school.	The name I use everyday	
es of your end-of-year 6th cla	report card and your Profile to you	r parents and your new school.
t in activities such as	Glacaim páirt i ngníomha	íochtaí sa bhunscoil cosúil le
-e	Is iad na caithimh aimsire	agus na spéiseanna atá agam ná
	Tá mé go maith ag	
1	Teastaíonn cúnamh uaim	ó am go chéile le
pe that I	Nuair a bheidh mé sa ché	ad bhliain, tá súil agam go
my new school are	Is iad mo chairde atá ag t	osú liomsa i mo scoil nua ná
	or wrong answers! teachers get to your new school. es of your end-of-year 6th class t in activities such as re pe that I	The name I use everyday The name I use everyd



Education Passport Pas Oideachais

Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an iarbhunscoil

My Child's Profile

Invitation to parent(s)/guardian(s)



DEAR PARENT(S)/GUARDIAN(S),

Later this year your child will be starting post-primary school. It is important that teachers in your child's new school begin to get to know him/her before the start of the new school year. This will help them to support your child's move from primary school. You may already have shared some information about your child with the post-primary school.

We will also share some information with your child's new post-primary school. We will send a copy of your child's end-of-year 6th class report card. We will also send a copy of the 'My Profile' sheet which your child completed. Before we do so, you are invited to add some more information by completing the section below. 'My Child's Profile' complements other ways for you to share information with the post-primary school.

If you complete the section below, please return a copy of this sheet to us within five school days of receiving it. You can find out more by visiting **www.ncca.ie/transfer** or by contacting us.

n school, my child enjoys	Ar scoil, baineann mo pháiste sult as
Outside school, my child enjoys	Lasmuigh den scoil, baineann mo pháiste sult as
My child sometimes needs help with	Teastaíonn cúnamh ó mo pháiste ó am go chéile le
General comment about my child's learning	Ráiteas ginearálta faoi fhoghlaim mo pháiste
General comment about my child's learning	Ráiteas ginearálta faoi fhoghlaim mo pháiste



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Print Form

Report card

For further information go to the National Council for Curriculum and Assessment website at



Name:	Gaeilge	* * * ★ ★	How you can further sup	oort your child's learning
Class:	Listening comprehension	0000		
CldSS.	Oral expression	00000		
Rarely Sometimes Most of the time Always	(Pre) Reading (Pre) Writing	100000		
Your child as a learner	(Fie) Willing			
Interested in learning			Standardised test re	sults (if applicable)
Listens attentively				
Works well independently	Mathematics	* * * * *		
Works well with other children	Understanding and recalling	0000		
Keeps trying even when tasks are difficult	Using procedures	0000		
Homework is of high quality	Reasoning and problem solving	ÖÖÖÖÖ		
Presents work carefully	Explaining and communicating	0000		
Your child's social and personal development			Comn	ients
Happy at school				
Behaves well in class	Social, Environmental and			
Mixes well with other children	Scientific Education	* * * * *		
Sensitive to others' feelings Behaves well in the playground	History	0000		
Manages and expresses own feelings well	Geography	0000		
	Science			
Your child's learning during the year				
* Experiencing significant difficulty	Arts Education	* * * ★		
 ★ Experiencing some difficulty ★ Managing comfortably ★ Capable and competent ★ Highly capable and competent 	Music	0000		
	Drama	0000		
English * * * *	Visual Arts	0000	Attendance	Punctuality
Listening comprehension				
Oral expression		* * * * *		1
Reading OOOO Written expression	Physical Education	0000	Teacher:	
Timen expression	Social, Personal & Health			
	Education	0000	Principal:	
	Religious/Ethical Education	0000	Date:	



Report card

For further information go to the National Council for Curriculum and Assessment website at



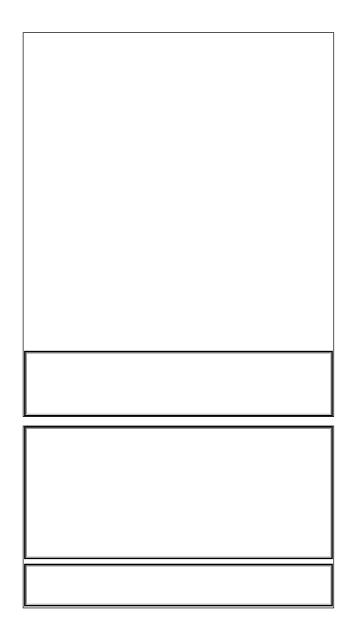
Name:	Gaeilge	1 2 3 4 5	How you can further supp	ort your child's learning
Class:	Listening comprehension	99999		
Your child as a learner	Oral expression	188888		
mes vs x	(Pre) Reading (Pre) Writing	KKKKK		
Rarely Sometimes Most of the time Always				
Interested in learning				
Listens attentively			Standardised test res	sults (if applicable)
Works well independently				
Works well with other children	Mathematics	1 2 3 4 5		
Keeps trying even when tasks are difficult Homework is of high quality	Understanding and recalling	12222		
Presents work carefully	Using procedures Reasoning and problem solving	- XXXXX		
	Explaining and communicating	88888		
Your child's social and personal development			Comm	ents
Rarely Sometimes Most of the time Always				
S Som Rg				
Happy at school				
Behaves well in class	Social, Environmental and Scientific Education	1 2 3 4 5		
Mixes well with other children Sensitive to others' feelings	History	0000		
Behaves well in the playground	Geography	88888		
Manages and expresses own feelings well	Science	00000		
Your child's learning during the year				
1 Experiencing significant difficulty 2 Experiencing some difficulty	Arts Education	1 2 3 4 5		
3 Managing comfortably 4 Capable and competent 5 Highly capable and competent	Music	00000		
English	Drama Viewal Arte	199999	Attendance	Punctuality
Listening comprehension	Visual Arts	10000	, teenaanee	· unctuanty
Oral expression		1 2 3 4 5		
Reading QQQQ	Physical Education	0000	Teacher:	
Written expression	Social, Personal & Health			
	Education	00000	Principal:	
	Religious/Ethical Education	00000	Date:	



Report card

For further information go to the National Council for Curriculum and Assessment website at





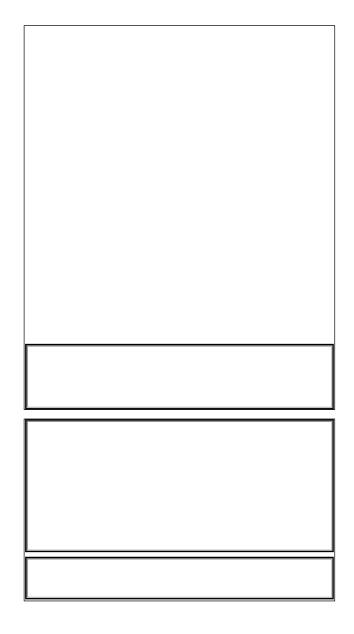
Name: Class: Your child as a learner	Your child's learning during the year Learning and Using English	How you can further supp	oort your child's learning
	Learning and Using Gaeilge	Standardised test re	esults (if applicable)
	Learning and Working with Mathematics		
	Learning about Myself and Others (Social, Personal & Health Education/Religious/Ethical Education)	Comm	nents
Your child's social and personal development	Learning about Myself and the Wider World (History/Geography/Science)		
	Creative Development (Visual Arts/Music/Drama)	Attendance	Punctuality
	Physical Education	Teacher: Principal: Date:	



Report card

For further information go to the National Council for Curriculum and Assessment website at



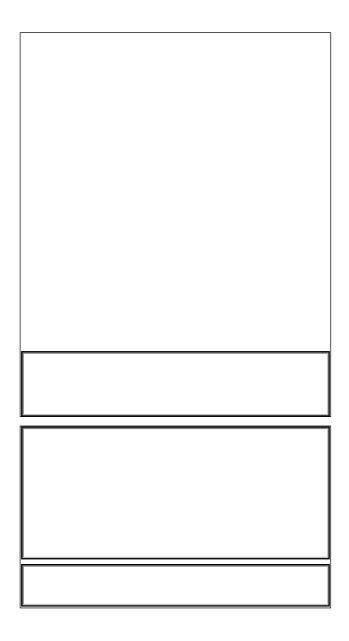


Name:	Gaeilge	* * * ★ ★	How you can further supp	ort your child's learning
Class:	Listening comprehension	0000		
	Oral expression	00000		
Your child as a learner	(Pre) Reading	99999		
	(Pre) Writing	100000		
			Standardised test re	sults (if applicable)
	Mathematics	* * * * *		
	Understanding and recalling	0000		
	Using procedures	0000		
	Reasoning and problem solving	00000		
Your child's social and personal development	Explaining and communicating	00000		
			Comm	ents
	Social, Environmental and Scientific Education	* * * ★ ★		
	History			
	Geography	 XXXXX		
	Science	KKKKK		
Your child's learning during the year	science			
★ Experiencing significant difficulty	Arts Education	* * * * *		
★ Experiencing some difficulty ★ Managing comfortably	Music	00000		
★ Capable and competent ★ Highly capable and competent	Drama	88888		
English ★ ★ ★ ★	Visual Arts	0000	Attendance	Punctuality
Listening comprehension				
Oral expression		* * * * *		
Reading QQQQ	Physical Education	0000	Teacher:	
Written expression	Social, Personal & Health		. 333	
	Education		Principal:	
	Religious/Ethical Education	00000	Date:	



For further information go to the National Council for Curriculum and Assessment website at



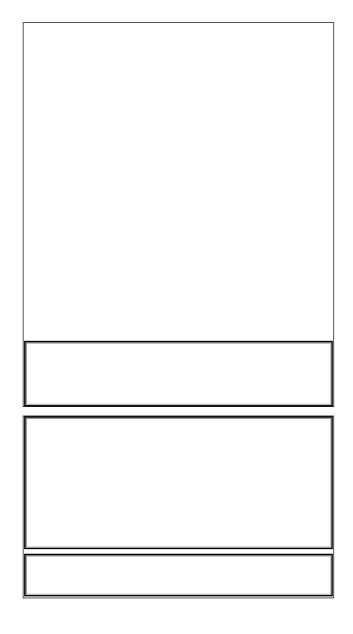


Name:	Your child's learning during the year	How you can further sup	port your child's learning
Class:	Learning and Using English		
Rarely Sometimes Most of the time Always			
Your child as a learner	Learning and Using Gaeilge	Standardised test re	sults (if annlicable)
Interested in learning Listens attentively Works well independently		Standardised test re	suits (ii applicable)
Works well with other children Keeps trying even when tasks are difficult Homework is of high quality	Learning and Working with Mathematics		
Presents work carefully		Comm	nents
	Learning about Myself and Others (Social, Personal & Health Education/Religious/Ethical Education)		
Your child's social and personal development Happy at school Behaves well in class Mixes well with other children	Learning about Myself and the Wider World (History/Geography/Science)		
Sensitive to others' feelings Behaves well in the playground Manages and expresses own feelings well	Creative Development (Visual Arts/Music/Drama)	Attendance	Punctuality
		Teacher:	
	Physical Education	Principal:	
		Date:	



For further information go to the National Council for Curriculum and Assessment website at



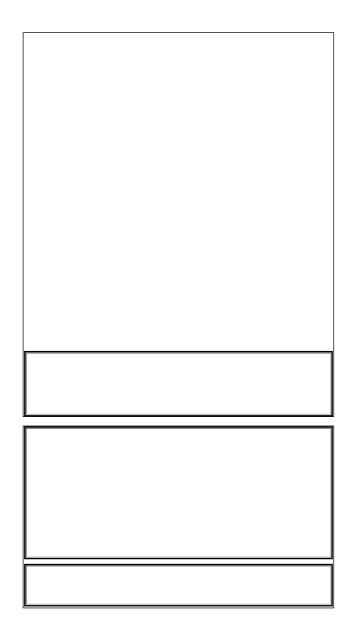


Name:	Gaeilge Listening comprehension	1 2 3 4 5	How you can further supp	oort your child's learning
Your child as a learner	Oral expression (Pre) Reading (Pre) Writing			
			Standardised test re	sults (if applicable)
	Mathematics Understanding and recalling Using procedures Reasoning and problem solving Explaining and communicating	1 2 3 4 5		
Your child's social and personal development			Comm	ients
	Social, Environmental and Scientific Education History Geography Science	1 2 3 4 5		
Your child's learning during the year 1 Experiencing significant difficulty 3 Managing comfortably 5 Highly capable and competent 2 Experiencing some difficulty 4 Capable and competent	Arts Education Music	1 2 3 4 5		
English 1 2 3 4 5 Listening comprehension	Drama Visual Arts	88888	Attendance	Punctuality
Oral expression Reading Written expression	Physical Education	1 2 3 4 5 OOOOO	Teacher:	
	Social, Personal & Health Education Religious/Ethical Education	00000	Principal:	



For further information go to the National Council for Curriculum and Assessment website at



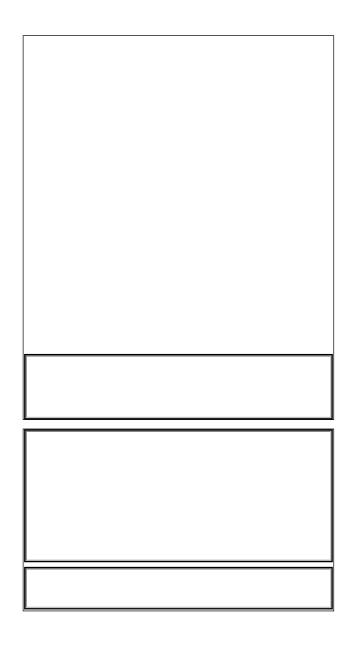


Name:	Your child's learning during the year	How you can further supp	oort your child's learning
Class:	Learning and Using English		
Your child as a learner Sometimes So	Learning and Using Gaeilge Learning and Working with Mathematics	Standardised test re	sults (if applicable)
	Learning about Myself and Others (Social, Personal & Health Education/Religious/Ethical Education)	Comm	nents
Your child's social and personal development Sometimes August of Most of the time Happy at school	Learning about Myself and the Wider World (History/Geography/Science)		
Behaves well in class Mixes well with other children Sensitive to others' feelings Behaves well in the playground Manages and expresses own feelings well	Creative Development (Visual Arts/Music/Drama)	Attendance	Punctuality
	Physical Education	Teacher:Principal:	



For further information go to the National Council for Curriculum and Assessment website at



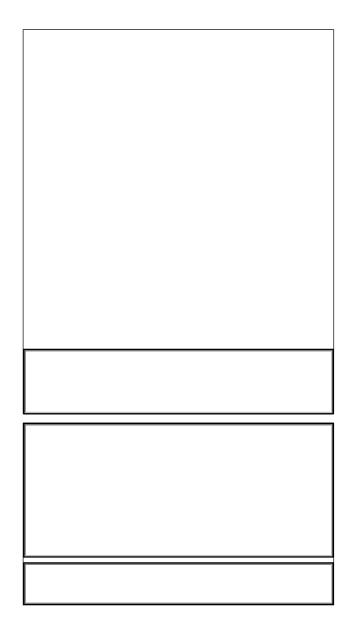


Lissening comprehension One expression One expression	Name:	Gaeilge	* * * * *	How you can further supp	ort vour child's learning
Interested in learning	Class:			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Interessed in learning Interessed in learning Works well inclease attentively Works well with other children Keeper typing even when tasks are difficult Interessed with other children Keeper typing even when tasks are difficult Interessed with other children Keeper typing even when tasks are difficult Interessed with other children Keeper typing even when tasks are difficult Interessed with other children Keeper typing even when tasks are difficult Interessed with other children Keeper typing even when tasks are difficult Interessed with other children Keeper typing even when tasks are difficult Interessed with carefulling Using procedures Resoning and problem solving Explaining and communicating Comments Comments Comments Comments Social, Environmental and Scientific Education History Geography Geog			88888		
Interessed in learning Listers attentively Works well inchapendorshy Works well inchapendorshy Works well with other children Keeps trying even when tasks are difficult Homework is of high quality Presents work carefully Your child's social and personal development Itappy at school Behaves well in class Mises well with other children Generative to other 'deiling' Behaves well in the playground Manages and expresses on relengs well **Coppetition spring during the year* **Experiencing significant afficulty* **Capable and competent **Highly capable and competent English Listening compehension Oral expression Written expression Teacher: Physical Education Teacher: Principal:		-	00000		
Interessed in learning Listers attentively Works well inchapendorshy Works well inchapendorshy Works well with other children Keeps trying even when tasks are difficult Homework is of high quality Presents work carefully Your child's social and personal development Itappy at school Behaves well in class Mises well with other children Generative to other 'deiling' Behaves well in the playground Manages and expresses on relengs well **Coppetition spring during the year* **Experiencing significant afficulty* **Capable and competent **Highly capable and competent English Listening compehension Oral expression Written expression Teacher: Physical Education Teacher: Principal:	arely etim ost o's time ways	(Pre) Writing	00000		
Using natemakely Works well with other children Works well w	Som R				
Works well independently Works well with other children Ekepsit tyring work when tasks are difficult Homework is of high quality Presents work carefully Understanding and recalling Using procedures Reasoning and problem solving	Interested in learning				
Mathematics	Listens attentively			Standardised test res	sults (if applicable)
Neeps trying even when tasks are difficult Comments	3 3 3 3				
Homework is of high quality Presents work carefully Presents work carefully Social and personal development		Mathematics	* * * * *		
Presents work carefully Your child's social and personal development Happy at school Behaves well in class Mixes well in the playground Manages and expresses own feelings well Experiencing significant difficulty **Capable and competent ** Highly capable and competent English Ustering comprehension Oral expression Written expression Vour child's learning during the year **Experiencing significant difficulty **Capable and competent ** Highly capable and competent English Physical Education Teacher: Principal: Teacher: Principal:		Understanding and recalling	0000		
Your child's social and personal development Happy at school Behaves well in class Mixes well with other children Sensitive to others' feelings Behaves well in the playground Manages and expresses own feelings well Your child's learning during the year * Experiencing significant difficulty * Managing comfortably * Capable and competent * Highly capable and competent English * * * * * * * * Music Drama Visual Arts Attendance Punctuality Teacher: Principal:		-	00000		
Comments Phappy at school	Presents work carefully	Reasoning and problem solving	0000		
Happy at school Behaves well in class Mixes well with other children Sensitive to others' feelings Behaves well in the playground Manages and expresses own feelings well **Experiencing significant difficulty **Capable and competent **Highly capable and competent **English	Your child's social and personal development	Explaining and communicating	00000		
Happy at school Behaves well in class Mixes well with other children Sensitive to others' feelings Behaves well in the playground Manages and expresses own feelings well **Experiencing significant difficulty** **Experiencing significant difficulty** **Experiencing some difficulty** **Anapable and competent **Highly capable and competent **English* Listening comprehension Oral expression Written expression **Teacher: Physical Education **Teacher: Principal:	\ \sqrt{\sq}\sqrt{\sq}}\sqrt{\sq}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}			Comm	ents
Happy at school Behaves well in class Mixes well with other children Sensitive to others' feelings Behaves well in the playground Manages and expresses own feelings well **Experiencing significant difficulty** **Experiencing significant difficulty** **Experiencing some difficulty** **Anapable and competent **Highly capable and competent **English* Listening comprehension Oral expression Written expression **Teacher: Physical Education **Teacher: Principal:	Rarely netin netin netin netin lost c le tim lost c le tim lost c				
Behaves well in class Mixes well with other children Sensitive to others' feelings Behaves well in the playground Manages and expresses own feelings well **Experiencing significant difficulty **Experiencing some difficulty ** Managing comfortably **Capable and competent **Highly capable and competent English Listening comprehension Oral expression Reading Written expression Written expression Social, Personal & Health Education ** ** ** ** ** ** ** ** **	S or H				
Mixes well with other children Sensitive to others' feelings Behaves well in the playground Manages and expresses own feelings well Your child's learning during the year Experiencing significant difficulty Experiencing significant difficulty Capable and competent Highly capable and competent English Arts Education Music Drama Visual Arts Listening comprehension Oral expression Physical Education Physical Education Social, Personal & Health Education Principal: Teacher: Principal:					
Sensitive to others' feelings Behaves well in the playground Manages and expresses own feelings well * Experiencing significant difficulty * Experiencing some difficulty * Managing comfortably * Capable and competent * Highly capable and competent English Cistening comprehension Oral expression Written expression Physical Education * * * * * * * * * Physical Education Feeding Principal: Principal:		Social, Environmental and		1	
Behaves well in the playground Manages and expresses own feelings well **Experiencing significant difficulty ** Managing comfortably **Experiencing some difficulty ** Managing comfortably **Capable and competent ** Highly capable and competent **English ** * * * * * * Listening comprehension Oral expression Written expression Physical Education Social, Personal & Health Education Teacher: Principal:		Scientific Education	* * * * *		
Manages and expresses own feelings well Your child's learning during the year Experiencing significant difficulty Experiencing some difficulty * Managing comfortably * Capable and competent		History	00000		
Your child's learning during the year * Experiencing significant difficulty * Experiencing some difficulty * Managing comfortably * Capable and competent		Geography	0000		
* Experiencing significant difficulty * Experiencing some difficulty * Managing comfortably * Capable and competent * Highly capable and competent * English Listening comprehension Oral expression Written expression Written expression Arts Education * * * * * * * * Music Drama Visual Arts Punctuality Physical Education Fhysical Education Social, Personal & Health Education Principal: Principal:	Manages and expresses own feelings well	Science			
Experiencing significant difficulty Experiencing some difficulty Capable and competent English Listening comprehension Oral expression Reading Written expression Written expression Written expression Music Drama Visual Arts Attendance Punctuality Physical Education Social, Personal & Health Education Principal: Principal:	Your child's learning during the year				
* Experiencing some difficulty * Managing comfortably * Capable and competent	★ Experiencing significant difficulty	Arts Education	★ ★ ★ ★ 		
English X X X X X X X X X		Music	0000	1	
Listening comprehension Oral expression Reading Written expression Physical Education Social, Personal & Health Education Principal: Principal:	★ Capable and competent ★ Highly capable and competent	Drama	0000		II.
Listening comprehension Oral expression Reading Written expression Oocoloo Social, Personal & Health Education Principal: Principal:	English ★ ★ ★ ★	Visual Arts		Attendance	Punctuality
Oral expression Reading Written expression Physical Education Social, Personal & Health Education Principal:					
Reading Written expression Physical Education Social, Personal & Health Education Principal:			* * * ★ ★		
Written expression Social, Personal & Health Education Principal:		Physical Education		Teacher:	
Education Principal:					
Religious/Ethical Education Date:				Principal:	
		Religious/Ethical Education	00000	Date:	



For further information go to the National Council for Curriculum and Assessment website at





Name:		Gaeilge	1 2 3 4 5	How you can further supp	ort your child's learning
Class:		Listening comprehension Oral expression			
Rarely Sometimes Most o	of the time Always	(Pre) Reading (Pre) Writing	88888		
Your child as a					
				Standardised test re	sults (if applicable)
Interested in learning	2222				· 11 /
Listens attentively	<u> </u>	Mathematics	1 2 3 4 5		
Works well independently	-2222	Understanding and recalling	0000		
Works well with other children	$ \frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{2}$	Using procedures	XXXXX		
Keeps trying even when tasks are difficult		Reasoning and problem solving	88888		
Homework is of high quality	-XXXX	Explaining and communicating	88888		
Presents work carefully	10000			Comm	ents
Your child's social and per	rsonal development			Commi	Citto
Happy at school	9999				
Behaves well in class	2222	Social, Environmental and	1 2 3 4 5		
Mixes well with other children		Scientific Education			
Sensitive to others' feelings	9999	History	00000		
Behaves well in the playground		Geography	00000		
Manages and expresses own feelings well		Science	10000		
Your child's learning o	during the year				
1 Experiencing significant difficulty	2 Experiencing some difficulty	Arts Education	1 2 3 4 5		
3 Managing comfortably	4 Capable and competent	Music	0000		
5 Highly capable and competent		Drama	00000		
English	1 2 3 4 5	Visual Arts	0000	Attendance	Punctuality
Listening comprehension	00000				
Oral expression	00000		1 2 3 4 5		
Reading	00000	Dhysical Education		Taashari	
Written expression	00000	Physical Education	<u> </u>	Teacher:	
		Social, Personal & Health Education	00000	Principal:	
		Religious/Ethical Education		Date:	



USER GUIDE 1

MANUALLY COMPLETING AND SAVING THE REPORT CARD TEMPLATES

Introduction

The Report Card Templates can be completed in two ways:

- (a) Manual completion: Print a blank template and handwrite your reports.
- (b) Electronic completion: Download and save a blank template, type your reports, then save and print them.

This user guide explains how to **manually** complete and save the templates by following these steps:

- 1. How to view and download the templates
- 2. How to print the templates
- **3.** How to customise the templates

1. How to view and download the templates

To view and download the templates you must have Adobe Reader installed on your computer. Most new computers will have Adobe Reader pre-installed. If you do not have the programme it can be downloaded at www.adobe.com or by clicking the icon below:



There are nine templates in total. The templates are in portable document format (PDF). To view a report card, click on the report card name. The file will open in a new window on your computer screen. It can then be printed (see 'how to print the templates').

To download a copy of a template to your computer right click the template name and select save target as. A dialogue box will appear which will enable you to save the file on your desktop.



2. How to print the templates

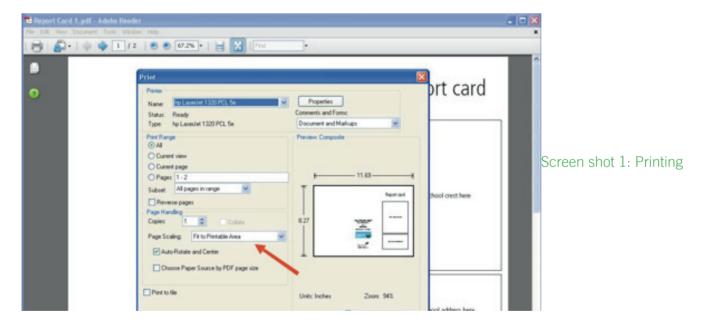
There are two options for printing the templates:

- a. Print photocopy masters
- b. Print back-to-back (if your printer has such a facility)

a. Print photocopy masters

When you have opened your chosen report card template you must adjust your printer settings to ensure the printed report card is centred on the page, making accurate folding possible.

Select File/Print on your menu bar. A dialogue box similar to that below will appear. Look for the section marked Page Handling. Check that the Page Scaling box reads Fit to Printable Area. If not, select this option. Click OK and the two page document should print correctly.



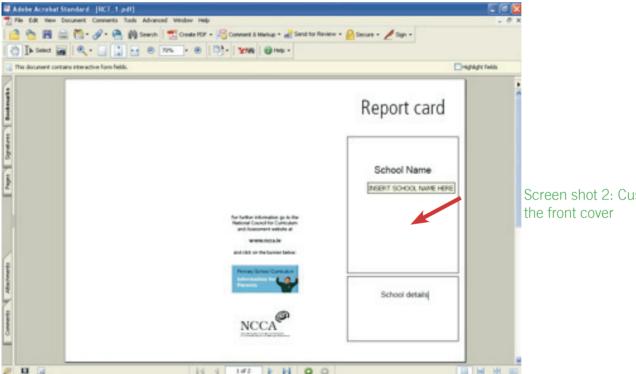
b. Printing back-to-back

The templates are automatically configured to print double-sided as a landscape (horizontal) document. However, some printers may over-ride the print properties of the document. In these instances, it will be necessary to change the print properties on your printer, to ensure the page flips on the correct side when printing double- sided. It is not possible to give universal instructions on back-to-back printing. Refer to the operating instructions for your printer.



3. How to customise the templates

Should you wish, you can add text to the front cover of the report cards. For example, you may wish to insert the school name in the upper box and further details in the lower box. To do this, click the appropriate box; a text insertion cursor will appear. You can then enter text as you would in a Word document. It is not possible to save this text.



Screen shot 2: Customise



USER GUIDE 2

ELECTRONICALLY COMPLETING AND SAVING THE REPORT CARD TEMPLATES

Introduction

The Report Card Templates can be completed in two ways:

- (a) Manual completion: Print a blank template and handwrite your reports.
- (b) Electronic completion: Download and save a blank template, type your reports, then save and print them.

This user guide explains how to **electronically** complete and save the templates by following these steps:

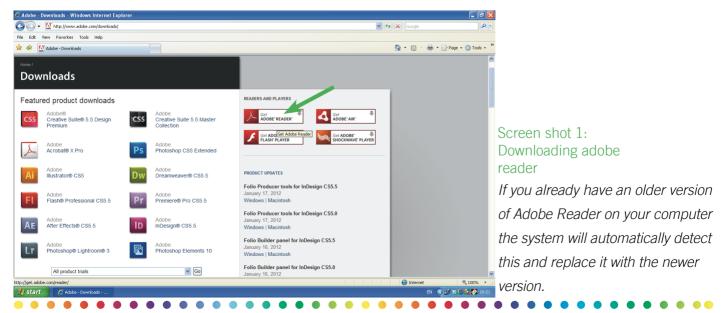
1.	Get started	2.	Choose a template
3.	Create and save a master template	4.	Add the child's details
5 .	Save the child's report	6.	Print the report cards

1. Get started

Download Adobe Reader 9

In order to save any text you type into the templates you will need Adobe Reader 9, the newest version of Adobe Reader.

You can download this for free from www.adobe.com/downloads. Click on 'Get ADOBE READER' and follow the instructions to install it.





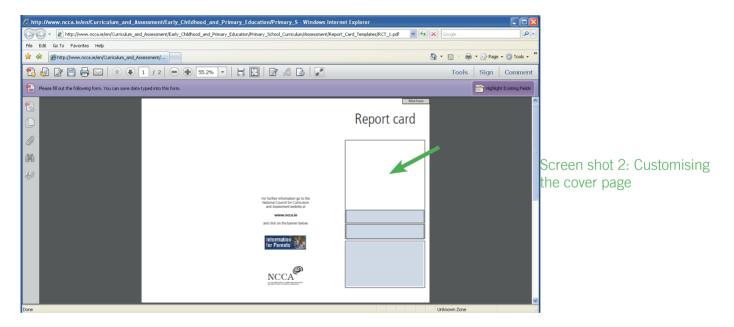
2. Choose a Template

There are 9 different templates. Each includes the same key areas for reporting children's progress and achievement, but with variations in layout and options for reporting and commenting.

The templates can be downloaded from www.ncca.ie/reportcardtemplates.

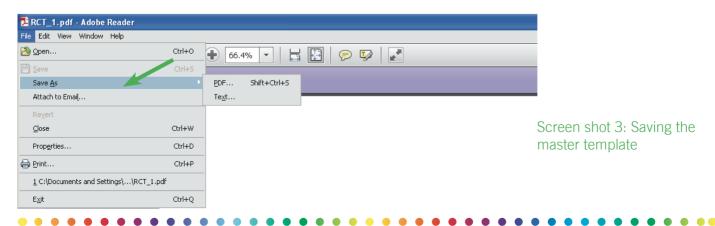
3. Create and save a master template

Type the school name and other details into the boxes on the cover. The font face and size is fixed and will be centred automatically, these settings cannot be changed. You can use the return key if you wish to move the text downwards in the box.



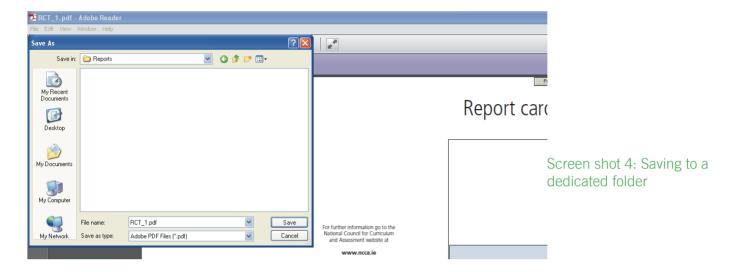
Alternatively, you may wish to put the school name in the second box, and leave the first box blank, in order to photocopy the school crest onto this page to create your own personalised cover page.

Save this as the master template. It is a good idea to create a new file specifically for report cards, and save all the cards together, grouped by class.



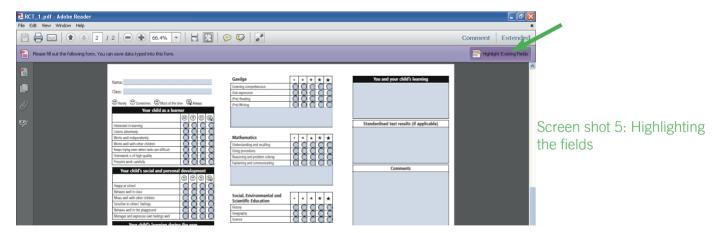


It might be useful to create a new folder specifically for report cards, and save all the cards together, grouped by class and year, as shown in screen shot 4.



4. Add the child's details.

You can now create individual reports. Fill in the details on page 2 of the template. All the places where you can enter information should be highlighted in grey. If the fields are not highlighted you can do this by clicking on the button in the top right, as shown below.



- The font face, size and alignment is fixed in all boxes where you can type in a comment, and cannot be changed.
- The template in this example has 'radio buttons' to rate the child's progress in certain areas. Click to choose the rating. If you wish to change the rating, click in a different circle note that only one option can be chosen in any one line of the form.
- There is space at the end of the template for the teacher and principal to sign the report card. If you intend to print the cards to give to parents, then these boxes can be left blank until printed out. If the report cards are to be emailed to parents then you can fill in these details electronically.

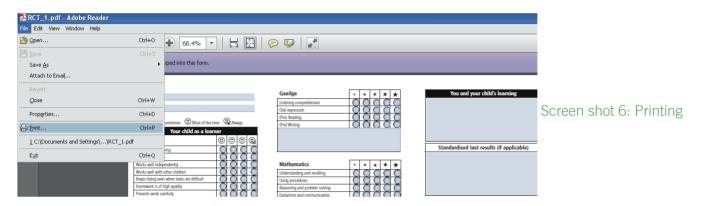


5. Save the child's report

Choose 'Save as' again (see screen shot 3 above) to save the individual report. It's important to choose a new unique file name for each child's report, probably child's name. You will need to repeat this for every child.

6. Print the report cards

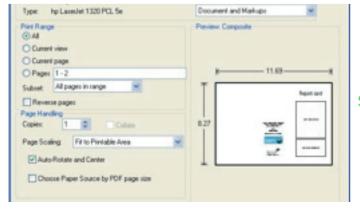
You can also print the report cards. The print command is in the 'File' menu.



- The printer settings you choose depend on your own printer and on individual school arrangements. Two possible scenarios are outlined below.
 - if you have typed the school name and details on the cover, you can choose to print both pages of the report back to back (dual sided)
 - if you left a space in the box on the front cover and photocopied the school crest onto the template, you may already have cover pages ready in your printer. In this case you can choose to print just the second page with the individual details onto the cover page.

The printer settings for printing dual sided reports depend on your own printer. You can usually choose the settings you want by clicking on 'Properties'.

Check that the Page Scaling box reads Fit to Printable Area. If not, select this option as in screen shot 7).



Screen shot 7

How you can further support your child's learning
Comments
Comments
Teacher:
Principal:
Date:

Education Passport

Pas Oideachais

Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an iarbhunscoil

www.ncca.ie/transfer



6th Class Report Card

Chomhairle Náisiúnta Curaclaim agus Measúnachta

www.ncca.ie/parents

Name:

Moving to post-primary school

To support your child's move to post-primary school, we will send a copy of this report card to his/her new school. We will do so after the post-primary principal has confirmed your child's enrolment for the new school year.

Name:
Likes to be known as (if different):
Date of birth:
Parent(s)/guardian(s):

If your child has a plan to support learning, an extra tick is placed in the column marked 'P' beside any item(s) that relates to this plan. 'P' is used in place of the word 'plan'. Information shared about your child's learning reflects progress based on this plan.

Your child as a learner

1 Rarely 2 Sometimes 3 Most of the time 4 Always

,						
	Р	1	2	3	4	
Interested in learning						
Listens attentively						
Works well on his/her own						
Works well with other children						
Keeps trying even when tasks are difficult						
Homework is completed to his/her ability						

Your child's social and personal development

1 Rarely 2 Sometimes 3 Most of the time 4 Always

	Р	1	2	3	4
Manages and expresses feelings well					
Is sensitive to others' feelings					
Mixes well with other children					
Behaves well in class					
Behaves well in the playground					
Participates well in Religious or Ethical Education					

Your child's learning

In general, information shared about a child's learning reflects expectations based on the primary school curriculum objectives for 6th Class.

- 1 Working towards expectations
- 2 Meeting expectations
- 3 Ahead of expectations

English	Р	1	2	3
Communicates with others in a clear and effective way				
Understands what is said by others				
Reading				
Writing				

Gaeilge Exemption: No Yes Certification of exemption will be forwarded with this report card to the post-primary school.	Р	1	2	3
Communicates with others in a clear and effective way				
Understands what is said by others				
Reading				
Writing				

Mathematics	Р	1	2	3
Understands and uses mathematical knowledge				
Understands and uses mathematical skills				
Uses knowledge and skills to solve problems				

Social, Environmental and Scientific Education	Р	1	2	3
Science				
History				
Geography				

Arts Education	Р	1	2	3
Music				
Drama				
Visual Arts				

	Р	1	2	3
Physical Education				
Social, Personal and Health Education				

Standa	rdised test	scores	
		STen Score	
	2nd class	4th class	6th class
Maths			
English reading			
Irish reading*			

STen scores: 1-3 Well below average, 4 Low average, 5-6 Average, 7 High average, 8-10 Well above average

*Irish reading test for Irish language medium primary schools only.

Attendance	Punctuality Arriving on time	
	Very good	
absences to date of report card	Needs improvement	

Report card completed on:	
---------------------------	--

Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go d'í an iarbhunscoil

Saving and printing the 6th Class Report Card template to complete in handwriting



User Guide 1

[home]

THE 6TH CLASS REPORT CARD TEMPLATE CAN BE COMPLETED IN TWO WAYS:

- (a) Handwritten
- (b) On computer

This user guide explains how to save and printing a blank template if you wish to handwrite the report card. Should you wish to type the report card on computer, please see User Guide 2.

The following steps explain how to save and print a blank template. This option should be selected if you intend to handwrite the children's report cards.

STEP 1:	How to view and download the template	2
STEP 2:	How to print the template	2
STEP 3:	How to customise the cover of the template	. 2





Saving and printing the 6th Class Report Card template to complete in handwriting



User Guide 1

Click here or go to www.ncca.ie/transfer to find the 6th Class Report Card template. To view the report card, simply click on the template option. The template will open in a new window on your computer screen. The template can then be printed.

To download a copy of the template to your computer, right click on the template and select *Save target as*. Firefox or Google Chrome users should select *Save link as*.

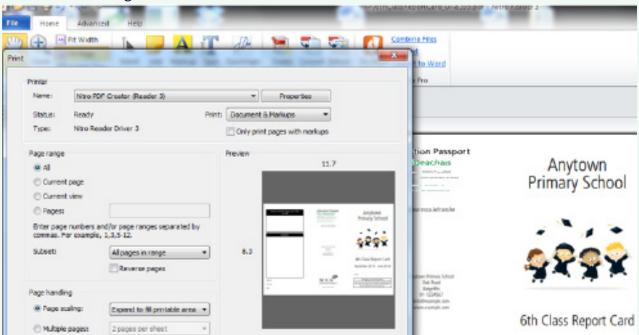
A dialogue box will appear which will enable you to save the file on your desktop.

STEP 2: HOW TO PRINT THE TEMPLATE

Before printing your template/photocopy master, adjust your printer settings to ensure the report card is centred on the page to make accurate folding possible.

Select File and Print on your menu bar. A dialogue box similar to that below will appear.

Screenshot 1: Dialogue box



Look for the section marked Page Handling. Check that the *Page Scaling* box reads *Expand to fill printable area*. If not, select this option. Click *OK* and the two page document should print correctly.





Saving and printing the 6th Class Report Card template to complete in handwriting



User Guide 1

There are two options for printing the template/photocopy master:

- a. Print back-to-back (if your printer has such a facility)
- b. Single sided printing

A. PRINTING BACK-TO-BACK

The templates are automatically configured to print double-sided as a landscape (horizontal) document. However, some printers may over-ride the print properties of the document. In these instances, it will be necessary to change the print properties on your printer to ensure the page flips on the correct side when printing double-sided. Click on *Printer properties* and change to duplex settings.



Screenshot 2: Printer properties and page scaling options

If you turn on duplex printing and the back page is printed upside down, fix this by changing the duplex side. Some printers may call this *long side* or *short side* or *Book* or *Tablet*. Tick the alternative option to change the resulting printout and retry. It may require some experimentation. For additional information please refer to the operating instructions for your printer.



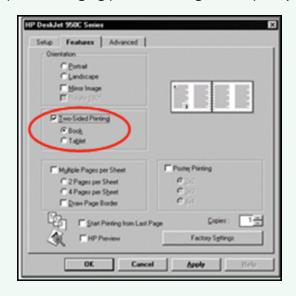


Saving and printing the 6th Class Report Card template to complete in handwriting



User Guide 1

Screenshot 3: Example of changing printer settings for duplex (dual sided) printers



B. SINGLE-SIDED PRINTING

In the event that a double-sided printer/photocopier is unavailable, first print the required number of copies of one side of the template.

Next put the printed copies back into the printer paper tray and print the required copies of the other side of the template.

Tip: When putting the printed copies back into the printer tray, first print just one copy to check that it prints correctly. If it prints incorrectly, change the orientation of the paper in the paper drawer and try again.

STEP 3: HOW TO CUSTOMISE THE TEMPLATE

Should you wish, you can add text to the front cover of the report card. For example, you may wish to insert the school name.

To do this, click into the appropriate box. A cursor will appear. You can then enter text as you would in a Word document. It is *not* possible to save this text. You will need to print from this page once your text has been entered.

The NCCA Report Card Creator at www.ncca.ie/primaryreporting is a user-friendly alternative to the report card template. The Creator facilitates the easy customisation of the 6th Class Report Card in three simple steps.



Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go d'f an iarbhunscoil

Saving and printing the 6th Class Report Card template to complete on computer

NCCA [home]

User Guide 2

THE 6TH CLASS REPORT CARD TEMPLATE CAN BE COMPLETED IN TWO WAYS:

- (a) Handwritten
- (b) On computer

This user guide explains how to save and complete the report card template on computer. Should you wish to handwrite the children's report cards, please see User Guide 1.

The following steps will explain how to electronically complete and save the template.

STEP 1:	Get started	2
STEP 2:	Create and save the master template	2
STEP 3:	Add the child's details	3
STEP 4:	Save the child's report	4
STEP 5:	Print the report card	4



Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an iarbhunscoil

Saving and printing the 6th Class Report Card template to complete on computer



User Guide 2

STEP 1: GET STARTED

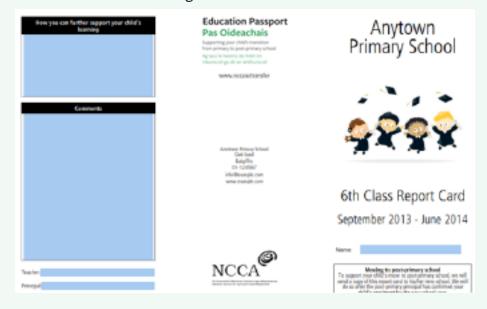
Download the free software called Nitro Reader on your computer. If you do not already have the programme, it can be downloaded at https://www.gonitro.com/pdf-reader/download In order to save any text you type into the templates you will need Nitro Reader.



STEP 2: CREATE AND SAVE A MASTER TEMPLATE

Type the school name and other details into the boxes on the cover. The font face and size is fixed and will be centred automatically, these settings cannot be changed. You can use the return key if you wish to move the text downwards in the box.

Screenshot 2: Customising the front cover.



Save this as the master template. It is a good idea to create a new file specifically for report cards, and save all the cards together, grouped by class.

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Saving and printing the 6th Class Report Card template to complete on computer

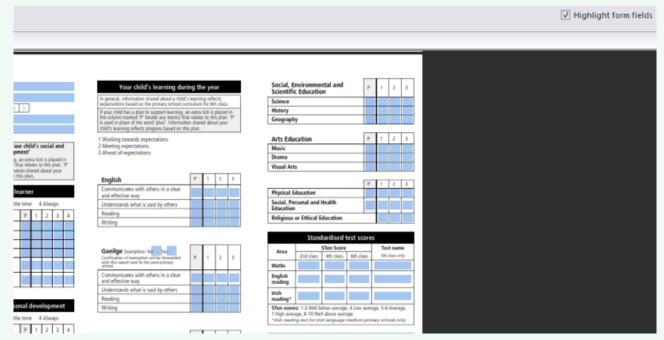


User Guide 2

STEP 3: ADD THE CHILD'S DETAILS

You can now create individual reports. Fill in the details on page 2 of the template. All the places where you can enter information are highlighted in blue. If the fields are not highlighted you can do this by clicking on the button in the top right, as shown below.

Screenshot 3: Highlight the fields by clicking on the button in the top right.



The font face, size and alignment is fixed in all boxes where you can type in a comment, and cannot be changed.

Click to choose the rating. It should be noted that multiple options can be ticked on each line so if you change your mind about a rating, you will need to re-click the unwanted tick to remove it or there will be two ticks on the same line.

There is space at the end of the template for the teacher and principal to sign the report card. If you intend to print the cards to give to parents, then these boxes can be left blank until printed out. If the report cards are to be emailed to parents then you can fill in these details electronically.



Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacd ite haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoll go d'fan larbhunscoll

Saving and printing the 6th Class Report Card template to complete on computer



User Guide 2

STEP 4: SAVE THE CHILD'S REPORT

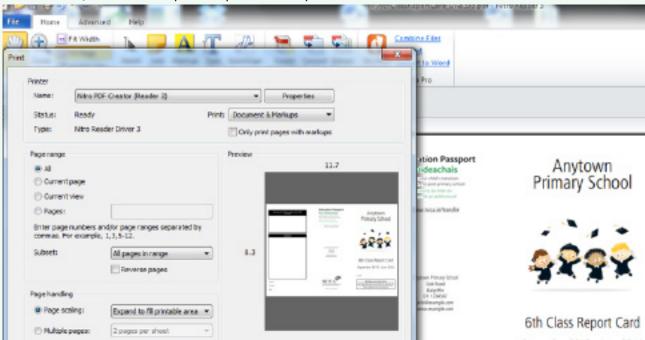
Choose Save as to save the individual report. It's important to choose a new unique file name for each child's report. Using the child's name is an option. You will need to repeat this for every child.

STEP 5: PRINT THE REPORT CARDS

You can also print the report cards. The print command is in the File menu.

The printer settings for printing dual sided reports depend on your own printer. You can usually choose the settings you want by clicking on *Properties*. Check that the *Page Scaling* box reads *Expands to fill printable area*. If not, select this option as in screen shot 4.

Screenshot 4: Select the option Expands to fill printable area.



There are two options for printing the template/photocopy master:

- a. Print back-to-back (if your printer has such a facility)
- b. Single sided printing

A. PRINTING BACK-TO-BACK

The templates are automatically configured to print double-sided as a landscape (horizontal) document. However, some printers may over-ride the print properties of the document. In these instances, it will be necessary to change the print properties on your printer to ensure the page flips on the correct side when printing double-sided. Click on *Printer properties* and change to duplex settings.



Saving and printing the 6th Class Report Card template to complete on computer

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User Guide 2





If you turn on duplex printing and the back page is printed upside down, fix this by changing the duplex side. Some printers may call this *long side* or *short side* or *Book* or *Tablet*. Tick the alternative option to change the resulting printout and retry. It may require some experimentation. For additional information please refer to the operating instructions for your printer.

Screenshot 6: Example of changing printer settings for duplex (dual sided) printers





Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go d'f an iarbhunscoil

Saving and printing the 6th Class Report Card template to complete on computer



User Guide 2

B. SINGLE-SIDED PRINTING

In the event that a double-sided printer/photocopier is unavailable, first print the required number of copies of one side of the template.

Next put the printed copies back into the printer paper tray and print the required copies of the other side of the template.

Tip: When putting the printed copies back into the printer tray, first print just one copy to check that it prints correctly. If it prints incorrectly, change the orientation of the paper in the paper drawer and try again.

The NCCA Report Card Creator at www.ncca.ie/primaryreporting is a user-friendly alternative to the report card template.

The Creator facilitates the easy customisation of the 6th Class Report Card in three simple steps.



Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an iarbhunscoil

Completing report cards

Guide for primary teachers



[home]

Report cards provide teachers with an opportunity to share information in writing about children's progress and achievement in learning. They are a key part of the communication between school and home. The end-of-year 6th class report card also provides post-primary schools with a summary of children's learning progress and achievement.

REPORT CARDS SHOULD INCLUDE...

- all relevant information about children's progress and achievement in a clear and concise manner
- information about *how* a child learns as well as *what* a child learns. This holistic information should identify and celebrate a child's current learning, and indicate next steps for future learning. Links between information about children's achievement, areas for development, and actions the school and parent/ guardians might take to support next steps should be made.
- information that is accurate and *based on evidence* gathered over time using a range of assessment methods. The assessment methods commonly used in the primary school are identified in Assessment in the Primary School Curriculum: Guidelines for Schools (NCCA, 2007).
- information that reflects the trend in the child's learning over the year
- information that is *consistent with feedback* shared with children and parents/ guardians throughout the year. In this way the report card confirms and affirms what parents/ guardians already know, and in turn, ensures that there should be no surprises.

IN GENERAL, NARRATIVE COMMENTS SHOULD...

- be consistent with the information summarised in the rating scales
- focus on what was learnt and how well, where improvement is needed and what should be done next
- focus on key messages rather than become overly detailed
- avoid labelling children
- be presented in language that is easily understood by parents/guardians. For example, specialist terms like 'higher order thinking' should be avoided.
- be legible. Completing report cards on computer will ensure that comments are legible, and will also support their electronic management by your school.





Completing the 6th Class Report Card

Guide for primary teachers / Information for primary principals



[home]

Teachers may find this guide helpful when completing the end-of-year <u>6th Class Report Card</u>. The report card is part of the **Education Passport** materials. It is available in one format only to ensure consistency in the nature of the information received by post-primary schools. The guide is presented in the same sequence as the headings on the report card.

1. CHILD'S DETAILS

- Name: Insert the child's name as it appears on the birth certificate, where this information is available.
- **Likes to be known as (if different from above):** Insert the name commonly used by the child in school if it is different from the name that appears on the birth certificate.

2. YOUR CHILD AS A LEARNER and YOUR CHILD'S SOCIAL AND PERSONAL DEVELOPMENT

• I When reporting on children with special educational needs, the 'Plan' or 'P' column should be used where a plan is in place for children in receipt of additional supports in 6th class. These supports relate to Learning Support and Resource teaching in accordance with NEPS Continuum of Support and DES Circular o2/o5, Appendix 3. The term 'plan' is an umbrella term for any learning plan in place to support the child. Examples of plans that may link to the reporting areas 'Your child as a learner' and your child's social and personal development' include a Behaviour Support Plan, an Individual Profile and Learning Programme (IPLP), and an Individual Educational Plan (IEP).

Complete the rating scale by reference to the goals identified in the plan.

• In the example shown, the teacher ticked the 'P' for plan beside those items on the report card that related to the goals in the child's behaviour support plan. The teacher then used the rating scale to share information that reflected the child's progress based on *this plan*.

Report card extract showing the use of the 'P' column

Your child's social and personal development						
1 Rarely 2 Sometimes 3 Most of the time 4 Always						
	Р	1	2	3	4	
Manages and expresses own feelings well				✓		
Is sensitive to others' feelings						
Mixes well with other children ✓						
Behaves well in class			✓			
Behaves well in the playground			✓			
Participates well in Religious or Ethical Education				✓		



Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an larbhunscoil

Completing the 6th Class Report Card



Guide for primary teachers / Information for primary principals

3. YOUR CHILD'S LEARNING DURING THE YEAR

3.1 RATING SCALES

- In general, your judgements about the progress and achievement during the year should be referenced to expectations based on the content objectives/outcomes in the primary school curriculum for 6th class. This common reference point is important to ensure consistency in the information shared with post-primary schools
- For children with special educational needs and who have a plan to support learning, an extra " ✓ " should be placed in the column marked 'P' beside any item(s) that relates to this plan. 'P' is an abbreviation of the word 'plan'
- The term 'plan' is an umbrella term for any learning plan that a school may have in place to support the child in 6th class e.g. IPLP, IEP.
 - Information you share in the rating scale about the child's learning should reflect expectations based on this plan and not the content objectives/outcomes in the primary school curriculum for 6th class.
 - In the example shown, the child had an IPLP and was allocated learning support for English reading at the time of completing the report card. The tick indicates that the child's achievement in reading is meeting expectations based on the IPLP. Given that the child does not have an individualised plan for writing, the tick indicates that the achievement of the child in writing is *meeting expectations* based on the content objectives/outcomes in the primary school curriculum for 6th class.

Report card extract showing the use of the rating scale

1 Working towards expectations 2 Meeting expectations 3 Ahead of expectations				
English	Р	1	2	3
Communicates with others in a clear and effective way				✓
Understands what is said by others			✓	
Reading	✓		✓	
Writing		✓		

3.2 SUBJECTS

• Information about a child's exemption from the study of Irish is available in the child's *Certification of Exemption* issued by the primary school and available in school records. Before sending the report card to the post-primary school, the *Certification of Exemption* should be attached.



Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an iarbhunscoil

Completing the 6th Class Report Card



Guide for primary teachers / Information for primary principals

4. STANDARDISED TEST SCORES

- Include the child's 6th class test scores for Maths and English reading in the spaces provided. Test scores for Irish reading are required where a child attends an Irish-medium school.
- Where available, include test scores from *2nd and 4th classes*. This information provides the post-primary school with a broad overview of the child's scores.
- All standardised test scores should be shared as STen scores only. This promotes consistency in the information received by a post-primary school from its feeder primary schools. STen scores are also the format submitted annually by primary schools to the DES.
- Enter 'Not Applicable' or 'N/A' in place of a test score in the following circumstances:
 - For Irish reading where replace children attend an English-medium school.
 - For children (who) may be excluded from standardised testing in line with **DES Circular 0056/2011**, p.6.

Report card extract sample

Standardised test scores						
	Sten Score					
	2nd Class	4th Class	6th Class			
Maths	4	5	5			
English reading	6	5	6			
Irish reading	N/A	N/A	N/A			

STen scores: 1-3 Well below average, 4 Low average, 5-6 Average,

5. ATTENDANCE

Insert the total number of days that a child was absent from school during 6th class up to the date of the report card.

6. PUNCTUALITY

The descriptors 'Very good' and 'Needs improvement' are deliberately stated in broad terms to recognise that detailed records of children's punctuality may not be available.



⁷ High average, 8-10 Well above average

^{*}Irish reading test for Irish-medium primary schools only.



Completing the 6th Class Report Card



Guide for primary teachers / Information for primary principals

7. HOW YOU CAN FURTHER SUPPORT YOU CHILD'S LEARNING

- Provide a small number of practical suggestions on how the parent can further support the child's learning. These suggestions should relate directly to one or more key areas of development identified earlier in the rating scales. Most, if not all, of the suggestions may already have been shared at the annual parent-teacher meeting or other incidental meeting(s).
- The suggestions may relate to the child as a learner, the child's social and personal development or the child's learning across the curriculum. Useful stems for these suggestions include:
 - Talk with...
 - Provide opportunities with Odessa to...
 - Encourage Anna to...
 - Remind Kate to...
 - Help Alexander to...

Report card extract sample

How you can further support your child's learning

Encourage Alan to complete homework independently, where appropriate.

8. Comments

- In-school support: Where a child has a recognised Special Educational Need and/or is in receipt of in-school support, it may be useful to outline the supports provided to the child in this space.

 Here are some suggestions. It is not intended that you would include all suggestions. You may prefer to include other information that is not listed here.
- What the child has achieved: You could identify key achievements in the child's learning. The achievements may relate to the child as a learner, the child's social and personal development or the child's learning across the curriculum.



Education Passport Pas Oideachais Supporting your child's transition from primary to post-primary school Ag tacú le haistriú do linbh ón mbunscoil go dtí an iarbhunscoil

Completing the 6th Class Report Card



Guide for primary teachers / Information for primary principals

As space is limited, it is important to identify the aspects of achievement that are the most important for the child. It might also be helpful to consider if the child's ...

- effort reflects achievement.
- standardised test scores reflect achievement during the year. Scores for children with English as an Additional
 Language may not always reflect progress being made in class. Additional care should also be exercised in
 interpreting the scores of children with special educational needs.
- What worked best in supporting the child's learning: You could list key teaching, learning and/or assessment practices that were effective in supporting the child's learning, e.g., group work, one-to-one feedback, Picture Exchange Communication System (PECS).
- What areas need development: You could briefly identify any key area(s) where development may be needed. The suggestions may relate to the child as a learner, the child's social and personal development or the child's learning across the curriculum.
- **Next Steps:** You could briefly identify one or two actions to support the child's future learning in post-primary school. The action(s) should be manageable and realistic, and link with the areas for development.

Report card extract sample

Comments

Sarah was in receipt of 4 resource teaching hours and had access to SNA support.

Sarah responds well to opportunities to work with peers.

Sarah would benefit from further support to develop reading fluency.

9. SIGNATURES

Enter the signatures of the teacher and principal on the lines provided. In the event of using digital signatures, these lines should already have been deleted using the option provided in the Report Card Creator. This ensures that JPEG images of the digital signatures can be easily copied and pasted into the report card.





→ Primary → Assessment → Report Cards

INFORMATION FOR SCHOOLS

Reporting to Parents

The Report Card Creator and nine report card templates have been developed by the NCCA to support schools in creating written reports on children's progress and achievement to parents. Schools can use either the online Report Card Creator to create and customise their own report card in seven simple steps at www.reportcard.ncca.ie or download the templates at www.ncca.ie.

Each report card includes four key areas for reporting pupil progress and achievement:

- A. Child as a learner
- B. Child's social and personal development
- C. Child's learning during the year
- **D.** Parents supporting the child's learning Space is provided here to record the results of standardised tests for children at the end of 2nd 4th and 6th classes (Circular 0056/2011).

Find out more

- In accordance with the Department of Education and Skills circular letter 0056/2011 all primary schools must use an NCCA report card for reporting to parents on children's progress and achievement at school.
- The Report Card Creator gives schools flexibility when creating their own report cards. For example, it provides schools with options to:
 - generate English, Gaeilge or bilingual report cards
 - edit the headings within the four reporting areas
 - select from a range of response formats and rating scales
 - report on learning support/resource teaching
 - provide a space for input from the child
- The nine report card templates vary in layout. Some templates have specific headings and use tick boxes; others use more open-response headings that allow space for detailed teacher comment.





INFORMATION FOR SCHOOLS

A. CHILD AS A LEARNER

Areas to consider

- · child's learning style
- child's learning disposition/s
- interest and application
- effort
- attention in class
- persistence at tasks
- quality of work
- presentation of work
- capacity to work independently and with others

At the beginning of each school year schools/teachers must agree their expectations about quality and effort with pupils and parents.

B. CHILD'S SOCIAL AND PERSONAL DEVELOPMENT

Areas to consider

- contentment at school
- behaviour in class
- mixing with other children
- sensitivity to others' feelings
- behaviour in the playground
- management and expression of own feelings

C. CHILD'S LEARNING ACROSS THE CURRICULUM

Areas to consider

- level of achievement across the subject strands
- the child's interest in and engagement with the subject
- specific strengths and/or difficulties
- class test results or class averages, where relevant

D. PARENTS SUPPORTING THE CHILD'S LEARNING

Areas to consider

- the next steps in the child's learning
- specific suggestions or strategies for parents on how best to support their child's learning at home
- where appropriate, child self-evaluation and/or setting their own learning targets/goals

Comments

- identify child's special achievement or contribution to the class
- specify child's ability to be organised and ready to work such as having and caring for their personal belongings
- draw particular attention to an aspect of the child's learning and development
- indicate how the parent can support the child's learning in a particular curriculum area
- invite a discussion with the parent concerning the child's progress

Reporting the results of standardised tests

- record results as STen or Standard score/s
- · write a brief comment on the result/s

For further information on reporting the results of standardised tests try:

- The NCCA website www.ncca.ie. Your child and standardised testing: Information for parents.
- 2. Assessment in the Primary School Curriculum: Guidelines for Schools (NCCA, 2007, pgs. 60-65)
- 3. Department of Education and Skills circular letter 0056/2011

Attendance

 provides a space to record frequency of attendance or absence

Punctuality

 provides a space for a short qualitative comment on the child's punctuality





INFORMATION FOR PRIMARY AND POST-PRIMARY SCHOOLS

→ Primary → Assessment → Report Cards

Interpreting teacher judgements

A teacher's professional judgement is central to the process of identifying and reporting children's progress in learning. This information sheet was prepared to support ...

- primary teachers to make and express judgements about children's learning.
- post-primary teachers to interpret teacher judgements in the 6th class end-of-year report card.

Here are the three steps typically taken by a primary teacher to make and share judgements about children's learning.

Step 1: Gathering evidence of learning

Content objectives in the Primary School Curriculum (1999) provide the reference point for teachers to monitor and report on children's learning and development in primary school. Teachers use **evidence of learning** from a variety of sources, using a range of **assessment methods** over time, to make judgements about children's learning and development. For example, the teacher may make an initial judgement about a child's learning based on observation and questioning and confirm this by referring to work samples. The assessment methods commonly used in the primary school are presented on a continuum in Figure 1.

Methods positioned towards the left are those in which the child plays a leading role in assessing his/her own work; towards the right of the continuum the teacher plays a greater role in leading the assessment.

Step 2: Arriving at holistic judgements

Evidence gathered over time about **how** a child learns as well as **what** a child learns supports the teacher in arriving at an overall or a **holistic judgement**. The teacher's holistic judgement recorded in the end-of-year report card identifies and celebrates the child's current learning, and indicates next steps for future learning.

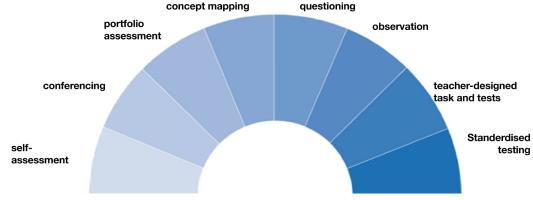
Step 3: Sharing judgements

Teachers record children's learning progress using four reporting areas in the end-of-year report card:

- 1. Your child as a learner
- 2. Your child's social and personal development
- 3. Your child's learning
- 4. Next steps to support your child's learning

Teacher judgements are shared in the report card using a combination of **rating descriptors** and **qualitative comments**.





Source: Assessment in the Primary School Curriculum: Guidelines for Schools (NCCA, 2007)





INFORMATION FOR PRIMARY AND POST-PRIMARY SCHOOLS

→ Primary → Assessment → Report Cards

Interpreting teacher judgements

Rating descriptors

The teacher allocates a rating descriptor to **summarise** each judgement on the quality of the child's learning e.g. Capable and competent. The rating descriptors used in the end-of-year report card vary according to the reporting area.

Qualitative comment

Teachers complement the rating descriptors with a general comment. Usually the teacher will comment on the child's learning in some or all of the four reporting areas in plain and clear language. The comment provides an overall **reason** for the chosen rating descriptors and offers some insights into strengths or challenges in the child's learning progress.

Interpreting standardised test scores

Children's standardised test scores are shared as either a STen score or standard score in the end-of-year 6th class report card. Table 1 provides an overview of the concepts associated with standardised test scores.

Table 1: Overview of the concepts associated with standardised test scores

Name of score	What the score means
Raw score	This is a simple count of the number of items for which the child has supplied correct answers. It is of little use in reporting on a child's performance.
Percentile score	The percentile ranks indicates the percentage of the relevant class or age group which has scored equal to or lower than this child's score. It does not mean the percentage of test items the child answered correctly.
Standard score	Standard scores are transformations of raw scores, and usually range between 55 and 145, with an average of 100.
STen score	STen scores are a ten-point scale with 1 representing the lowest category and 10 the highest. These are derived from standard scores. The term STen is derived from Standard TEN.

Table 2 supports the comparison of both the STen scores and standard scores by equating both types of scores. Descriptors and coverage levels applicable to both score types are also provided.

Table 2: Equating the STen scores and standard scores

Standard Score Range	STen Score Range	Descriptor	Coverage
115 and above	8 -10	Well above average	Top 1/6
108 - 114	7	High average	1/6
93 - 107	5 - 6	Average	Middle 1/3
85 - 92	4	Low average	1/6
84 and below	1 - 3	Well below average	Bottom 1/6

Source: Table 1 and Table 2 - Assessment in the Primary School Curriculum: Guidelines for Schools (NCCA, 2007)





INFORMATION FOR PARENTS

→ Primary → Assessment → Report Cards

Your child's school report

You will receive a written report from your child's school at the end of the school year. This report will give you information on your child's progress and achievement in school in four key areas:

- A. Your child as a learner
- B. Your child's social and personal development
- C. Your child's learning across the curriculum
- D. Your key role in supporting your child's learning

The report may include information on:

Your child as a learner

- how your child likes learning in school
- how your child works with other children, or on his/her own
- how your child keeps trying at work, even when it is hard
- · how well your child works in school or at home

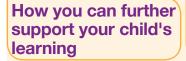
Your child's social and personal development

- if your child appears happy in school
- how he/she behaves
- how he/she gets on with other children in the classroom and in the playground

Your child's learning across the curriculum

- how he/she is getting on in English, Gaeilge, mathematics, and in the other subject areas
- whether he/she needs a little or a lot of help with school work
- whether your child needs a little or a lot of help with homework

You can watch a DVD on children's learning in primary schools at www.ncca.ie



- how you might be able to help your child to do better in school
- things you can do at home to help with your child's learning

For tip sheets on ways you can help your child to learn, visit www.ncca.ie

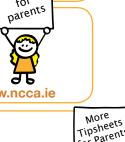


- the result of a standardised test which will appear as a number. Schools must share the standardised test result with you when your child is in 2nd, 4th and 6th class.
- your child's teacher should provide you with a leaflet explaining standardised testing and test scores

For leaflets for parents on standardised testing, visit www.ncca.ie

Comments

- how your child is doing from his/her teachers point of view
- a comment on some aspect of the report or perhaps drawing your attention to something (s)he would like to talk to you about
- specific praise for your child on a special achievement or quality



for parents

DVD

for







INFORMATION FOR PARENTS

Explanation of terms that may be used in your child's school report

English and Gaeilge

Listening comprehension – the ability to understand what is said by others.

Oral Expression – the ability to talk to others in a clear and effective way.

Pre-writing – the skills required before writing on his/her own. For example, pencil grip, forming and naming the letters of the alphabet, learning that letters represent sounds etc.

Pre-reading – the skills required before reading on his/her own. For example, developing an awareness of letter sounds, understanding that words and sentences go from left to right, understanding that pictures in a text add to the meaning etc.

Written expression – the ability to write with meaning and for a purpose.

Mathematics

Understanding and recalling – the ability to show understanding of a maths idea and remember important facts.

Using procedures – the ability to use clear and appropriate steps to answer a sum or solve a maths problem.

Reasoning and problem solving – the ability to use knowledge of maths to work out problems.

Explaining and communicating – the ability to share thinking about why a problem was approached in a particular way.





EOLAS DO THUISMITHEOIRÍ

→ Bunscolaíocht → Measúnú → Cártaí Tuairisce

Tuairisc scoile do pháiste

Ag deireadh na scoilbhliana gheobhaidh tú tuairisc scríofa ón scoil ina bhfuil do pháiste. Beidh eolas sa tuairisc ar dhul chun cinn agus ar ghnóthachtáil do pháiste ar scoil i gceithre phríomhréimse:

- A. Do pháiste mar fhoghlaimeoir
- B. Forás sóisialta agus pearsanta do pháiste
- C. Mar a fhoghlaimíonn do pháiste i ngach gné den churaclam
- D. Do phríomhról mar thuismitheoir i dtacú le foghlaim do pháiste.

D'fhéadfaí eolas ar na nithe seo a leanas a chur sa tuairisc:

Do pháiste mar fhoghlaimeoir

- mar a thaitníonn an fhoghlaim ar scoil le do pháiste
- mar a oibríonn do pháiste le páistí eile nó ina (h)aonar
- mar a choinníonn do pháiste leis an obair, fiú nuair a bhíonn an obair dheacair
- cé chomh cúramach is a oibríonn do pháiste ar scoil nó sa bhaile

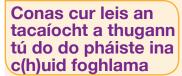
Forás sóisialta agus pearsanta do pháiste

- má tá cuma shona ar do pháiste ar scoil
- an chaoi a n-iompraíonn do pháiste í/é féin
- an chaoi a réitíonn do pháiste le páistí eile sa seomra ranga agus sa chlós

Foghlaim do pháiste trasna an churaclaim

- mar atá ag éirí le do pháiste sa Bhéarla, sa Mhatamaitic, sa Ghaeilge agus sna hábhair eile
- cé acu an dteastaíonn beagán cabhrach nó mórán cabhrach uaithi/uaidh le hobair scoile
- cé acu an dteastaíonn beagán cabhrach nó mórán cabhrach uaithi/uaidh le hobair bhaile

Is féidir leat féachaint ar DVD faoi fhoghlaim pháistí sna bunscoileanna ar www.ncca.le



- mar a d'fhéadfá cabhrú le do pháiste a bheith níos fearr ar scoil
- faoin gcaoi a d'fhéadfá cabhrú le foghlaim do pháiste sa bhaile

Chun bileog eolais a fháil ar conas is féidir leat cabhrú le foghlaim do pháiste, féach ar shuíomh idirlín an CNCM ag www.ncca.le



- toradh trialach caighdeánaithe, a bheidh i bhfoirm uimhreach. Beidh ar scoileanna toradh na trialach caighdeánaithe a chur ar fáil duit nuair atá do pháiste i rang 2, rang 4 agus rang 6.
- Ba chóir do mhúinteoir do pháiste bileog a sholáthar duit a mhíneoidh tástáil chaighdeánaithe agus triailscóir duit.

Chun bileog eolais faoi thrialacha caighdeánaithe do thuismitheoirí a fháil, féach ar shuíomh idirlín an CNCM ag www.ncca.le

Nótaí tráchta

- faoi mar atá ag éirí leis an bpáiste, i dtuairim an mhúinteora
- ráiteas ar ghné éigin den tuairisc nó gné éigin ar mhaith leis an múinteoir a phlé leat
- moladh ar leith i dtaobh rud éigin ar leith a ghnóthaigh do pháiste nó i dtaobh tréith ar leith dá c(h)uid



DVD do





EOLAS DO THUISMITHEOIRÍ

Míniú ar théarmaí a d'fhéadfaí a úsáid i dtuairisc scoile do pháiste

Béarla agus Gaeilge

Tuiscint ó chluas – an cumas an méid a deir daoine eile a thuiscint.

Cur in iúl ó bhéal – an cumas labhairt le daoine eile ar shlí shoiléir éifeachtach.

Réamhscríbhneoireacht – na scileanna a theastaíonn chun tosú ag scríobh ina (h)aonar. Mar shampla, greim ar an bpeann luaidhe, litreacha na haibítre a dhéanamh agus a ainmniú, a fhoghlaim go seasann litreacha d'fhuaimeanna srl.

Réamhléitheoireacht – na scileanna a theastaíonn chun tosú ag léamh ina (h)aonar. Mar shampla, tuiscint a fháil ar fhuaimeanna na litreacha, an tuiscint go scríobhtar focail agus abairtí ó chlé, an tuiscint gur féidir ciall bhreise a bhaint as pictiúr i dtéacs srl.

Cur in iúl scríofa – an cumas brí a chur in iúl i bhfoirm scríofa agus cuspóir a bhaint amach leis.

Matamaitic

Tuiscint agus athchuimhne – an cumas coincheap matamaiticiúil a thuiscint agus fíricí tábhachtacha a thabhairt chun cuimhne.

Úsáid modhanna oibre – an cumas úsáid a bhaint as céimeanna soiléire cuí chun suim a dhéanamh nó fadhb mhatamaiticiúil a fhuascailt.

Réasúnaíocht agus fadhbréiteach – an cumas úsáid a bhaint as eolas ar an matamaitic chun fadhbanna a fhuascailt.

Miniú agus cur in iúl – an cumas smaointe a roinnt le daoine eile i dtaobh na slí ar tugadh faoi fhadhb a fhuascailt.



W www.ncca.ie



INFORMACJE DLA RODZICÓW

Raport szkolny dziecka

Na koniec roku szkolnego otrzymają Państwo ze szkoły raport na temat postępów i wyników dziecka w nauce. Raport ten podzielony jest na cztery kluczowe części:

- A. Państwa dziecko jako uczeń
- B. Społeczny i osobowościowy rozwój dziecka
- C. wyniki dziecka w poszczególnych przedmiotach
- kluczowa rola rodzica we wspieraniu nauki dziecka

Poniższa tabela wyjaśnia niektóre zwroty, które znajdują się w raporcie.

Państwa dziecko iako uczeń

- czy dziecko lubi naukę w szkole
- w jaki sposób dziecko pracuje z innymi dziećmi / samodzielnie
- w jaki sposób dziecko stara się pracować w szkole, nawet jeżeli jest mu trudno
- jakie są wyniki pracy dziecka w szkole / w domu

społeczny i osobowościowy rozwój dziecka

- czy dziecko wydaje się być radosne w szkole
- jak się zachowuje
- jakie dziecko ma stosunki z innymi dziećmi w klasie / na placu zabaw

wyniki dziecka w poszczególnych przedmiotach

- jak dziecko radzi sobie z angielskim, irlandzkim, matematyką oraz innymi przedmiotami
- czy dziecko potrzebuje mało / dużo pomocy na lekcjach w szkole
- czy dziecko potrzebuje mało / dużo pomocy w odrabianiu pracy domowej

Na stronie **www.ncca.ie** mogą Państwo obejrzeć materiał DVD na temat nauki dzieci w szkołach podstawowych.

kluczowa rola rodzica we wspieraniu nauki dziecka

- w jaki sposób mogą Państwo pomóc swojemu dziecku lepiej radzić sobie w szkole
- co mogą Państwo robić w domu, aby pomóc dziecku w nauce

Na stronie Krajowej Rady ds. Programu Nauczania i Oceny (NCCA) pod adresem **www.ncca.ie** znajdą Państwo wskazówki na temat tego, w jaki sposób można pomóc dziecku w nauce.

wyniki testu standaryzowanego

- wyniki testu standaryzowanego, które będą przedstawione w formie liczbowej
 Szkoła ma obowiązek przekazać wyniki testu (sprawdzianu) standaryzowanego rodzicom dzieci w drugiej, czwartej i szóstej klasie.
- nauczyciel dziecka powinien przekazać rodzicom ulotkę wyjaśniającą czym jest test standaryzowany oraz co oznacza dany wynik

Na stronie NCCA pod adresem **www.ncca.ie** znajdą Państwo także ulotki dla rodziców na temat testu standaryzowanego.

komentarze

- miejsce na osobisty komentarz od nauczyciela
- może pojawić się komentarz skierowany do Państwa na temat niektórych części raportu lub może zostać zwrócona uwaga na kwestię, o której nauczyciel chciałby z Państwem porozmawiać
- nauczyciel może wykorzystać to miejsce, aby pochwalić dziecko za specjalne osiągnięcie lub cechę charakteru





INFORMACJE DLA RODZICÓW

Wyjaśnienie terminologii która może pojawić się w raporcie szkolnym Państwa dziecka

Język angielski i irlandzki

Rozumienie tekstu słuchanego - umiejętność rozumienia co zostało powiedziane przez innych.

Wypowiedź ustna - umiejętność rozmowy z innymi w jasny i efektywny sposób.

Ćwiczenia w pisaniu - umiejętności potrzebne zanim uczeń zacznie sam pisać. Na przykład, prawidłowy uchwyt ołówka, tworzenie i nazywanie liter, rozumienie że litery reprezentują dźwięki itp.

Ćwiczenia w czytaniu - umiejętności potrzebne zanim uczeń zacznie sam czytać. Na przykład, rozwijanie świadomości dźwięków liter, rozumienie że słowa i zdania zapisywane są od lewej do prawej, rozumienie że obrazki w tekście dodają znaczenia itp.

Wypowiedź pisemna - umiejętność pisania z sensem i w konkretnym celu.

Matematyka

Rozumienie i przypominanie - umiejętność wykazania rozumienia zagadnienia matematycznego i pamiętania ważnych faktów.

Używanie procedur - umiejętność podjęcia wyraźnych i odpowiednich działań w celu wykonania danego obliczenia lub rozwiązania zadania matematycznego.

Rozumowanie i rozwiązywanie problemów umiejętność wykorzystania wiedzy matematycznej do rozwiązywania problemów.

Wyjaśnianie i komunikowanie - umiejętność wytłumaczenia swojego toku myślenia w celu wykazania dlaczego uczeń podszedł do problemu w dany sposób.





DAS ZEUGNIS IHRES KINDES

INFORMATIONSBROSCHÜRE FÜR ELTERN

Am Ende des Schuljahres erhalten Sie von der Schule das schriftliche Zeugnis Ihres Kindes. Dieser Bericht gibt Ihnen Informationen über die Fortschritte Ihres Kindes und Leistung in der Schule in den folgenden vier wichtigen Bereichen:

- A. Ihr Kind als Schüler
- B. Die soziale und persönliche Entwicklung Ihres Kindes
- C. Die Leistungen Ihres Kindes
- D. Ihre Schlüsselrolle bei der Unterstützung Ihres Kindes

Die nachfolgende Tabelle erklärt einige Begriffe im Zeugnis Ihres Kindes.

Ihr Kind als Schüler

- · Wie Ihr Kind in der Schule lernt.
- Wie Ihr Kind mit seinen/ihren Mitschülern arbeitet, oder wie es alleine arbeitet
- Wie Ihr Kind sich bemüht, auch wenn es schwierig ist
- Wie gut Ihr Kind in der Schule oder Zuhause arbeitet

Die soziale und persönliche Entwicklung Ihres Kindes

- Ob Ihr Kind in der Schule glücklich zu sein scheint
- Wie er oder sie sich verhält
- Wie er oder sie sich mit den Klassenkameraden versteht im Klassenzimmer und auf dem Schulhof

Die Leistungen Ihres Kindes

- Die Leistungen Ihres Kindes in Englisch, Gaeilge, Mathematik und in anderen Fächern
- Ob er oder sie viel oder wenig Hilfe während der Klasse benötigt.
- Ob er oder sie viel oder wenig Hilfe mit den Hausaufgaben benötigt.

Auf www.ncca.ie können Sie sich ein Video über das Lernen von Kindern in der Grundschule ansehen.

Ihre Schlüsselrolle bei der Unterstützung Ihres Kindes

- Wie Sie Ihrem Kind helfen können, in der Schule besser voranzukommen
- Was Sie Zuhause tun können um das Lernen Ihres Kindes zu unterstützen.

Für nützliche Tipps zur Unterstüzung Ihres Kindes, gehen Sie zu www.ncca.ie .

Standardisierte Testergebnisse

- Das Ergebnis eines standardisierten Tests wird als Zahl angegeben.
 Die Schulen sind verpflichtet Ihnen die Ergebnise von standardisierten Tests Ihres Kindes in der 2., 4. und 6. Klasse mitzuteilen.
- Der Lehrer/in Ihres Kindes wird Ihnen eine Informationsbroschüre über standardisierte Tests und das Punktesystem zur Verfügung stellen.

Ein Merkblatt für Eltern über standardisierte Tests ist auf der NCCA website www.ncca.ie.

Bemerkungen

- Die Leistungen Ihres Kindes aus Sicht seines/ihres Lehrers.
- Eine Bemerkung zu einem bestimmten Aspekt des Zeugnisses, oder um Ihre Aufmerksamkeit auf etwas zu lenken, worüber er/sie gerne mit Ihnen sprechen würde.
- Spezifisches Lob Ihres Kindes für besondere Leistungen oder Fähigkeiten.





INFORMATIONSBROSCHÜRE FÜR ELTERN

Erklärung der möglicherweise im Zeugnis Ihres Kindes erscheinenden Begriffe

Englisch und Gaeilge

Hörverständnis - die Fähigkeit zu verstehen, was andere sagen.

Mündlicher Ausdruck - die Fähigkeit, klar und verständlich mit anderen zu sprechen.

Schreibvorbereitung - die Fertigkeiten, die Ihr Kind benötigt, bevor es selbst zu schreiben beginnt. Zum Beispiel die korrekte Stifthaltung, die Formung und Benennung der Buchstaben des Alphabets, das Erlangen des Verständnisses, dass Buchstaben Laute repräsentieren etc.

Lesevorbereitung - die Fertigkeiten, die Ihr Kind benötigt, bevor es selbst zu lesen beginnt. Zum Beispiel die Entwicklung eines Bewusstseins für die Laute einzelner Buchstaben, das Erlangen des Verständnisses, dass Wörter und Sätze von links nach rechts verlaufen und dass Bilder innerhalb eines Textes dessen Inhalt hervorheben etc.

Schriftlicher Ausdruck - die Fähigkeit, mit Sinn und Zweck zu schreiben.

Mathematik

Verständnis und Erinnerungsvermögen die Fähigkeit, ein mathematisches Konzept zu verstehen und sich an wichtige Fakten zu erinnern.

Anwendung von mathematischen Verfahren die Fähigkeit, klare, geeignete Schritte zur Berechnung einer Kalkulation oder zur Lösung eines mathematischen Problems zu befolgen.

Denkfähigkeit und Problemlösung - die Fähigkeit, Probleme anhand von mathematischen Kenntnissen zu lösen.

Erklärungsvermögen und Kommunikation die Fähigkeit, anderen den Denkansatz hinsichtlich der Lösung eines Problems zu vermitteln.





INFORMACIJA TĖVAMS

Jūsų vaiko mokyklos pažangumo pažyma

Mokslo metų pabaigoje jums bus atsiųsta jūsų vaiko mokyklos pažangumo pažyma.

Šioje pažymoje bus aprašytas jūsų vaiko pažangumas ir pasiekimai keturiose esminėse srityse. Tai yra:

A. vaiko sugebėjimas mokytis

- C. vaiko pažangumas atskiruose dalykuose
- B. vaiko socialinis ir asmeninis vystymasi
- D. jūsų paramos besimokančiam vaikui svarba

Pažymoje gali būti informacija apie:

vaiko sugebėjimas mokytis

- ar vaikui patinka mokytis mokykloje
- ar vaikui patinka mokytis kartu su kitais vaikais , ar jis/ji pasirenka individualų mokymasi
- kaip atkakliai vaikas mokosi net kai susiduria su sunkumais
- kaip jūsų vaikui sekasi mokytis mokykloje ir namuose

vaiko socialinis ir asmeninis vystymasis

- ar mokykloje vaikas atrodo laimingas
- vaiko elgesys
- kaip jūsų vaikui sekasi bendrauti su kitais vaikais klasėje ir žaidimų aikštelėje

vaiko pažangumas atskiruose dalykuose

- kaip vaikui sekasi mokytis anglų ir airių kalbų, matematiką bei kitus dėstomus dalykus
- ar jam/jai reikia daug/mažai pagalbos pamokų metu
- ar jūsų vaikui reikia daug/mažai pagalbos atliekant namų darbus

Galite pažiūrėti filmuotą medžiagą apie pradinę mokyklą šiuo adresu:

www.ncca.ie.

jūs ir jūsų vaiko mokymasis

- · kaip galite padėti vaikui mokytis
- pateiksime keletą patarimų kaip galite padėti savo vaikui įveikti sunkumus besimokant mokykloje

NCCA tinklalapyje rasite skirtingų patarimų kaip galite paremti ir padėti mokykloje besimokančiam vaikui. **www.ncca.ie**.

standartinių testų rezultatai

- standartinių testų rezultatas, išreikštas skaičiumi. Mokykla turi pateikti jums standartinių testų rezultatą, kai jūsų vaikas mokosi 2, 4 ir 6 klasėje
- jūsų vaiko mokytojas turi pateikti jums lankstinuką, paaiškinantį standartinius testus ir testų rezultatus

Daugiau informacijos apie standartinius testus rasite NCCA tinklalapyje šiuo adresu: www.ncca.ie.

komentarai

- mokytojo nuomonė apie tai, kaip jūsų vaikui sekasi
- pastaba dėl kažkurio pažymos aspekto ar dėl konkrečios srities apie kurią jis/ji norėtų su jumis pasišnekėti
- jūsų vaiko pagyrimas už pastebėtus pasiekimus arba geras savybes





INFORMACIJA TĖVAMS

Terminų, kurie gali būti naudojami jūsų vaiko mokyklos pažangumo pažymoje, paaiškinimas

Anglų ir airių kalbos

Supratimas iš klausos - gebėjimas suprasti, ką sako kiti.

Išraiška žodžiu - gebėjimas kalbėtis su kitais aiškiai ir veiksmingai.

Prieš pradedant rašyti - įgūdžiai reikalingi vaikui prieš pradedant rašyti pačiam (-iai). Pavyzdžiui, pieštuko laikymo būdas, abėcėlės raidžių sudarymas ir išvardijimas, žinojimas, kad raidės atitinka garsus ir t. t.

Prieš pradedant skaityti - įgūdžiai, reikalingi vaikui prieš pradedant skaityti pačiam (-iai). Pavyzdžiui, raides atitinkančių garsų supratimas, supratimas, kad žodžiai ir sakiniai skaitomi iš kairės į dešinę, supratimas, kad paveiksliukai tekste padeda suprasti prasmę ir t. t.

Išraiška raštu - sugebėjimas rašyti prasmingai ir sąmoningai.

Matematika

Supratimas ir atkūrimas - gebėjimas parodyti matematinių sąvokų supratimą ir prisiminti svarbius faktus.

Procedūrų naudojimas - gebėjimas naudoti aiškius ir tinkamus veiksmus, kad būtų apskaičiuota suma arba išspręstas matematinis uždavinys.

Samprotavimas ir uždavinių sprendimas gebėjimas naudoti matematikos žinias, kad uždavinys būtų išspręstas.

Aiškinimas ir informacijos perdavimas gebėjimas pasidalyti mintimis, kodėl uždavinys buvo sprendžiamas tam tikru būdu.





INFORMĀCIJA VECĀKIEM

Skolnieka liecība

Mācību gada beigās jūs saņemsiet bērna skolas liecību. Liecībā būs sniegta informācija par skolnieka sekmēm un sniegumu četrās galvenās jomās:

A. bērna skolas gaitas

- C. mācību programmas apguve kopumā
- B. bērna sociālā un personiskā attīstība
- D. vecāku loma bērna mācībās.

Šajā tabulā ir izskaidroti skolnieka liecībā lietotie termini

Bērna skolas gaitas

- bērna attieksme pret mācībām
- kā bērns sadarbojas ar citiem bērniem un strādā pats ar sevi
- kā bērns cenšas tikt galā ar uzdoto par spīti grūtībām
- cik labi bērns darbojas skolā vai mājās

Bērna sociālā un personiskā attīstība

- vai bērnam patīk iet skolā
- kāda ir bērna uzvedība
- cik labi bērns satiek ar citiem bērniem klases un ārpusklases nodarbībās

Mācību programmas apguve kopumā

- kādas ir skolnieka sekmes angļu valodā, īru valodā, matemātikā un citos priekšmetos
- cik daudz skolniekam nepieciešama palīdzība mājas darbos

Par bērnu mācībām pamatskolā varat noskatīties DVD vietnē www.ncca.ie.

Jūs un bērna mācību process

- kā jūs varētu palīdzēt uzlabot bērna sekmes skolā
- kā jūs mājās varētu palīdzēt bērnam mācīties

Padomus par to, kā palīdzēt bērnam mācīties, var atrast NCCA vietnē www.ncca.ie.

Standartizēto testu rezultāti

- standartizētās pārbaudes rezultāts ir skaitlis. Skolas pienākums ir iepazīstināt vecākus ar standartizētās pārbaudes rezultātiem 2., 4. un 6. klasē
- skolotājam jānodrošina vecāki ar informāciju, kurā ir izskaidrota standartizētā pārbaude un tās rezultāti.

Vecākiem domāto informāciju par standartizēto pārbaudi var atrast NCCA vietnē www.ncca.ie.

Piezīmes

- bērna sekmes no skolotāja viedokļa
- piezīme par kādu liecības aspektu, lai pievērstu jūsu uzmanību kādam jautājumam, par kuru skolotājs vēlas ar jums aprunāties
- uzslavas jūsu bērnam par īpašiem sasniegumiem vai kādu rakstura iezīmi.





INFORMĀCIJA VECĀKIEM

Paskaidrojumi terminiem, kas var tikt izmantoti jūsu bērna skolas sekmju lapā

Angļu valoda un īru valoda

Klausīšanās izpratne – spēja saprast, ko saka citi.

Mutvārdu saziņa — spēja runāt ar citiem skaidri un efektīvi.

Rakstīšanas vingrinājumi — prasmes, kas nepieciešamas, pirms bērns patstāvīgi sāk rakstīt. Piemēram, zīmuļa satveršana, alfabēta burtu veidošana un nosaukšana, sapratne, ka burti veido skaņas u.c.

Lasīšanas vingrinājumi — prasmes, kas nepieciešamas, pirms bērns sāk patstāvīgi lasīt. Piemēram, izpratnes attīstīšana par burtu skaņām, izpratne, ka vārdus un teikumus jāveido no kreisās puses uz labo pusi, izpratne, ka attēlu pievienošana tekstam pastiprina tā nozīmi u.c.

Rakstu valoda – spēja rakstīt ar jēgu un nolūku.

Matemātika

Sapratne un atmiņa — spēja parādīt izpratni par matemātikas jēgu un atcerēties svarīgus faktus.

Procedūru izmantošana – spēja veikt skaidras un atbilstošas darbības, lai veiktu saskaitīšanu un atrisinātu matemātikas uzdevumus.

Spriestspēja un uzdevumu risināšana – spēja izmantot matemātikas zināšanas, risinot uzdevumus.

Skaidrojums un komunicēšanās – spēja dalīties domās par to, kāpēc uzdevums tika risināts noteiktā veidā.





BULLETIN SCOLAIRE DE VOTRE ENFANT

Informations À L'usage Des Parents

Vous recevrez à la fin de l'année scolaire un ou plusieurs bulletins scolaires concernant votre enfant. Ce bulletin vous informera des progrès et résultats scolaires de votre enfant dans les quatre domaines clefs suivants :

- A. Votre enfant en tant qu'apprenant
- C. Performances de votre enfant sur l'ensemble du programme
- B. Développement social et personnel de votre enfant
- D. Votre rôle pour contribuer à l'apprentissage de votre enfant

Le tableau ci-dessous explique certains des termes contenus dans le bulletin de votre enfant :

Votre enfant en tant qu'apprenant

- Votre enfant aime-t-il apprendre à l'école?
- Comment votre enfant travaille-t-il avec d'autres enfants ou seul?
- Votre enfant fait-il des efforts, même lorsque c'est difficile?
- Comment travaille votre enfant à l'école et à la maison?

Développement social et personnel de votre enfant

- Votre enfant semble-t-il heureux à l'école ?
- Quel est son comportement?
- Comment s'entend-il avec les autres enfants dans la classe et dans la cour de récréation?

Performances de votre enfant sur l'ensemble du programme

- Comment s'en sort-il en anglais, gaélique, maths, et dans les autres matières ?
- A-t-il/elle besoin d'un peu ou de beaucoup d'aide pour faire son travail scolaire ?
- A-t-il/elle besoin d'un peu ou de beaucoup d'aide pour faire ses devoirs ?

Un DVD sur l'apprentissage des enfants à l'école primaire est disponible sur le site www.ncca.ie.

Vous et l'apprentissage de votre enfant

- Comment pouvez-vous aider votre enfant à faire des progrès à l'école ?
- Que pouvez-vous faire à la maison pour contribuer à l'apprentissage de votre enfant ?

Des fiches pratiques sur les différentes manières d'aider votre enfant à apprendre sont disponibles sur le site de NCCA **www.ncca.ie** .

Résultats de tests standardisés

- les résultats d'un test standardisé qui apparaîtront sous la forme d'un chiffre. Les écoles doivent communiquer les résultats du test standardisé lorsque votre enfant se trouve dans la classe de deuxième, quatrième et sixième primaire.
- l'enseignant de votre enfant doit en principe vous fournir une brochure vous expliquant le test standardisé et les scores de test.

Des renseignements à l'usage des parents sur les tests standardisés sont disponibles sur le site de NCCA **www.ncca.ie** .

Commentaires

- Espace dans lequel le professeur de votre enfant peut écrire un commentaire personnel.
- Ce commentaire peut porter sur un aspect du bulletin, ou bien attirer votre attention sur un sujet sur lequel il/elle souhaiterait vous parler.
- Le professeur peut utiliser cet espace pour attirer votre attention ou pour complimenter votre enfant sur une performance ou une qualité particulières.





BULLETIN SCOLAIRE DE VOTRE ENFANT

Explication de termes susceptibles d'être utilisés dans le bulletin scolaire de votre enfant

Anglais et gaélique

Compréhension orale - la capacité à comprendre ce qui est dit par les autres

Expression orale - la capacité à parler à d'autres d'une manière claire et efficace.

Pré-écriture - les compétences requises avant d'écrire tout seul. Par exemple, tenir son crayon, former et nommer les lettres de l'alphabet, apprendre que les lettres représentent des sons etc.

Pré- lecture - les compétences requises avant qu'il/elle lise tout/e seul/e. Par exemple, développer la prise de conscience des sons des lettres, comprendre que les mots et les phrases vont de gauche à droite, comprendre que les images dans le texte aident à la compréhension etc.

Expression écrite - la capacité d'écrire avec un sens et un but.

Mathématiques

Comprendre et se rappeler - la capacité à démontrer une compréhension d'une idée mathématique et de se souvenir de faits importants.

Utiliser des méthodes - la capacité à utiliser des méthodes claires et appropriées pour faire une addition ou résoudre un problème de maths.

Raisonnement et résolution de problèmesla capacité à utiliser ses connaissances en mathématiques pour résoudre des problèmes.

Expliquer et communiquer - la capacité à partager et communiquer les raisons pour lesquelles un problème a été abordé d'une manière particulière.





家长手册

您孩子的学校成绩报告单

您将于学年末从您孩子的学校收到书面成绩报告单。这份报告单将向您提供有关您孩子在 校内在四个关键方面的进展和成绩。它们是:

A. 孩子作为学习者的情况

- C. 孩子所有课程的学习情况
- B. 孩子的社交和个人发展情况
- D. 您在支持孩子学习方面所起的关键作用

下面的表格解释了您孩子成绩报告单上的某些术语。

孩子作为学习者 的情况

- 孩子在学校对学习的喜爱程度
- 孩子与其他孩子合作,以及独立学习时的表现
- 孩子在学习中即使遇到困难也不气馁的精神
- 孩子在校或在家的学习情况

孩子的社交和个 人发展情况

- 孩子在学校显得快乐吗
- 他/她表现如何
- 他/她在课堂和操场上与其他孩子相处的如何

孩子各科课程的 学习情况

- 他/她在英语、爱尔兰语、数学及其它科目上进展如何
- 他/她在学校作业上是否需要少量或大量帮助
- 您的孩子在家庭作业上是否需要少量或大量帮助

您可登录以下网站,观看有关孩子小学学习的 DVD www.ncca.ie.

您如何能够更好 地支持孩子的学 习

- 您如何能够帮助孩子在学校做得更好
- 为帮助孩子的学习,您在家所能做的事情

如需有关您如何能够帮助孩子学习的小贴士列表,请查看 NCCA 网站 www.ncca.ie.

标准化测试结果

- 以数字表示的标准化测试结果。在孩子上二、四、六年级时, 学校必须将标准化测试结果告知家长。
- 您孩子的老师应提供给您一份宣传单,解释标准化测试和测试分数

如需有关给家长的标准化测试宣传单,请查看 NCCA 网站 www.ncca.ie

评语

- 孩子的老师认为他/她表现如何
- 一条有关成绩报告单某个方面的评语,也许是吸引您注意老师希望与您讨论的某些事宜
- 对某项成就或素质对您的孩子进行具体表扬





给父母的更

全面建议





子女成绩单可能使用的术语释义

英语和爱尔兰语

听力理解-理解他人讲话内容的能力。

口头表达-清楚、有效地与他人交谈的能力。

书写前技能 - 学生自己书写之前所需的技能。例如,握笔、读写字母、了解字母代表发音等等。

阅读前技能 - 学生自己阅读之前所需的技能。例如,培养字母发音的意识、明白句子是从左到右的顺序、明白文字中的图片增添含义等等。

书面表达-有意义、有目的书写的能力。

数学

理解和记忆 - 表现出理解数学概念,并记住重要事实的能力。

采用步骤 - 利用清晰、适当的步骤解答求和或解决数学问题的能力。

推理和问题解决 - 利用数学知识解决问题的能力。

解释和沟通 - 就为什么某个问题要以某种特定方式 解答分享思路的能力。



St. Michael's School

St. Michael's School Holy Angels, Glenmaroon, Chapelizod, Dublin 20.

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www.stmichaelsholyangels.ie



www.ncca.ie/parents



Annual Report Card

September 2011 - June 2012

Name:						Mathematics	*	*	*	*	*	How you can further support your child
						Number and Pattern						learning
Class:						Time						
		,				Money						
Rarely Sometimes Most	t of the	e time ⁽	Al ₂	ways		Lenght/Weight/Capacity						
Your child as	a le	arne	r			Finding & Recording Information						
		00		(0.0		Shape and Space						
												(If Applicable) Your child is working with
Interested in learning												(ii Applicable) Your Clind is working with
Listens carefully		_										-
Works well independently												
Keeps trying even when tasks are diff	licult											
V												
Your child's social and po	erso	\circ		_								
		(00)										
Happy at school		Ť		Ť								My learning in school
Behaves well in class						6 115 1		Ι	1			, ,
Mixes well with other children						Social, Environmental and Scientific Education	*	*	*	*	\star	
Sensitive to others' feelings								-				
Behaves well in the playground						History		-				
Manages and expresses own feelings	well					Geography		1				
						Science						
Your child's learning	g dur	ing t	the ye	ar		Arts Education	*	*	*	*	*	Comments
Needs a lot of help ★ Needs a little					ndently	Music						
Demonstrates understanding 🖈 Sho	ows de	eep un	derstan	ding		Drama						
English	*	*	. *	*	$\cdot \mid \bigstar \mid$	Visual Arts						
Communicating		+		+ '	+ 1	Choir						
Listening		+								-		
Speaking		+			+ +		*	*	*	*	\star	
Reading		+				Physical Education					'	
Writing						Social, Personal & Health		+			 	Attendance Punctuality
						Education						
						Religious Education						
						Computers						Teacher:
						Home Economics (Age 12/13+)						Principal:
						Woodwork (Age 12/13+)						Date:

Ainm <i>Name</i> :_		
Rang Class:		

Do pháiste mar fhogh Your child as a leal	rner			
	Go hannamh <i>Rarely</i>	Uaireanta Sometimes	De ghnáth Most of the time	l gcónaí Always
Spéis san fhoghlaim Interested in learning				
Éisteann go cúramach Listens attentively				
Oibríonn go maith ina (h)aonar Works well independently				
Oibríonn go maith le páistí eile Works well with other children				
Coinníonn leis an tasc fiú nuair a bhíonn sé deacair Keeps trying even when tasks are difficult				
Déanann obair bhaile ar ardchaighdeán Homework is of high quality				
Cuireann obair i láthair go cúramach Presents work carefully				

Forás sóisialta agus pearsa Your child's social and persona	al dev	elopn	nent	
	Go hannamh <i>Rarely</i>	Uaireanta Sometimes	De ghnáth Most of the time	l gcónaí Alwavs
Sona ar scoil <i>Happy at school</i>				
Dea-iompar sa rang Behaves well in class				
Dea-chaidreamh le páistí eile Mixes well with other children				
logair do mhothúcháin páistí eile Sensitive to others' feelings				
Dea-iompar sa chlós Behaves well in the playground				
Dea-bhainistiú agus dea-léiriú a m(h)othúchán féin Manages and expresses own feelings well				

Gaelscoil Eoghain Uí Thuairisc



Gaelscoil Eoghain Uí Thuairisc, Garran na Fuinseoige, Ceatharlach.

059 9131634

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www.ncca.ie/tuismitheoiri

Cárta Tuairisce Bliantúil Annual Report Card

Meán Fómhair 2011 -Meitheamh 2012 September 2011 - June 2012

Mar a d'fhoghlaim do pháiste i gcaitheamh na bliana

Your child's learning during the year

- 1 Deacrachtaí móra aici/aige Experiencing significant difficulty
- 2 Roinnt deacrachtaí Experiencing some difficulty
- 3 Ag éirí go maith léi/leis *Managing comfortably*
- 4 Cumasach agus inniúil Capable and competent
- 5 An-chumasach agus an-inniúil *Highly capable and competent*

Gaeilge Irish	1	2	3	4	5
Tuiscint ó chluas Listening comprehension					
Cur in iúl ó bhéal <i>Oral expression</i>					
(Réamh) Léitheoireacht (Pre) Reading					
(Réamh) Scríbhneoireacht (Pre) Writing					

Béarla English	1	2	3	4	5
Tuiscint ó chluas Listening comprehension					
Cur in iúl ó bhéal <i>Oral expression</i>					
Léitheoireacht <i>Reading</i>					
Cur in iúl scríofa Written expression					

Matamaitic Mathematics	1	2	3	4	5
Tuiscint agus athchuimhne Understanding and recalling					
Úsáid modhanna oibre Using procedures					
Réasúnaíocht agus fadhbréiteach Reasoning and problem solving					
Míniú agus cur in iúl Explaining and communicating					

Oideachas Sóisialta, Imshaoil agus Eolaíochta Social, Environmental and Scientific Education	1	2	3	4	5
Stair History					
Tíreolaíocht <i>Geography</i>					
Eolaíocht <i>Science</i>					
Oideachas Ealaíon <i>Arts Education</i>	1	2	3	4	5
Ceol <i>Music</i>					
Drámaíocht <i>Drama</i>					
Na hAmharcealaíona Visual Arts					
	1	2	3	4	5
Corpoideachas Physical Education					
Oideachas Sóisialta, Pearsanta & Sláinte Social, Personal & Health Education					
Oideachas Reiligiúin/Eitice Religious/Ethical Education					

Conas cur leis an tacaíocht a thugann tú do	do
pháiste ina c(h)uid foghlama	

How you can further support your child's learning

nai trialatii	a caighdd	eánaithe	(más cuí)
Standardised	test result	ts (if applic	able)
os cionn an mhoá	in 7 Moánac	hard 5.6 Ma	ánach 4 Moánac
OS CIOIIII all IIIIIlea	iii, / iviealiac		
ł			Standardised test results (if applic

Nótaí Tráchta Comments						
Tinreamh Attendance	Poncúlacht Punctuality					
	,					

Múinteoir <i>Teacher</i> :		
Príomhoide <i>Principal</i> :		
Dáta Dato:		

Gaelscoil Na Lochanna

ag foghlaim le chéile



Gaelscoil Na Lochanna Cill Moloma Baile Coimín Co. Chill Mhantáin

045-900525, 087-9388651

gaelscoilnalochanna@hotmail.com

www.gaelscoilnalochanna.com



www.ncca.ie/tuismitheoiri



Cárta Tuairisce Bliantúil

Meán Fómhair 2011 -Meitheamh 2012

Ainm:						Béarla	*	*	*	*	*	Conas cur leis an tacaíocht a thugann tú do do
Rang:						Tuiscint ó chluas						pháiste ina c(h)uid foghlama
		(00	2)			Cur in iúl ó bhéal						
Go hannamh Uaireanta De g	hnáth	h 😉	d I gc	cónaí		Léitheoireacht						
Do pháiste mar fhog	hlai	me	oir			Cur in iúl scríofa						
				(°°)						•		
Spéis san fhoghlaim		_	<u> </u>		J.							
Éisteann go cúramach												Torthaí trialacha caighdeánaithe (más cuí)
Oibríonn go maith ina (h)aonar												
Oibríonn go maith le páistí eile												
Coinníonn leis an tasc fiú nuair a bhíonn sé deacair	ģ					Matamaitic	*	*	*	*	*	
Déanann obair bhaile ar ardchaighdeán						Tuiscint agus athchuimhne						8-10 l bhfad os cionn an mheáin, 7 Meánach ard, 5-6 Meánach, 4 Meánach
Cuireann obair i láthair go cúramach						Úsáid modhanna oibre						íseal, 1-3 l bhfad faoin meán
Fauta atiaialta auus masus				4:24		Réasúnaíocht agus fadhbréiteach						
Forás sóisialta agus pearsa	inte	00) bug			Míniú agus cur in iúl						Múinteóireacht tacaíochta foghlama /
	(-	<u>••</u>)	$(\overset{\circ}{\circ})$		(e)			•		•		Múinteóireacht acmhainní
Sona ar scoil				0.000								
Dea-iompar sa rang												
Dea-chaidreamh le páistí eile												
Íogair do mhothúcháin páistí eile												
Dea-iompar sa chlós												
Dea-bhainistiú agus dea-léiriú a m(h)othúchán féin						Oideachas Sóisialta, Imshaoil agus Eolaíochta	*	*	*	*	*	Nótaí Tráchta
						Stair						
Mar a d'fhoghlaim do pháiste bliana	eıg	jcai	ithea	amh	na	Tíreolaíocht						
						Eolaíocht						
 ★ Deacrachtaí móra aici/aige ★ Roinnt deac ★Ag éirí go maith léi/leis ★ Cumasach agu 												
★ An-chumasach agus an-inniúil	3 111111	iuii				Oideachas Ealaíon	*	*	*	*	*	
_		.				Ceol						
Gaeilge *		*	*	*	*	Drámaíocht						
Tuiscint ó chluas						Na hAmharcealaíona						Tinreamh Poncúlacht
Cur in iúl ó bhéal						Na HAIIIIaicealaiona						
(Réamh) Léitheoireacht							*	*	*	_	1	
(Réamh) Scríbhneoireacht						Corpoideachas		<u> </u>	_	*	*	Múinteoir:
						-						
						Oideachas Sóisialta, Pearsanta & Sláinte						Príomhoide:
						Oideachas Reiligiúin/Eitice						Dáta:

Mercy School, Wexford.





The Mercy School, Wexford, is a community which is proud of its Catholic tradition as handed down by the Sisters of Mercy. We are committed to developing each child's full potential in a positive, supportive and Christian environment. We invite everyone to participate and we urge everyone to contribute.

Mercy School St. John's Road, Wexford

0539123294

officemercy@gmail.com

mercywexford.scoilnet.ie



www.ncca.ie/parents



Annual Report Card Class:

Name: _			
Class:			

Your child as a learner								
	Rarely	Sometimes	Most of the time	Always				
Interested in learning								
Listens attentively								
Works well independently								
Works well with other children								
Keeps trying even when tasks are difficult								
Homework is completed on time								
Presents work carefully								

Your child's social and personal development						
rour Child's Social and persona	ar de					
	Rarely	Sometimes	Most of the time	Always		
Appears happy at school						
Behaves well in class						
Mixes well with other children						
Sensitive to others' feelings						
Behaves well in the playground						
Manages and expresses own feelings well						

Your child's learning during the year

- 1 Experiencing significant difficulty 2 Experiencing some difficulty
- 3 Managing comfortably 4 Capable and competent
- 5 Highly capable and competent

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					
English	1	2	3	4	5
Listening					
Oral language					
Reading/Pre-Reading					
Writing					
Phonics/Sounds					
Letter formation					
Gaeilge	1	2	3	4	5
Éisteacht (Listening)					
Labhairt (Oral expression)					
Mathematics	1	2	3	4	5
Understanding					
Using procedures & methods					
Reasoning and problem solving					
Social, Environmental and Scientific Education	1	2	3	4	5
History					
Geography					
Science					
Arts Education	1	2	3	4	5
Music					
Drama					
Visual Arts					
					_
	1	2	3	4	5
Physical Education					
Social, Personal & Health Education					
Religious Education					

How you can further support your child's learning					
My learnin	ng in school				
Comments					
Attendance	Punctuality				
Teacher:]				
Principal:					
Date:					

Name:			
Class:			
-			 _
_			

Always Most of the time Sometimes Rarely

Always Viviost of the time Vivios							
Your child as a learner							
		(i)	(i)	(<u>•</u> •			
Interested in learning							
Listens attentively							
Works well independently							
Works well with other children							
Keeps trying even when tasks are difficult							
Homework completed to his/her ability							
Presents work carefully							

Happy at school Behaves well in class Mixes well with other children	
Behaves well in class	
Mixes well with other children	
Sensitive to others' feelings	
Behaves well in the playground	
Manages and expresses own feelings well	

Ní neart go cur le chéile



Behymore National School Ballina. Co.Mayo.

096 70469

beheymorens.scoilnet.ie/



www.ncca.ie/parents

Behymore N.S. Ballina



Annual Report Card

September 2011 - June 2012

Your child's learning during the year

- ★ Highly capable and competent★ Capable and competent★ Managing comfortably★ Experiencing some difficulty
- ★ Experiencing significant difficulty

English	*	*	*	*	*
Understands what is said by others					
Talks to others in a clear and effective way					
Reading					
Word attack skills					
Independent writing					
Handwriting					

Gaeilge	*	*	*	*	*
Understands what is said by others					
Talks to others in a clear and effective way					
Singing, rhymes, language games					

Mathematics	*	*	*	*	*
Understands mathematical ideas					
Uses knowledge of maths to solve problems					
Recalls mathematical facts					
Mental maths					

Social, Environmental and Scientific Education	*	*	*	*	*
History					
Geography					
Science					

Arts Education	*	*	*	*	*
Music					
Drama					
Visual Arts					

	*	*	*	*	*
Physical Education					
Social, Personal & Health Education					
Religious Education					

How you can	further support your child's learning

Standardised test results (if applicable	S	tand	ard	ised	test	resul	ts ((if	app	lical	bl	e)
--	---	------	-----	------	------	-------	------	-----	-----	-------	----	---	---

8-10 Well above average, 7 High average, 5-6 Average, 4 Low average, 1-3 Well below average

Other	school	or	class	tests

	Learning support/resource teaching					

My learning in school						

Comn	nents
Attendance	Punctuality
Attenuance	runctuality

Teacher:			
Principal:			
Date:			

Mercy School, Wexford



Ar Aghaidh Linn Le Chéile.

The Mercy School, Wexford, is a community which is proud of its Catholic tradition as handed down by the Sisters of Mercy. We are committed to developing each child's full potential in a positive, supportive and Christian environment. We invite everyone to participate and we urge everyone to contribute.

Mercy School St. John's Rd., Wexford

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Annual Report Card

Name: _			
Class:			

Your child as a lea	rner			
	Rarely	Sometimes	Most of the time	Always
Interested in learning				
Listens attentively				
Works well independently				
Works well with other children				
Keeps trying even when tasks are difficult				
Homework is completed on time				
Presents work carefully				

Your child's social and personal development								
	Rarely	Sometimes	Most of the time	Always				
Appears happy at school								
Behaves well in class								
Mixes well with other children								
Sensitive to others' feelings								
Behaves well in the playground								
Manages and expresses own feelings well								

Your child's learning during the year

- 1 Experiencing significant difficulty 2 Experiencing some difficulty
- 3 Managing comfortably 4 Capable and competent
- 5 Highly capable and competent

3 , 1					
English	1	2	3	4	5
Listening comprehension					
Oral expression					
Reading					
Written expression					
Comprehension					
Handwriting					

Gaeilge	1	2	3	4	5
Éisteacht (Listening)					
Labhairt (Oral expression)					
Léamh (Reading)					
Scríobh (Writing)					
Mathematics	1	2	3	4	5
Understanding					
Using procedures & methods					
Reasoning and problem solving					
Explaining and communicating					
Social, Environmental and Scientific Education	1	2	3	4	5
History					
Geography					
Science					
Arts Education	1	2	3	4	5
Music					
Drama					
Visual Arts					
	1	2	3	4	5
Physical Education					
Social, Personal & Health Education					
Religious/Ethical Education					

How you can further support your child's learning	

Standardised test results (if applicable)	
	_

8-10 Well above average, 7 High average, 5-6 Average, 4 Low average, 1-3 Well below average

My learning in school	(e)	(i)
Behaviour		
Classwork		
Homework		
Getting on with others		

Comments									
Attendance	Punctuality								

Teacher:			
Principal:_			
Date:			

Scoil Mháthair Dé



Scoil Mháthair Dé South Circular Road Limerick

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Annual Report Card

5th Class

September 2011 - June 2012

Name:						Gaeilge	1	2	3	4	5	How you can further support your child's
Class:						Listening comprehension						learning
Your child as a	leai	rner				Oral expression						
rour enna as a r	Cai		Ń	ē		(Pre) Reading						
		Rarely	time	of th	Always	(Pre) Writing						
		Rai	Sometimes	Most of the time	AM							
Interested in learning			S	2								
Listens attentively												
Works well independently												
Works well with other children												Standardised test results
Keeps trying even when tasks are difficul	t						$\overline{}$	1				
Homework is of high quality						Mathematics	1	2	3	4	5	
Presents work carefully						Understanding and recalling						
						Using procedures						
Your child's social and pers	ona	al de	velo			Reasoning and problem solving						
		<u>></u>	mes	f the	ys	Explaining and communicating						
		Rarely	Sometimes	Most of the time	Always							8-10 Well above average, 7 High average, 5-6 Average, 4 Low average, 1-
			So	ĕ								Well below average
Happy at school												Comments
Behaves well in class												Comments
Mixes well with other children												
Sensitive to others' feelings												
Behaves well in the playground						Social, Environmental and			_		Ι_	
Manages and expresses own feelings we	11					Scientific Education	1	2	3	4	5	
Your child's learning d	urir	aa th	00 V0	ar		History						
						Geography						
1 Experiencing significant difficulty 2 Expe 3 Managing comfortably 4 Capable and co			ome ai	πιсиιτу		Science						
5 Highly capable and competent	ompe	ctent									1	
English	1	2	3	4	5	Arts Education	1	2	3	4	5	
			ļ -	-	-	Music						
Listening comprehension						Drama						Attendance Punctuality
Oral expression Reading						Visual Arts						rectionity
Written expression												
Witten expression							1	2	3	4	5	Toolon
						Physical Education	$oxed{oxed}$					Teacher:
						Social, Personal & Health Education						Principal: Ells O'Sulliwaw
						Religious/Ethical Education						Date: